TM 5-4930-227-14

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL MANUAL

OPERATOR, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) FSN 4930-877-8678

This copy is a reprint which includes current pages from Changes 2 through 13.

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

JUNE 1969

BEFORE OPERATION

When hose reel is turned to remove the hose, the recoil spring tension is increased. Before performing maintenance on the hose reel, carefully rewind reel to release spring tension.

Do not operate the pumping assembly in an inclosed area, unless the exhaust gases are piped to the outside. Continued breathing of exhaust fumes is dangerous and may be fatal.

Do not smoke or use an open flame within 50 feet of the tank and pump unit.

When filling the fuel tank, always provide a metal-to-metal contact between the container and the fuel tank. This will prevent a spark from being generated as fuel flows over the metallic surfaces,

Do not operate the tank and pump unit until it has been properly grounded.

DURING OPERATION

Do not fill the fuel tank while the engine is in operation. Gasoline spilled on a hot engine may explode and cause severe injury to personnel. Stop engine and allow to cool before refueling.

Do not operate the engine in an inclosed area, unless the exhaust gases are piped to the outside. Continued breathing of exhaust fumes is dangerous and may be fatal.

Do not smoke or use an open flame around the tank and pump unit.

When dispensing fuel, attend the nozzles constantly; do not wedge open or block the control lever.

AFTER OPERATION

Do not smoke or use an open flame around the tank and pump unit.

When filling the fuel tank, always provide a metal-to-metal contact between the container and fuel tank.

Clean tanks before repair, shipping or storage.

Refer to TB 1047, February 1963, and paragraph 6-9 of this manual before attempting any weld repairs on fuel tanks.

Extreme caution must be observed in transporting filled tanks by truck. Refer to maximum load limits.

Do not drain flammable liquid into body of transporting vehicle.

HEADQUARTERS 13 APARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D. C., 9 NOVEMBER 1992

CHANGE

NO. 13

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) NSN 4930-00-877-8678

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited

TM 5-4930-227-14, 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

Page 2-1. Paragraph 2-3a is rescinded.

Page 2-1. Paragraph 2-3b is superseded as follows.

(1) Lower tailgate of truck and remove tarpaulin, bows, and racks with seat.

(2) Refer to figure 2-2 and install the tank and pumping assembly in truck.

(3) Secure tanks and pumping assembly to sides of truck bed with horizontal tie down assemblies. Hand tight only.

Page 2-2. Figure 2-1 is rescinded.

Page 3-7 Table 3-2.1 Troubleshooting (Con't). 9.1 is added after malfunction 9

TITLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
9.1 AM reception is poor	Static from electrical/ electronic equipment	a. Turn off electrical motor driven unit to see if quality of communica- tion reception improves.b. If quality of reception improves, notify organizational maintenance to test further.

The following pages are added after Appendix C:

APPENDIX D

EXPENDABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST

SECTION I. INTRODUCTION

D-1. SCOPE

This appendix lists expendable supplies and materials you will need to operate and maintain the Tank and Pump Unit. These items are authorized to you by CTA 50-970, Expendable Items (Except Medical, Class V, Repair Parts, and Heraldic Items).

D-2. EXPLANATION OF COLUMNS

a. Column(1) - Item Number. This number is assigned to the entry in the listing and is referenced in the narrative instructions to identify the material (e.g. "Use cleaning compound, item S, App. D").

- b. Column (2) Level. This column identifies the lowest level of maintenance that requires the listed item.
 - C Operator/Crew
 - O Organizational Maintenance
 - F Direct Support Maintenance
 - H General Support Maintenance

c. Column (3) - National Stock Number. This is the National stock number assigned to the item: use it to request or requisition the item.

d. Column (4) - Description. Indicates the Federal item name, and, if required, a description to identify the item. The last line for each item indicates the part number followed by Federal Supply Code for Manufacturer (FSCM) in parentheses followed by the part number.

e. Column (5) - Unit of Measure (U/M). Indicates the measure used in performing the actual maintenance function. This measure is expressed by two - character alphabetical abbreviations (e.g., ea, in, pr). If the unit of measure differs from the unit of issue, requisition the lowest unit of issue that will satisfy your requirements.

APPENDIX D

Section II. EXPENDABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST.

(1) ITEM NUMBER	(2) LEVEL	(3) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	(4) DESCRIPTION	(5) U/M
1	0	6950-00-281-1985	Dry cleaning Solvent, P-D-680	GAL
2	С	9150-00-190-0904	Grease, Automotive and Artillery, GAA, MIL-G-I0924	LB
3	С	9150-00-188-9864	Lubricating Oil, OE HDO, MIL-L-2104C	QT
4	0	7930-00-526-2919	Detergent, General Purpose Liquid 5 gal. pail	GAL
5	0	3439-00-555-4629	Solder, Tin Alloy (81348) SN60WRAP20.0321	LB
6	0	8030-00-889-3535	Tape Antiseize 11-1/2" X 260" (18876)11072502 (81349) MIL-T-27730	RL
7	F	6810-00-281-1850	Trisodium - Phosphate (81348) O-S-642D	LB
8	0	8030-00-543-4384	SEALING COMPOUND (81349) MIL-S-7916	LB
9	0	6850-00-880-7616	SILICONE COMPOUND (81 349) MIL-S-8660	EA

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

Official:

Mitta A. Samethe

MILTON H. HAMILTON Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army 02972

DISTRIBUTION: To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25-E, block no. 1720, requirements for TM 5-4930-227-14.

GORDON R. SULLIVAN General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Changes in force: C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, and C11

TM 5-4930-227-14 C 11

CHANGE

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C., 22 May 1991

NO. 11

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) NSN 4930-00-877-8678

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited

TM 5-4930-227-14, 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

Page 2–12, paragraph 2–9c(2). Add the following note immediately aafter paragraph 2–9c(2):

NOTE

Continuous operation of the motor for more than 30 minutes will cause the thermo protector to activate. The motor will then shut off until it has cooled down.

Page 3–3, Table 3–1 and 3–2 are superseded as follows:

Table 3-1. Operator/Crew Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services

NOTE

Within designated interval, these checks are to be performed in the order listed.

				B - Before	D - During	A - After	
ltem No.	B	nterv D	al A	Item to be Inspected	Procedu Check for and ha or adjusted as r	ve repaired	Equipment is Not Ready/ Available if:
1	•			Tank and Pump Unit	NOTI Perform lubricatio or in conjunction v PMCS. Refer to L 12. Keep the engli free of dirt and oil external surfaces. Make the following wa checks: a. Inspect engine, pu and reel assemblies for of leakage (oil and fuel) around, or under the ut b. Check for loose, d missing hardware and	E in prior to vith before O 5-4320-227- ne and pump on all k around imp, tanks, r evidence) on, nit. amaged, or	Class III oil leaks or any fuel leakage found. Missing engine shrouding or broken sight glass on the separator.
					c. Check grounding of broken cables or clips corrosion. NOT During starting an check for unusual rough running, lac excessive smoke, power. Check for or exhaust leaks. (any indication of a or defective comp	and for E d operation noise, k of power, and loss of fuel, oil, Check for i failing	Corroded or broken cables or clips.

Table 3-1.	Operator/Crew P	Preventive Maintenance Checks	and Services — Continued
	B - Before	D - During	A - After

					Procedures	Equipment is
Item No.	lr B	D	al A	Item to be Inspected	Check for and have repaired or adjusted as necessary	Not Ready/ Available if:
2		•		Filter/ Separator	Monitor as follows:	
					a. Check sight glass and drain water as required.	
					b. Check discharge (upper) gage and inlet (lower) gage. Replace filter elements when discharge (upper) gage indicates 20 psi less than inlet (lower) gage with engine at full throttle and both nozzles open. (para 3-34).	
3			•	Engine Fuel Tank		
					WARNING	
					Do not fill fuel tank when engine is running or hot.	
					Fill fuel tank.	
4	•		•	Intervehicle Power Cable (EMD)	Check cable assembly and connector for damage.	
5	•		•	ON-OFF Switch Cable Assembly (EMD)	Check switch for proper operation. Check cable and connector for damage.	

Table 3-2. Organizational Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services

Q - Quarterly

M - Monthly

Item [Interval				Item to be	
No.	QM		Inspected	Procedures		
				WARNING		
			Disconnect interveh ing or replacing elec	icle cable from vehicle before maintain- trical components.		
1	•		Hoses	Check hoses for breaks, cracks, cuts, and worn areas. Replace damaged hoses. (para 3-35)		
2	٠		Ground Cables	Check cables for worn or frayed condition. Replace worn or frayed cables. (para 3-37)		
3	٠		Tank Manhole Assembly	Check as follows:		
				a. Check vent assembly for dirt or damage. Clean or replace dirty or damaged vent assembly. (para 3-42)		
				b. Check for cracked or broken manhole cover gaskets. (para 3-42)		
4		•	Intervehicle Power Cable (EMD)	Check cable assembly and connector for damage. Test for continuity. Replace defective part.		
5		•	ON-OFF Switch Cable Assembly (EMD)	Check switch for proper operation. Check cable and connector for damage. Replace switch and cable assembly or defective connector.		
6		•	Electric Motor (EMD)	Check for proper connection or loose mounting hardware. Check for proper operation. If monitor is defective, notify Direct Support Maintenance.		
7		•	Electrical Junction Box (EMD)	Check for damaged receptacles, housing or cover gasket. Inspect relay switch inside junction box for loose or corroded terminals and connectors. Clean corroded connections, replace defective parts.		
8			Vehicle Power Supply (EMD)	Check batteries on transporting vehicle to assure adequate power supply for operation of electric motor (Refer to appropiate TM for transporting vehicle.)		

Appendix C Section III. Basic Issue Items is superseded as follows:

(1) ILLUS./ ITEM NO.	(2) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	(3) DESCRIPTION FSCM AND PART NUMBER	(4) U/M	(5) QTY RQR
C-1/1	4930-01-159-4437	Adapter Assembly, Water Detector (97403) 13220E9406-3	EA	1
C-1/2	4930-01-169-5287	Adapter Probe, Water Detector Kit (97403) 13220E9914-3	EA	1
C-1/3	5975-01-050-5707	Ground Rod	EA	1

SECTION III. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS

Appendix D, Additional Authorization List, is added immediately after Appendix C, Components of End Item and Basic Issue Item List:

APPENDIX D ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST

SECTION I. INTRODUCTION

D-1. SCOPE

This addendix lists additional items you are authorized for the support of the Tank and Pump Unit.

D-2. GENERAL

This list identifies items that do not have to accompany the Tank and Pump Unit and that do not have to be turned in with it. These items are all authorized to you by CTA, MTOE, TDA, or JTA.

D-3. EXPLANATION OF LISTING

National stock numbers, descriptions, and quantities are provided to help you identify and request the additional items you require to support this equipment. The items are listed in alphabetical sequence by item name under the type document (i.e., CTA, MTOE, TDA, or JTA) which authorizes the item(s) to you.

(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)
NATIONAL	DESCRIP	TION		
NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	FSCM & PART NUMBER	USABLE ON CODE	U/M	QTY AUTH
	MTOE AUTHOR	ZED ITEMS		
5120-01-013- 1676	Slide Hammer Kit		EA	1

SECTION II. ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

CARL E. VUONO General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

THOMAS F. SIKORA Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

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TM 5-4930-227-14 C-10

CHANGE

No. 10

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, DC, 31 May 1988

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) NSN 4930-00-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14, June 1969 is changed as follows:

Inside front cover is superseded as follows:

WARNING

When hose reel is turned to remove hose, the recoil spring tension is increased.

Before performing maintenance on the hose reel, carefully unwind reel to release sprint tension.

Do not disassemble spring housing assembly.

The spring is under tension and can cause serious injury or death if disassembled improperly. Repair of spring housing assembly is by replacement only.

WARNING

FLAMMABLE FUEL

DEATH or serious injury may result if personnel fail to observe safety precautions.

Do not smoke or use open flame within 50 feet (15.24 meters) of the tank and pump unit.

Be sure proper grounding procedures have been followed prior to operating the equipment.

Do not refuel the GED pump assembly fuel can while the engine is operating; stop engine and allow to cool before refueling.

If fuel is spilled, wash the area of spillage thoroughly with water.

After refueling operation is completed, replace the filler cap securely before removing the nozzle bonding wire.

WARNING

Operation of this equipment presents a noise hazard to personnel in the area. The noise level exceeds the allowable limits for unprotected personnel. Wear ear muffs or earplugs which were fitted by a trained professional.

WARNING

All aircraft fuel must be dispensed through a filter/separator unit. It is mandatory that the performance of filter/separators on all aircraft refueling equipment be checked every 30 days through submission of samples taken from the effluent stream of the filter/separator.

WARNING

DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY may result if personnel fail to heed Safety Precautions for welding. Prior to welding, read welding instructions contained in Chapter 6, on repair of the Tank Assembly.

If conditions require fuel tank repairs by welding or other methods involving heat or flame, be sure that all fumes are purged from the tank or fill tank with water before commencing the repair. If possible, tank should be filled with water prior to welding after being thoroughly purged of fumes. Applying heat or flame to a fuel tank containing residue may result in a violent explosion, causing injury or death to personnel.

Personnel engaged in purging operations will not wear wool, nylon, silk, rayon, or other similar static

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electricity generating clothing. Clean cotton clothing with no metal buttons or fittings will be worn. All contents will be removed from pockets.

The tank being purged must have a static ground during all operations. Precautions should be taken with all tools and metal objects around the tank to ensure no spark will be made. Conduct a combustible vapor test reading prior to purging the tank using an acceptable explosive meter.

Only competent personnel thoroughly instructed in the proper handling and reading of the explosive meter will conduct vapor tests. Conduct a combustible vapor test reading immediately after purging. Under no circumstances will repair of the tank begin until declared safe by safety personnel. Discontinue all operations if an electrical storm is threatening or in progress. Eliminate conditions that could cause explosions.

WARNING

Operate GED engine in a well ventilated location. Carbon monoxide is a deadly gas that is given off by a gasoline engine. It is odorless and tasteless. The first evidence of its presence is that the operator of the equipment will have a headache or suffer from a feeling of dizziness.

WARNING

Drycleaning solvent, P-D-680, used to clean parts is potentially dangerous to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100 degrees F to 138 degrees F (38 degrees C to 59 degrees C).

WARNING

Do not touch metal parts with bare skin during cold weather. The skin may stick to the metal.

WARNING

For the electric motor driven pumping assembly, disconnect power cable from vehicle slave receptacle before replacing or repairing motor or electrical components. When connecting power cable be sure Remote ON-OFF Switch is in "OFF" position. Low voltage can cause Severe Shock or Death.

WARNING

Equipment must not be used for other than the intended purpose. Failure to heed this warning can cause damage to equipment and/or injury or death to personnel.

WARNING

Transportation or storage of liquid, other than petroleum products, is hazardous to personnel and can damage the equipment.

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-4a. Delete the caution.

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-4a is superseded as follows:

a. General

The tank and pump unit (figure 1-1) consists of a 50 gpm (189 liters per minute) pumping assembly, two 600-gallon (2271-liter) tanks and related items. It is designed for use with 5-ton Cargo Truck such as M-54, M-55, M813A1, M814, M923, M924, M925 and M926. When installed in a cargo truck, the tank and pump unit is used in the field as a bulk carrier and dispenser. It carries 1200 gallons (4542 liters). The purpose of the tank and pump unit is to convert a general purpose military cargo vehicle into the bulk refueler. The maintenance paragraphs contain detailed descriptions of its components. (NOTE: Electric Motor Driven Pump requires Slave Receptacle mounted at right rear side of cab).

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-4b. In the paragraph heading and the first sentence, "Pumping Assembly" is changed to "Pump Unit".

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-4c.1. The first sentence is changed to read "Electric Motor Driven Pump. The electric motor driven pump (Figure 1-4.1) is a self-priming unit, with the impeller mounted on the extended shaft of the electric motor."

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-4d.1, change "1.33 hp" to "1.5 hp." Add the following sentence to paragraph 1-4d.1. "The electric motor driven pump assembly requires two cables (Figure 1-4.1)."

Page 1-1, immediately after paragraph 1-4d.1, add the following note:

NOTE

Electric Motor Driven Pump requires slave receptacle mounted at right rear side of cab.

Page 1-6, paragraph 1-5a (2.1) is superseded as follows: 1-5a (2.1) Electric Motor Pump Assembly. Located on the pump end of the skid (See Fig. 1-4.1). Page 1-5, after figure 1-4, add figure 1-4.1.

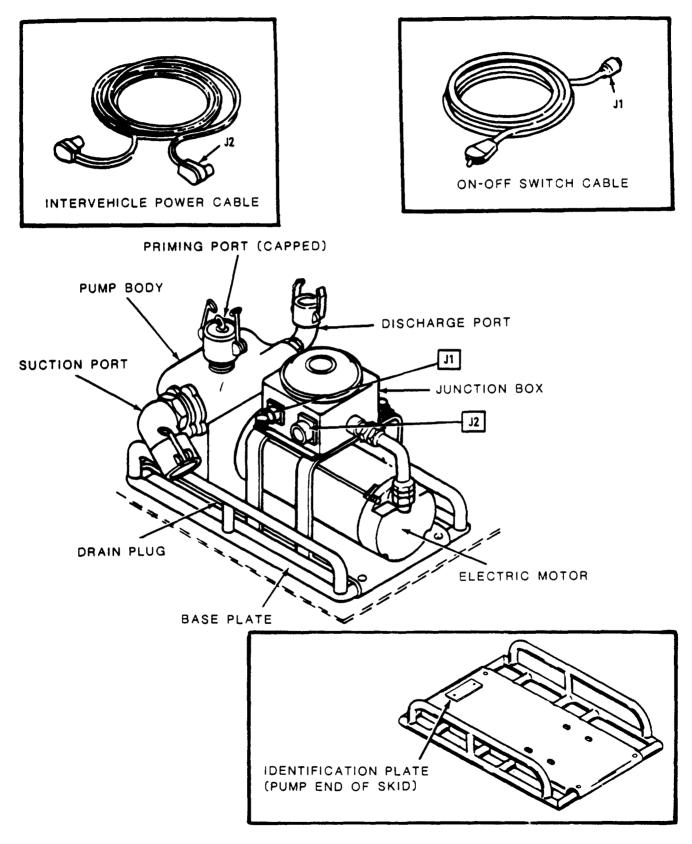


Figure 1-4.1 Pump Assembly (EMD).

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Page 1-6, paragraph 1-5b (1.1), Tabulated Data for the Electric Motor is superseded as follows:

(1.1) Electric Motor

Length	16.58 in. (4	2.11 cm)
Width	5.59 in. (14	.46 cm)
Height	6.34 in. (16	.10 cm)
Weight	86.5 lb. (39	.32 kg)
Input	24 Vdc	
Rated currer	nt (at 1.5 hp I	oad) 55A
Rated Speed	l (with motor	at 35° C)
3600 rpm		
Operating sp	beed	3100 rpm

Page 1-7, paragraph 1-5b (8) and figure 1-5.1 are deleted.

Page 2-1, paragraph 2-1a (5) is superseded as follows:

(5) For the Gasoline Engine Driven Unit, turn the engine with the starter rope to make sure all moving parts are free.

Page 2-1, paragraph 2-3a. In lines 8, 9 and 10, delete "and in the $2\frac{1}{2}$ ton 6x6 cargo trucks M-35 and M-211."

Page 2-1, paragraph 2-3b(2). In lines 2 and 3, delete "or on 21/2 ton cargo trucks, against rear end of truck body."

Page 2-9, paragraph 2-7. The third line is changed to read "figures 2-1 through 2-1.5."

Page 2-10 and 2-11. Figure 2-5 and 2-5.1 are superseded by figures 2-5 through 2-5.5.

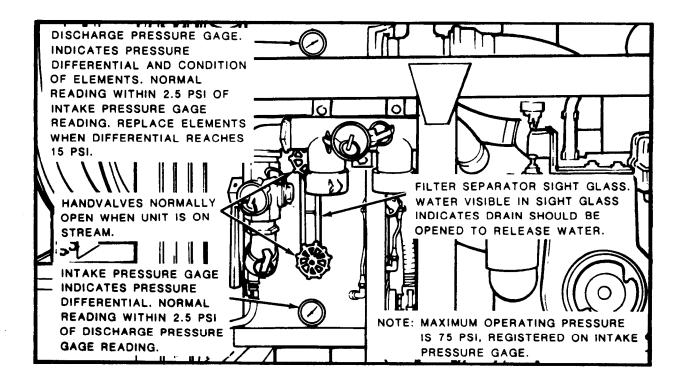


Figure 2-5. Pressure Gages and Sight Glass.

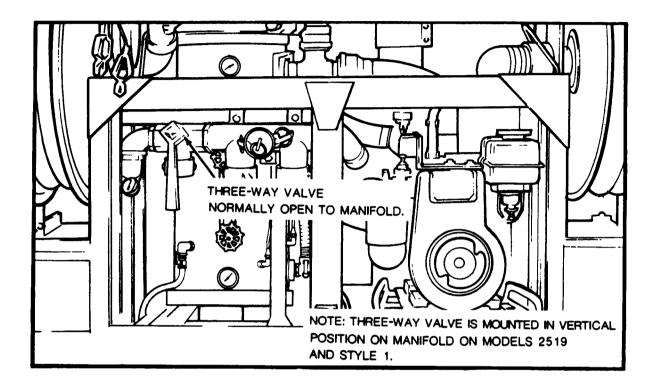


Figure 2-5.1. Three-way valve (Models 2938 and 36W50).

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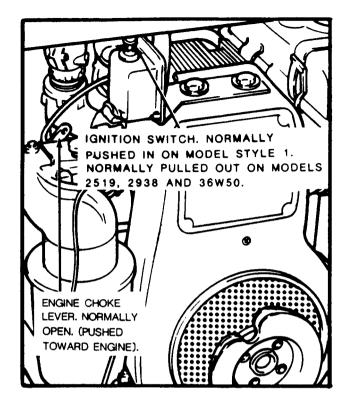
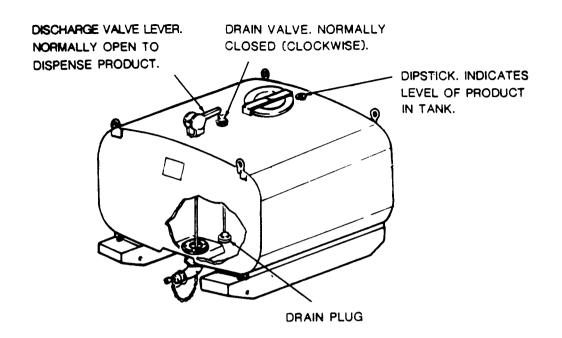


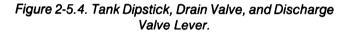
Figure 2-5.2. Engine Choke Lever and Ignition Switch.



Figure 2-5.3. Governor Speed Control Lever.

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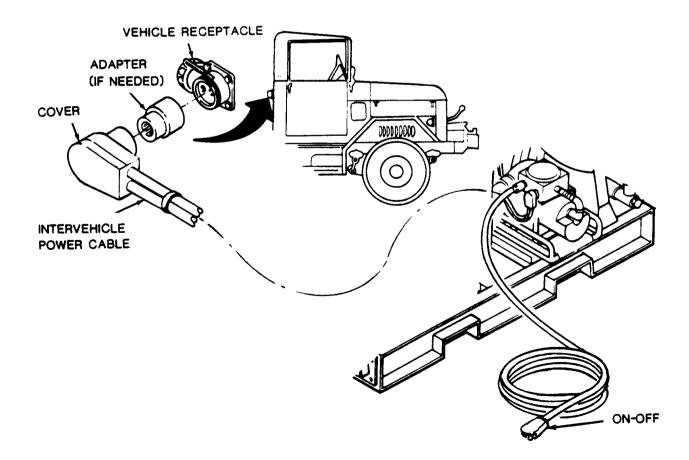


Figure 2-5.5. Electric Motor Driven Pumping Assembly.

TM 5-4930-227-14 C-10 Page 2-12. After subparagraph 2-9a(8) and note, add subparagraph a(9) as follows:

(9) To prepare to start electric motor driving pumping assembly, connect intervehicular power cable, with adapter (if needed), to vehicle receptacle and junction box receptacle J2 (Fig 1-4.1). Then connect ON-OFF switch cable to junction box receptacle J1.

Page 2-12, paragraph 2-9c and figure 2-6.1 are superseded by the following paragraph 2-9c and figure 2-6.1:

2-9c Starting Electric Motor Driven Pumping Assembly

(1) Adjust truck hand throttle for proper engine RPM (approximately 1000 RPMs) to maintain adequate charge rate during pumping operation.

(2) Turn ON-OFF switch to on position. Refer to Figure 2-6.1.



Figure 2-6.1 ON-OFF Switch

Page 2-12, Paragraph 2-10.1 is superseded as follows:

2-10.1. Stopping Electric Motor Driven Pumping Assembly.

a. To stop the electric motor driven pumping assembly, turn the remote pump switch to its off position (Fig. 2-6.2).

b. Reduce hand throttle setting to idle.

c. When moving to a new location:

(1) Disconnect ON-OFF switch cable from junction box receptacle J1 (Fig 1-4.1).

(2) Disconnect intervehicular power cable from vehicle receptacle and junction box receptacle J2.

Page 2-13, paragraph 2-12.d, last line, delete "in cold weather."

Page 2-13. Immediately after paragraph 2-12d, add the following paragraph:

2-12. Electric Motor. Take special precautions to protect equipment in frigid climates or during cold periods. Use care in handling cables and wire insulation. These items become hard and brittle and are easily damaged. Avoid sharp bends or unnecessary loops in cables and wires.

Page 2-14, paragraph 2-13. Add the following subparagraph:

f. Electric Motor. Hot, dry periods subject connectors, receptacles and binding posts to damage from dust and dirt. If possible, operate electric motor in the shade. Make more frequent PMCS.

Page 3-3, Table 3-1. Add the following PMCS procedures:

				erva			B—Before operation D—During operation	A—After operation M—Mor W—Weekly Q—Qua	
ber		Ope		r	0	rg.			
Item Number	В	Da D	ily A	w	м	Q	Item to be inspected	Procedure	Reference
12	x		x		x		Intervehicle Power Cable (EMD)	Check cable assembly and connector for damage. Test for continuity. Replace defective part.	
13	x		x		x		ON-OFF Switch Cable Assembly (EMD)	Check switch for proper operation. Check cable and connector for damage. Replace switch and cable assembly or defective connector.	
								WARNING	
							Disconnect intervehicle ing or replacing electri	e cable from vehicle before maintain- ical components.	
14					x		Electric Motor (EMD)	Check for proper connection or loose mounting hardware. Check for proper operation. If monitor is defective, notify Direct Support Maintenance.	
15					x		Electrical Junction Box (EMD)	Check for damaged receptacles, housing or cover gasket. Inspect relay switch in- side junction box for loose or corroded terminals and connectors. Clean corroded connections, replace defective parts.	
16							Vehicle Power Supply (EMD)	Check batteries on transporting vehicle to assure adequate power supply for opera- tion of electric motor. (Refer to ap- propriate TM for transporting vehicle.)	

Page 3-4. Add the following Paragraph 3-8.1 and figure 3-2.1 immediately after paragraph 3-8:

3-8.1 Pump Assembly (EMD)

WARNING

Disconnect intervehicle power cable before maintaining or replacing component parts.

a. The electric motor requires an intervehicular power cable.

(1) Unplug and inspect intervehicle power cable (figure 3-2.1) for damaged or corroded connectors.

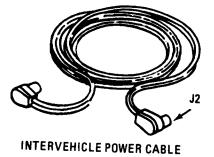
(2) Clean connectors to obtain a good connection at J2 connector at Junction Box and connector and adapter at the vehicle receptacle. (3) Replace cable assembly if damaged.

b. The electric motor is controlled by an ON-OFF switch cable.

(1) Inspect ON - OFF switch cable (figure 3-2.1) for damage or corroded connectors, damaged or frayed cable, or damaged switch.

(2) If cable or switch are damaged, replace cable assembly.

(3) Remove connectors from J1 receptacle and vehicle receptacle. Install new cable in reverse order. Clean connectors to obtain a good connection at J1 connector at Junction Box. If connector is damaged, notify Organizational Maintenance for replacement.





ON-OFF SWITCH CABLE

Figure 3-2.1 Pump Assembly Cables.

TM 5-4930-227-14 C-10 Page 3-6 and 3-7

Page 3-6 and 3-7, Table 3-2. Troubleshooting is superseded by "Table 3-2.1 Troubleshooting."

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
1. Engine hard to start or fails to	a. Fuel tank empty	a. Fill fuel tank.
start	b. Fuel shutoff valve closed	b. Open valve (para 2-9).
Start	c. Fuel line obstructed	c. Clean fuel line.
	d. Spark plug defective	d. Replace spark plug (para 3-23).
		e. Service air cleaner (fig. 3-1).
	e. Air cleaner dirty or too full of oil f. Ignition switch or cable	f. Replace defective ignition
	defective	
		switch or cable (para 3-23).
	g. Magneto improperly timed or	g. Re-time or replace magneto
	defective	(para 3-24).
	h. Fuel mixture improper	h. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28).
2. Engine misses, operates	a. Fuel mixture improper	a. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28).
erratically or loses power	b. Magneto improperly adjusted	b. Adjust or replace magneto
	or defective	(para 3-24).
	c. Choke partially closed	c. Open choke (para 2-7).
	d. Muffler clogged	d. Clean or replace muffler (para 3-31).
	e. Spark plug loose, dirty or	
	damaged	e. Tighten, clean or replace spark
		plug (para 3-23).
	f. Governor controls loose or	f. Tighten and adjust governor
	improperly adjusted	control (para 3-29).
	g. Other causes	g. Refer other causes to direct
	J . C	support maintenance.
a. Engine overheats or knocks	a. Ventilation across engine poor	a. Provide proper ventilation.
	b. Engine dirty	b. Clean engine radiation fins.
	c. Muffler clogged	c. Clean or replace muffler
		(para 3-31).
	d. Other causes	d. Refer other causes to direct
		support maintenance.
4. Engine backfires	a. Fuel mixture too lean	a. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28)
	b. Intake valve sticking	b. Remove spark plug (para 3-23).
		Pour ¹ / ₂ to 1 oz of penetrating
		oil (VV-P-216) into cylinder.
		Let stand 5 minutes and
		manually crank engine. If in-
		take valve remains stuck,
		refer to direct support
		maintenance.
5. Engine exhaust smoke	a. Choke partially closed	a. Open choke (para 2-7).
excessive	b. Fuel mixture too rich	b. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28).
070000140	c. Carburetor float sticking or	c. Replace carburetor (para 3-28).
	leaking	
	d. Air cleaner dirty or too full	d Service air cleaner (fig. 2-1)
6. Dump fails to operate	a. Leak in suction line	d. Service air cleaner (fig. 3-1).
6. Pump fails to operate	a. Leak III Suction line	a. Tighten or replace connections
	h Dump not arims d	or defective hose (para 3-35).
	b. Pump not primed	b. Prime pump (para 2-9).
	c. Impeller damaged or worn	c. Replace impeller (para 3-17).
	d. Engine speed too low	d. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28).

Table 3-2.1 Troubleshooting

	Table	3-2.1.	Troubleshooting	(Con't)
--	-------	--------	-----------------	---------

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
7. Pump fails to prime	a. Leak in suction lines or connections	a. Replace suction lines. Tighten loose or leaky connections (para 3-35).
	b. Pump chamber not filled	b. Prime pump (para 2-9).
	c. Air leak at mechanical seal	c. Replace seal (para 3-17).
8. Pump will not pump fuel at	a. Low pump engine speed (GED).	a. Adjust engine speed (GED).
rated capacity.	b. Truck engine RPM at improper	b. Adjust engine RPM to approx-
	charge rate (EMD).	imately 1000 RPMS (EMD).
	c. 600 gal fuel tank may be empty.	c. Fill tank if empty.
	d. Tank cam lever may not be fully open.	d. Open cam lever.
	WARNING	
	Intervehicle Power Cable from vehicle	e before main-
taining or re	eplacing electrical components.	
9. Electric motor will not operate.	a. Vehicle power supply	a. Insure vehicle batteries and
		charging system are operating
		properly.
	b. Power cables	b. Test for continuity or inter-
		vehicle cable and ON-OFF switch cable.
	WARNING	ſ
	Disconnect Power Cable	
	c. Electric Motor	c. Check electric motor:
		1. Remove junction box cover.
		2. Remove 3 screws holding K
		Relay and RFI filter to floor of
		junction box.
		3. Carefully lift K1 Relay out of
		junction box (with all leads
		attached). 4. Remove 4 screws from RFI
		cover and remove cover.
		5. Disconnect both "TH" leads
		from RFI filter terminals 2 &
		3.
		6. Multimeter should read con-
		tinuity across both "TH"
		leads indicating a good ther- mostic switch in electric
		mostic switch in electric motor.
		7. If continuity is not recorded,
		replace motor.

WARNING Make sure all terminals are free of ground. TM 5-4930-227-14 C-10

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
		 8. Connect power cable and turn remote cable "ON". 9. Battery voltage should be read across RFI filter ter- minals 1 and 3.
		 10. If full battery voltage is present, replace electric motor. 11. If anything less than battery voltage is recorded, check RFI filter.
10. Pump noisy	a. Foreign matter in pump b. Impeller worn or out of alinement	a. Clean pump (para 3-17). b. Replace impeller (para 3-17).
11. Hose reel does not turn easily	c. Vibrating on base a. Improper lubrication	c. Check tiedown gear. a. Lubricate fittings in accor- dance with LO 5-4930-227-12.
12. Product discharge is not clean	 b. Misalined a. Contaminated elements b. Canister loose c. Shell dirty on inside 	 b. Check alinement. a. Replace elements (para 3-9). b. Tighten canister (para 3-9). c. Clean shell.
13. Flow of product slows down during operation	Leak in hose or connections	Tighten connections or replace hose (para 3-35).
14. No product appears in sight glass	a. Upper and lower valves closed b. Air in sight glass	a. Open valves (para 2-7). b. Open petcock to release air (para 2-9).

Table 3-2.1. Troubleshooting (Con't)

Page 3-7 Delete Figure 3-3.1 "Interference suppression filter location, removal and installation.

Page 3-7, Paragraph 3-15. The first sentence is changed to read: "The gasoline engine driven pumping assembly is mounted on an aluminum frame that will slide out."

Page 3-7. Paragraph 3-16.1 and Figures 3-4.1 through 3-4.6 is superseded by the following paragraph 3-16.1 and Figure 3-4.1:

3-16.1 Conversion of Gasoline Engine Driven Pumping Assembly to Electric Motor Driven Pump-Ing Assembly.

a. Equipment Removal:

(1) Remove existing suction and discharge hoses from the unit.

(2) Remove existing pump and engine, and attaching hardware from unit. (3) Remove and dispose of any instruction plate pertaining to the gasoline engine driven pumping assembly from the unit.

b. Installation of Kit:

(1) Remove and retain cable assemblies from the pump assembly.

(2) Install pump assembly (1) using provided $\frac{3}{8}$ x 2-inch cap-screws (2) and lock-washers (3).

(3) Assemble tee (4) and coupling halves (5 and 6). Apply antiseize tape to all male pipe threads before assembly.

(4) Remove and retain male cam lock plug from front of manifold and install tee assembly (4, 5, & 6). Install gasket and retained male plug into lower coupling half (6). (5) Install gasket into female fittings of hose assemblies (7 & 8).

(6) Install 2-inch hose assembly (7) between suction manifold and inlet port on pump.

(7) Install 1¹/₂ inch hose assembly (8) between pump discharge and inlet of filter separator.

(8) Install cam lock cap (9) with gasket onto end of manifold fitting.

(9) Reinstall cable assemblies supplied with pump assembly.

(10) Install operating information plate (10) on pump unit frame using the plate as a template, drill 6 mounting holes using a no. 29 (.136) drill. Attach plate using provided drive screws (11).

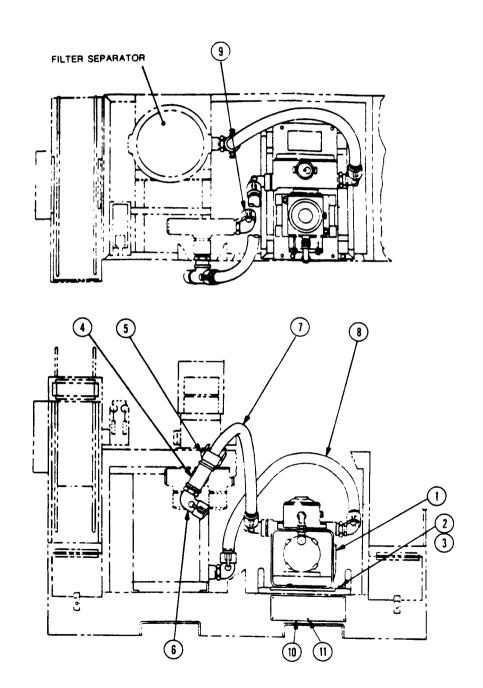


Figure 3-4.1 Conversion of Gasoline Engine Driven Pumping Assembly to Electric Motor Driven Pumping Assembly.

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Page 3-9, Paragraph 3-17.1 and Figures 3-6.1 and 3-6.2 are deleted.

Page 3-26. Immediately after figure 3-21, add the following paragraphs and figures:

3-32.1 Pump and Motor Assembly

The pump and motor assembly is mounted on an aluminum frame that will slide out of the pump unit. This mounting arrangement provides easy access to the pump and motor for maintenance and servicing purposes.

a. Removal.

WARNING

Disconnect power before working on the electric motor. Under certain conditions, low voltage causes severe shock or death.

(1) Close dispensing valves on tanks.

(2) Open drain cock on filter/separator. Allow liquid to drain into container.

(3) Pull out on cam arms to disconnect filter/separator-to pump outlet hose from coupling.

(4) Pull out on cam arms to disconnect manifoldto-pump inlet hose from couplings.

NOTE

Manifold-to-pump inlet hose may be hard to remove. If so, leave hose on coupling until pumping assembly is removed.

(5) Remove pump assembly base plate 3-21.1 from A-frame by removing four screws, four lockwashers, four flatwashers and four nuts.

(6) Remove pump drain plug and drain pump volute.

(7) Lift pump assembly with base from frame.

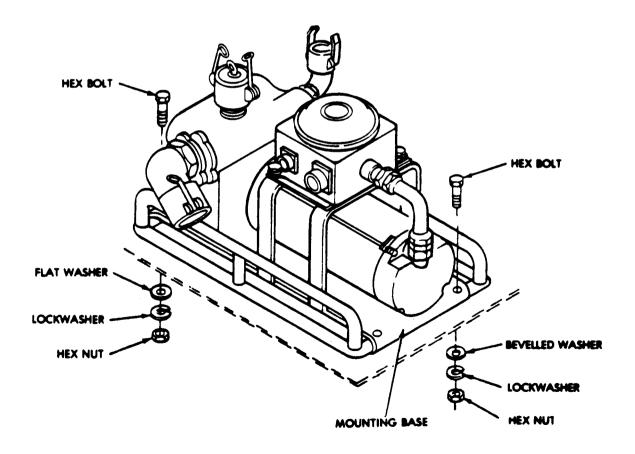


Figure 3-21.1 Pump and Electric Motor Assembly.

(8) To remove pump and motor from base plate first remove four hex bolts, lockwashers, flat washers, and hex nuts.

b. Installation.

(1) Install the pump and motor unit on the mounting base (figure 3-21.1) and secure the mounting brackets to the base with four screws, lockwashers, flat washers and nuts.

(2) Ensure that the drain plug is installed in the pump and tightened.

(3) Install the manifold-to-pump inlet hose on the pump inlet and secure by pushing in on the cam arms.

(4) Position the pump assembly on the frame and secure with four screws, four lockwashers, four flat washers and four nuts.

(5) Install other end of manifold-to-pump inlet hose on the manifold coupling and secure by pushing in on cam arms.

(6) Install filter/separator-to-pump outlet hose on couplings and secure by pushing in on cam arms.

(7) Close drain cock on filter/separator.

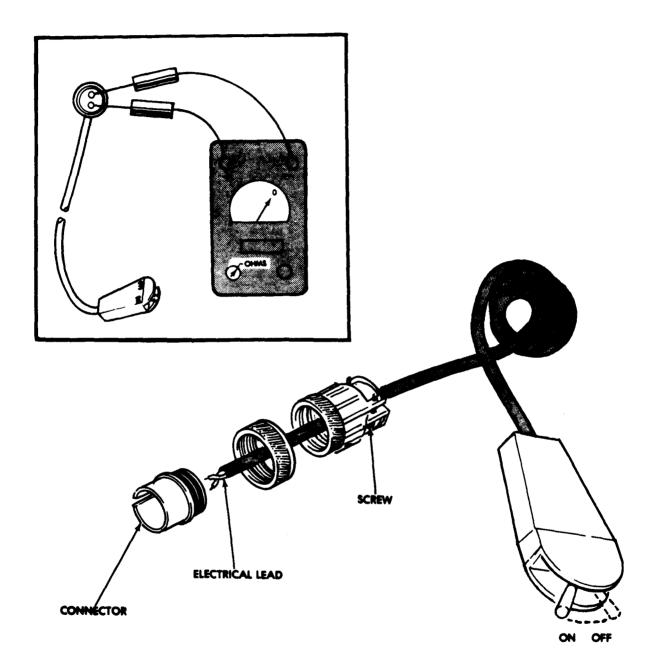
- (8) Turn lock on vent valve to close position.
- (9) Open dispensing valves on tanks.

3-32.2 ON-OFF Switch Cable, J1.

- a. Test for continuity.
 - (1) Use multimeter with switch in the ON position.

(2) If reading is other than 0 ohms, replace cable or defective connector.

- b. Connector Removal.
 - (1) Loosen Screws.
 - (2) Unscrew connector.
 - (3) Tag and unsolder leads.
- c. Connector Replacement.
 - (1) Solder leads. Use solder.
 - (2) Tighten connector.
 - (3) Tighten screws.



3-32.3 Intervehicle Power Cable, J2.

a. Test for continuity.

Use multimeter to check both positive and negative sides of the connector. There should be a zero resistance reading. If the reading is other than 0 ohms, replace defective parts. (See figure 3-21.3)

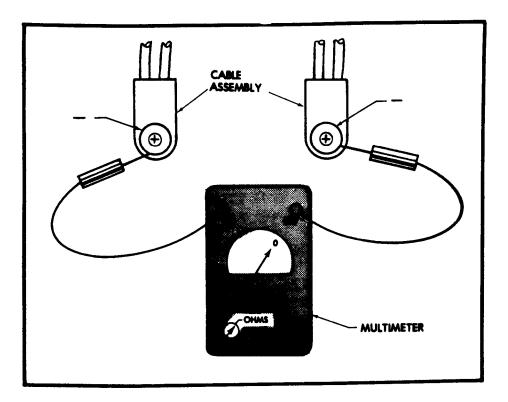


Figure 3-21.3 Test for Continuity.

b. Connector Assembly Removal. (See figure 3-21.4)

(1) Remove the cover from connector by removing screws.

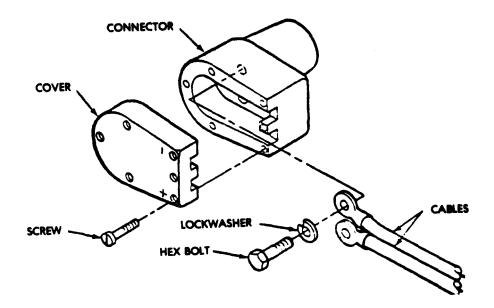
(2) Remove the cables from connector by removing bolt and lockwashers.

c. Connector Assembly Replacement. (See figure 3-21.4)

(1) Attach cables to connector with lockwashers and bolts.

(2) Attach cover to connector with screws.

d. Lug terminal replacement. To replace lug terminals, see figure 3-21.5.





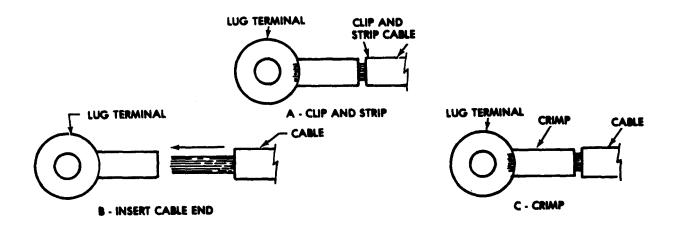


Figure 3-21.5. Lug Terminal Removal and Replacement.

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3-32.4 Conduit Assembly

a. Disassembly.

(1) Disconnect motor electrical leads from RF filter.

- (2) Unscrew union from Junction Box.
- (3) Unscrew union from motor fitting.
- b. Reassembly.

NOTE

Wrap pipe threads once or twice with tape.

(1) Insert fittings over motor electrical leads.

(2) Screw union nuts onto motor and Junction Box fittings.

(3) Reconnect motor electrical leads to connector J2 (See figure 3-21.7)

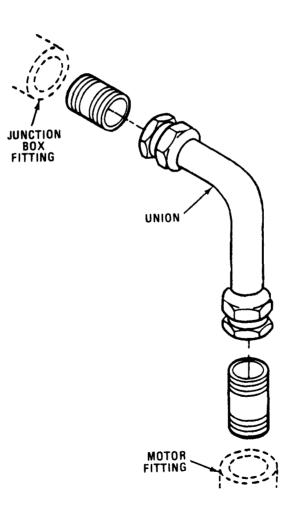


Figure 3-21.6. Conduit Assembly.

3-32.5 Junction Box Assembly

a. Disassembly.

(1) Remove cover and gasket from junction box.

(2) Tag and remove elctrical leads.

(3) Tag and remove electrical leads from connector J2.

(4) Tag and unsolder electrical leads from connector J1.

(5) Disassemble conduit assembly.

(6) Remove hex bolts, hex nuts, lockwashers, and flat washers holding junction box to mount.

(7) Remove screws, lockwashers, and flat washers holding connector J2 to junction box. Insulator and gasket should be removed with connector J2.

(8) Remove screws, lockwashers, and flat washers holding connector J1 to junction box.

b. Reassembly.

(1) Attach connector J1 to junction box with screws, lockwashers, and flat washers.

NOTE

Insure that insulator and gasket are seated on connector J2.

(2) Attach connector J2 to junction box with screws, lockwashers, and flat washers.

(3) Attach junction box to mount with hex bolts, hex huts, lockwashers, and flat washers.

(4) Reassemble conduit assembly (paragraph 3-21.4)

(5) Solder electrical leads to connector J1. Use solder.

(6) Attach electrical leads to connector J2.

(7) Replace cover and O-ring on junction box.

NOTE

• The electric motor lead identification marking varies depending on manufacturer. (Refer to Figure 3-21.7)

• When replacing the electric motor on the pumping assembly (refer to installation instructions and wiring diagram), rotation of the motor clockwise may result (viewing from the impeller end). The correct rotation is counterclockwise.

• To change the rotation from clockwise to counter clockwise, switch the two leads marked A1, with the two leads marked A2. These leads are attached to the RFI filter terminals marked #1 and #3.

• The leads marked TH are to remain as shown in the wiring diagram.

c. K-1 Relay Test Procedures.

- (1) Step 1.
 - (a) Place ON-OFF switch in OFF position.
 - (b) Disconnect Power Cable (J2).

(c) Unscrew and remove Junction Box Cover with O-ring.

(2) Step 2. (See figure 3-21.8)

NOTE

Failure of Motor Thermostatic Switch can prevent relay operation.

(a) The "X" circuit or the relay is grounded through the thermostatic switch in the motor. To check continuity, put probe on "X2" terminal of relay, and other probe on negative (-) terminal of the J2 Connector. (See wiring diagram in figure 3-21.7 for wire connections.)

CAUTION

The following tests require the power cable, J2, be connected as in normal pumping procedure. Exercise care in use of multimeter test probes.

(b) Connect Power Cable (J2).

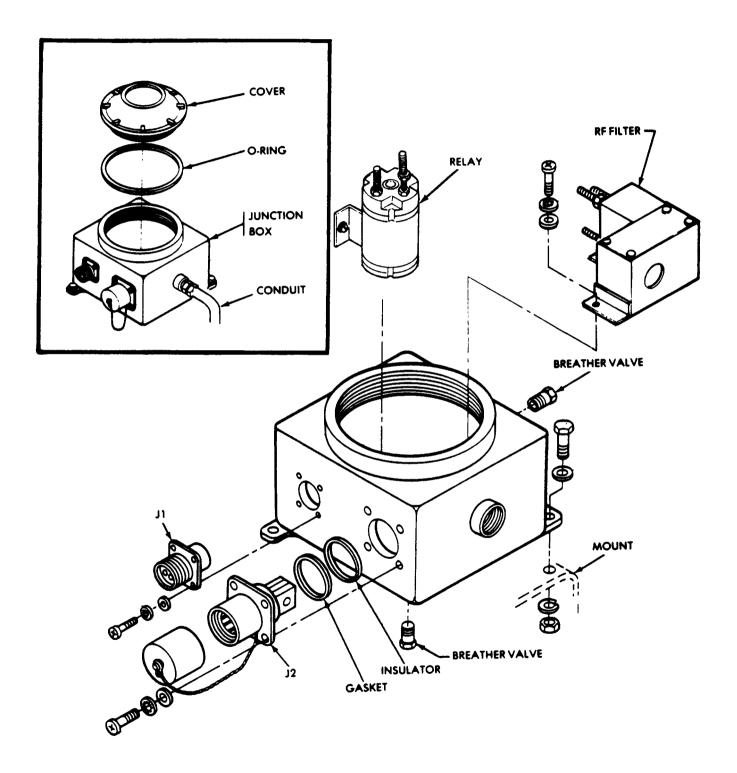
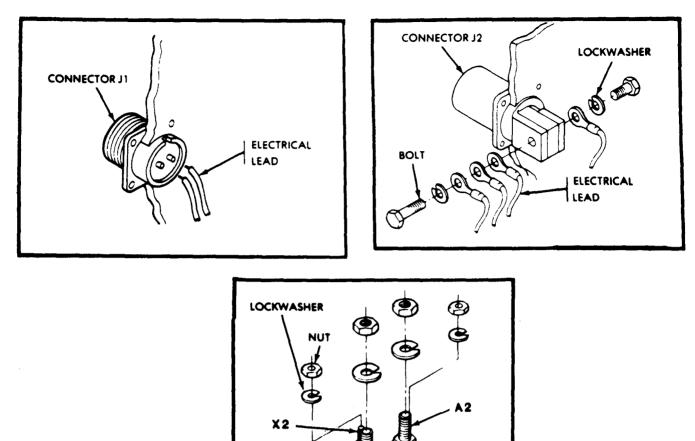
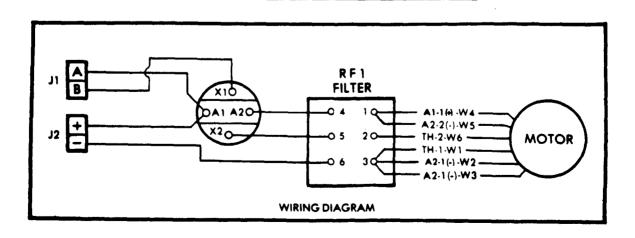


Figure 3-21.7. Junction Box Assembly (Sheet 1 of 2).

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X 1



K1-RELAY

Figure 3-21.7. Junction Box Assembly (Sheet 2 of 2).

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(c) Hold negative (-) probe of multimeter on inner threaded portion of the junction box to ground.

(d) Touching positive (+) probe of multimeter to "A1." Terminal of relay should give 24 Volt reading.

(e) All other relay terminals should have "0" readings.

(3) Step 3

(a) Place ON-OFF Switch in ON position.

(b) Ground negative (-) probe of multimeter.

(c) Touching positive (+) probe of multimeter to "X-1" terminal of relay should give 24 volt reading.

(d) Touching positive (+) probe of multimeter to "A-1" terminal of relay should give 24 volt reading.

(e) Touching positive (+) probe of multimeter to "A-2" terminal of relay should give 24 volt reading.

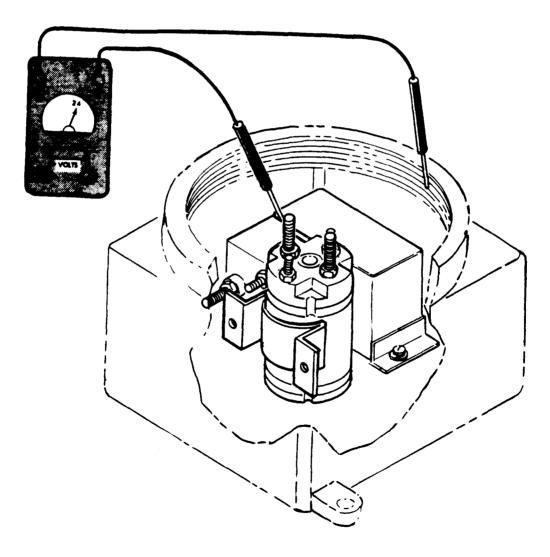


Figure 3-21.8 K-1 Relay Test.

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Page 5-2. Paragraphs 5-4e, 5-4f and 5-4g are deleted.

Page 6-4, paragraph 6-8.1 is superseded by the following paragraph 6-8.1:

6-8.1 Centrifugal Pump (Electric Motor Driven)

WARNING

Disconnect intervehicle power cable from vehicle and close tank dispensing valve before maintaining or replacing electrical components; otherwise, electrical sparks could occur, creating a fire hazard.

The pump is a centrifugal-type unit that is directly coupled to the motor. The pump case houses the impeller, wear plate, seal, and adapter shaft, and serves as a liquid chamber with suction and dispensing ports. The check valve assembly consists of a large weight, gasket, and a small weight to prevent fluid backflow through the pump case and thereby retain the prime. Repair of the pump consists primarily of replacing damaged or worn components.

a. Removal. Remove the electric motor driven pumping assembly (paragraph 3-32.1).

b. Disassembly. (figure 6-11.1)

(1) Remove pump drain plug (1) and drain into suitable container.

(2) Remove nuts (2) and washers (3) and remove volute (4) and O-rings (5).

(3) Remove center screw (6) and seal (7).

(4) Remove impeller (8) by unscrewing counterclockwise while holding shaft stationary. Hold armature shaft stationary with screwdriver in slot.

(5) Remove shims (9), screws (10) and wear plate (11).

(6) Remove O-Ring packing (12) and seal assembly (13).

(7) Extract four screws (14) and compression inserts (15), remove pump from motor.

(8) Remove adapter shaft (16) and Woodruff key (17) from motor shaft (18).

(9) Remove nuts (26), suction flange (25), screw (24), small weight (23), gasket (22), large weight (21) and studs (20 and 27) from pump case (19).

c. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair.

WARNING

Drycleaning solvent, P-D-680, used to clean parts is potentially dangerous to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100 degrees F - 138 degrees F (38 degrees C - 59 degrees C).

(1) Clean parts with drycleaning solvent.

(2) Dry parts thoroughly.

(3) Inspect the impeller, seal, coupling, and other components for damage or defects.

(4) Replace worn or defective parts.

(5) Replace all seals, gaskets, compression inserts, and O-Rings.

NOTE

ITEMS (5,7,12,13,15) MUST be replaced each time the pump is removed and disassembled.

- d. Reassembly (Figure 6-11.1)
 - (1) Attach studs (20 and 27) to pump case.

(2) Install large weight (21), gasket (22), small weight (23), screw (24), suction flange (25) and nuts (26).

NOTE

Item (15) is a compression insert that will not reseal after once compressed. Replace with new compression inserts.

(3) Install key (17) and attach pump (19) to motor with four screws (14) and new compression inserts (15). Torque evenly to 32 ft. lbs. (36.90 cm. kg).

(4) Install adapter shaft (16) onto armature shaft. Seat stationary seal into Rubber Seal and slide onto adapter shaft and pump cavity. Install Rotating Seal over adapter shaft (see figure 6-11.1)

NOTE

When the Seal, Assembly, Shaft is ordered, an alternative configuration of the Rotating Seal may be received. The uncaged spring and carbon seal is fit and functionally the same as the caged Rotating Seal, and is installed in the same way. An illustration of the Alternate Rotating Seal is included in Figure 6-11.1.

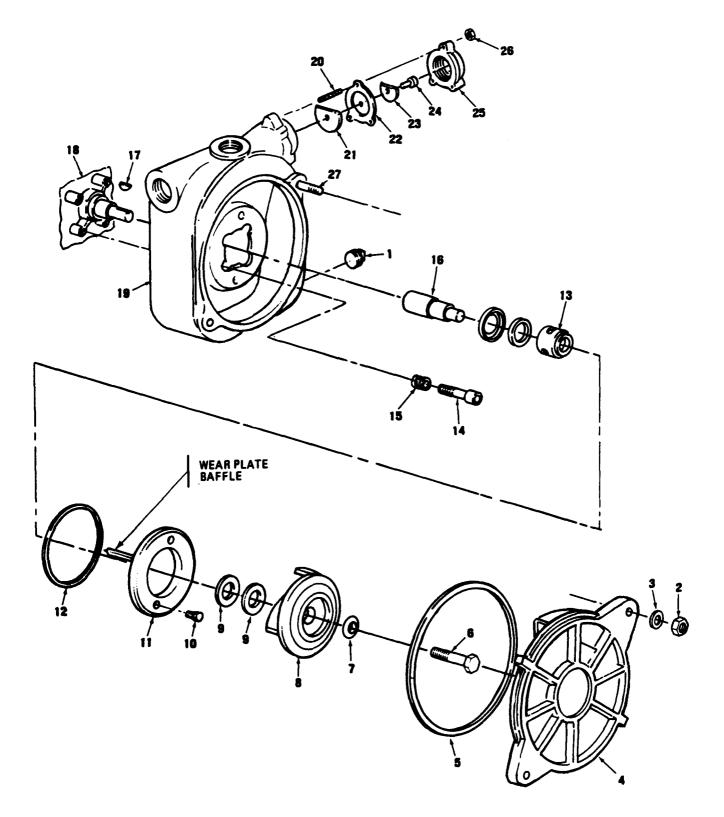


Figure 6-11.1. Centrifugal Pump and Check Valve.

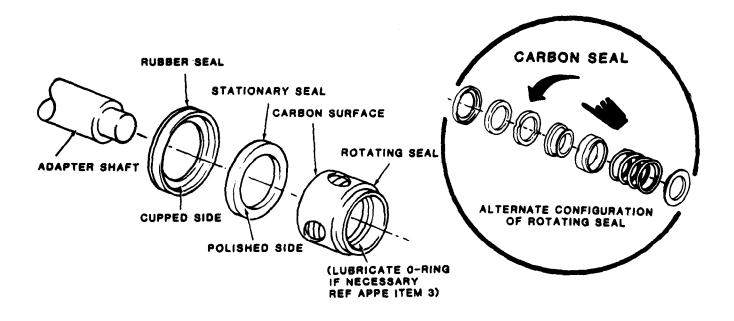


Figure 6-11.2. Adapter Shaft Seal Assembly.

(5) Lubricate and install O-Ring packing (12, Figure 6-11.1) onto wear plate (11).

(6) Install wear plate (11) and screws (10). (Inspect for bent or defective baffle on back side of wear plate).

(7) Install shims (9) as required to maintain impeller-to-wear plate clearance at 0.010 to 0.015 inch (0.025 to 0.038 CM).

(8) Install impeller (8), new retaining packing (7) and center screw (6).

(9) Lubricate and install O-Ring (5), volute (4) and fasten with washer (3) and nut (2).

(10) Connect inlet elbow, discharge elbow, and priming port.

(11) Install pump drain plug (1).

e. Installation. Install Electric Motor Driven Pumping Assembly (paragraph 3-32.1). Page A-1, Appendix A is superseded as follows:

APPENDIX A REFERENCES

A-1. FIRE PROTECTION AND SAFETY	
TB5-4200-200-10	Hand Portable Fire Extinguishers Approved for Army Users
TB MED 251 TB ORD 1047	Noise and Conservation of Hearing Elimination of Combustibles from Interiors of Metal or Plastic Gasoline and Diesel Fuel Tanks
A-2 LUBRICATION	
LO 10-4930-204-12	Lubrication Order
A-3. PAINTING	
TM 43-0139	Painting Instructions for Army Materiel
A-4. MAINTENANCE	
DA PAM 738-750	The Arm Maintenance Management System
TB ORD 1047	Eliminating Combustibles From Interiors of Metal or Plastic Gasoline or Diesel Fuel Tanks
TM9-237	Operator Manual—Welding Theory and Application
FM 10-69	Petroleum Handling Equipment Operations
FM 10-70	Inspecting and Testing Petroleum Products
TM10-1113	Petroleum Tank—Vehicle Operations
TM10-4930-204-23P	Organizational and Direct Support Maintenance Repair Parts and Special Tools Lists: Tank and Pump Unit, Liquid Dispensing, For Truck Mounting (United Manufacturing and Engineering Corp. Model Style 1) NSN 4930-00-542-2800, (Model 2519) NSN 4930-00-987-8576, Model 2938) NSN 4930-00-078-4939, (Bowser Inc. Model 36W50) NSN 4930-00-078-4938 (Orr and Sembower Inc. Model BL-100) NSN 4930-00-926-3692 (Altech Inc. Model 4000) NSN 4930-00-926-3581
A-5. RADIO INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION	
TM11-483	Radio Interference Suppression
A-6. DEMOLITION	
TM 750-244-3	Procedures for Destruction of Equipment to Prevent Enemy use

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Page B-2 Section II Appendix B, The Maintenance Allocation Chart, is superseded as follows:

	Section II.	MA												
(1)	(2) Function group		(3) Maintenance functions							(4) Tools and equipment	(5) Remarks			
	Function group	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	Т	J	к		
Group No.		Inspect	Test	Service	Adjust	Align	Calibrate	Install	Replace	Repair	Overhaul	Rebuild		
01	ENGINE													
0100 0105	Engine Assembly: Engine assembly Valve, Camshafts and Timing	с	F	с				0	F	н				•
	System: Valves; seat								F	F				в
0106	Engine Lubrication System Breather, crankcase			с				0						
02	Pump Motor Assembly		O 1.5	 	 	 	 	 	0 1.0	F 1.5	· · · ·	•••• •••		
0201	Electric Motor		F 1.0	· · · ·	 	· · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · ·	F 1.5	· · · ·	 	 		
0202	Power Cable	C 0.1	0 0.5	· · · ·	 	 	· · · ·	· · · · · · ·	C 0.1	0 0.5	· · · ·	· · · ·		
0203	On-Off Switch Cable Assembly	0.1	0 0.5 0	····		· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	C 0.1 O	0 0.5 0	••••	· · · · · · ·		
0204			1.0						1.0	1.0				
03	FUEL SYSTEM													
0301 0304	Carburetor: Carburetor Air Cleaner				0				0	ο				с
0306	Air cleaner assembly Tanks, Lines, Fittings, Headers:			c					0					
0309	Tank, fuel Fuel Filters:								0					
06	Strainer, sediment		• • •	С					0					
	Ignition Components: Magneto, ignition			 o	0			1		o				
18	BODY, CAB, HOOD AND HULL													
1811	Tank Bodies								0	F				
22	BODY, CHASSIS OR HULL AND ACCESSORY ITEMS Accessory Items													
ZEVE	Hose assemblies	1	F			 			0	 0				
			1	A	4	4	1			4	A	A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Contraction of the local division of the loc

Section II. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

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Section II. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART (Continued)

(1)	(2) Function group	(2) (3) Maintenance functions						(4) Tools and equipment	(5) Remarks					
	i unction group	A	в	С	D	Е	F	G	н	1	J	к	eduipment	
Group No.		Inspect	Test	Service	Adjust	Align	Calibrate	Install	Replace	Repair	Overhaul	Rebuild		
55	PUMPS													
5500	Pump Assembly:										ĺ			
	Pump, centrifugal (GED)								0	0			• • • • • • • • • •	
5600	Pump Centrifugal	0		• • •					F	F		•••		
5601	(EMD)		• • •	••••	••••		• • •		2.0 F	4.0		•••		• • • • • • • •
5602							•••	•••	F	··· 		•••		
		1.0							1.5					
76	FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT COMPONENTS													
7603	Fire Extinguishers:													
	Fire extinguishers			С					0					

Page C-1. Appendix C is superseded as follows:

APPENDIX C COMPONENTS OF END ITEM AND BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LISTS

SECTION I. INTRODUCTION

C-1. SCOPE

This appendix lists components of end item and basic issue items for the tank and pump unit to help inventory items for safe and efficient operation.

C-2. GENERAL

The Components of End Item and Basic Issue Items are divided into the following sections:

a. Section II. Components of End Item. This listing is for informational purposes only, and is not authority to requisition replacements. These items are part of the end item, but are removed and separately packaged for transportation or shipment. As part of the end item, these items must be with the end item whenever it is issued or transferred between property accounts. Illustrations are furnished to assist you in identifying the items.

b. Section III. Basic Issue Items. These are the minimum essential items required to place the pumping assembly in operation, to operate it, and to perform emergency repairs. Although shipped separately, packaged BII must be with the pumping assembly during operation and whenever it is transferred between property accounts. The illustrations will assist you with hard-to-identify items. This manual is your authority to request/requisition replacement BII, based on TOE/MTDE authorization of the end item.

C-3. EXPLANATION OF COLUMNS

The following provides an explanation of columns found in the tabular listings:

a. Column (1)—Illustration Number. (Illus Number) This column indicates the number of the illustration in which the item is shown.

b. Column (2)—National Stock Number. Indicates the national stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.

c. Column (3)—Description. Indicates the National item name and , if required, a minimum description to identify and locate the item. The last line for each item indicates the FSCM (in parentheses) followed by the part number.

d. Column (4)—Unit of Measure (U/M). Indicates the measure used in performing the actual operational/maintenance function. This measure is expressed by a two-character alphabetical abbreviation (e.g., ea, in, pr).

e. Column (5)---Quantity required (Qty rqr). Indicates the quantity of the item authorized to be used with/on the equipment.

APPENDIX C SECTION II. COMPONENTS OF END ITEMS

(1) ILLUS./ ITEM NO.	(2) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	(3) DESCRIPTION FSCM AND PART NUMBER	(4) U/M	(5) QTY RQR
C-1/1	6150-01-022-6004	Cable Assembly, Power (Electric Motor Driven) (19207) 11682336-1	EA	1
C-1/2	6150-01-191-9732	Cable Assembly, Remote Switch (Electric Motor Driven) (97403) 13217E2964	EA	1

SECTION III. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS

(1) ILLUS./ ITEM NO.	(2) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	(3) DESCRIPTION FSCM AND PART NUMBER	(4) U/M	(5) QTY RQR
C-1/1	4930-01-159-4437	Adapter Assembly, Water Detector (97403) 13220E9406-3	EA	1
C-1/4	4930-01-169-5287	Adapter Probe, Water Detector Kit (97403) 13220E9914-3	EA	1

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

CARL E. VUONO General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

R. L. DILWORTH Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25A, Operator, Unit, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance requirements for Tank and Pump Unit, Liquid Dispensing, Truck Mounted (2000).

Changes in force: C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8 and C9

TM 5-4930-227-14 C 9

CHANGE

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C., 14 April 1988

Operator, Organizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) FSN 4930-877-8678

TM 5-4930-277-14, 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

Page 1-1, Para 1-3, is superseded by:

1-3. Administrative Storage

a. Placement of equipment in administrative storage should be for short periods of time when a shortage of maintenance effort exists. Items should be in mission readiness within 24 hours or within the time factors as determined by the directing authority. During the storage period appropriate maintenance records will be kept.

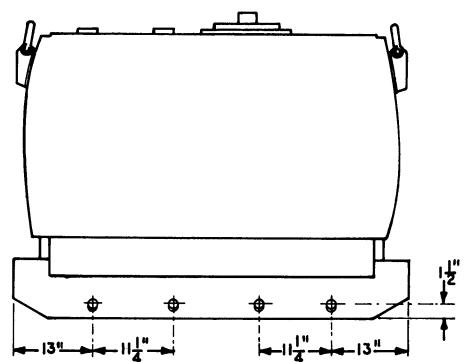
b. Before placing equipment in administrative storage, current maintenance services and equipment serviceable criteria (ESC) evaluations should be completed, shortcomings and deficiencies should be corrected, and all modification work orders (MWO's) should be applied.

c. Storage site selection. Inside storage is preferred for items selected for administrative storage. If inside storage is not available, trucks, vans, conex containers and other containers may be used.

Page 2-1. Para 2-3a, sentence four is changed to read, "Section 2 and 3 are also used in the M-54 cargo truck.

Page 2-1, Para 2-3b (2) is changed to read, "Install the two parts of section 2 against section 1."

Page 6-10, Figure 6-12, is superseded as follows:



DRILL $\frac{1}{2}$ DIA.HOLES ON OUTSIDE OF EACH SKID (AT AN ANGLE SEE CROSS SECTION), LOCATED AS INDICATED (A TOTAL OF 8 HOLES).

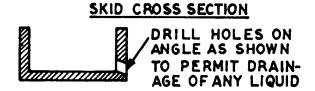


Figure 6-12. Tank Assembly, Skid Drain Holes.

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

CARL E. VUONO General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

R. L. DILWORTH Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25A, Operator, Unit, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance requirements for Tank and Pump Unit, Liquid Dispensing, truck Mounted (2000). Changes in force: C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7 and C8

TM 5-4930-227-14

CHANGE

No. 8

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C., 21 February 1987

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) FSN 4930-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14, dated 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

Page 2-12. Paragraph 2-10 is changed to read:

a. Refer to figure 2-7 and stop the engine.

CAUTION

To prevent damage to sight glass, secure dust caps to all manifold connections.

b. In the event the unit is to be shut down for an extended period of time or to be moved, secure dust caps to all manifold connections. Close both sight glass valves to eliminate loss of fuel during transport.

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

JOHN A. WICKHAM, JR. General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

R. L. DILWORTH Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25A, Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance requirements for Tank and Pump Unit, Liquid Dispensing, Truck Mounted (2000).

No. 7

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C., 4 November 1986

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) FSN 4930-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14, dated 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

Throughout this manual change TM 38-750 to read DA Pam 738-750.

Page 1-1. Paragraph 1-2. b. line 6, change U.S. Army Mobility Equipment Command, ATTN: AMSME-MPP, 4300 Goodfellow Boulevard, St. Louis, MO. 63120 to read: US Army Troop Support Command, ATTN: AMSTR-MCTS, 4300 Goodfellow Boulevard, St. Louis, MO 63120-1798.

Page 3-3. Paragraph 3-6. b. is changed to read "The interval column tells you when to perform a certain check or service."

Page 3-3. Paragraph 3-6. c. is changed to read:

- c. Leakage definitions for operator/crew PMCS shall be classified as follows:
 - Class I Seepage of fluid (as indicated by wetness or discoloration) not great enough to form drops.
 - Class II Leakage of fluid great enough to form drops but not enough to cause drops to drip from item being checked/inspected.
 - Class III Leakage of fluid great enough to form drops that fall from the item being checked/inspected.

CAUTION

Equipment operation is allowable with minor leakages (Class I or II). Of course, you must consider the fluid capacity in the item/ system being checked/inspected. When in doubt, notify your supervisor.

When operating with Class I or Class II leaks, continue to check fluid levels as required in your PMCS.

Class III leaks should be reported to your supervisor or organizational maintenance.

Table 3-1 is replaced by Table 3-1 and 3-2.

Table 3-1. Operator/Crew Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services

NOTE

Within designated interval, these checks are to be performed in the order listed.

			B-Before	D-During	A-After	
Item No.	Ir B	 val A	Item to be Inspected	Procedures Check for and have rep or adjusted as necessa		
1			Tank and	NOTE Perform lubrication pr or in conjunction with PMCS. Refer to LO 5-4 12. Keep the engine a free of dirt and oil o external surfaces. Make the following walk ar	before 320-227- nd pump n all	
			Pump Unit	a. Inspect engine, pump, and reel assemblies for ev of leakage (oil and fuel) around, or under the unit. b. Check for loose, damag missing hardware and parts	tanks, Class III oil Vidence leaks or any on, fuel leakage found.	I
				c. Check grounding cables broken cables or clips and corrosion. NOTE During starting and op check for unusual nois rough running, lack of excessive smoke, and l	for for for broken cables or clips. eration e, power, oss of	>
				power. Check for fuel or exhaust leaks. Che any indication of a fa or defective component	eck for hiling	

-

		8-Before	D-During A	-After
 		Item to be Inspected	Procedures Check for and have repaired or adjusted as necessary	Equipment is d Not Ready/ Available if:
•		Filter/ Separator	Monitor as follows:	
			a. Check signt glass and drain water as required.	n
			b. Check discharge (upper) gay and inlet (lower) gage. Replac filter elements when discharge (upper) gage indicates 20 psi than inlet (lower) gage with e at full throttle and both nozz open. (para 3-34).	ce less ngine
	•	Engine Fuel Tank		
			WARNING	
			Do not fill fuel tank when engine is running or hot.	
			Fill fuel tank.	
		Interval	B D A Inspected Filter/ Separator Engine Fuel	Interval Item to be Inspected Procedures Check for and have repaired or adjusted as necessary Image: Separator Filter/ Separator Monitor as follows: Image: Separator a. Check sight glass and drain water as required. Image: Separator b. Check discharge (upper) gag and inlet (lower) gage. Replace filter elements when discharge (upper) gage indicates 20 psi than inlet (lower) gage with end at full throttle and both nozz open. (para 3-34). Image: Separator Image: Separator Image: Separator Separator

Table 3-1. Operator/Crew Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services--continued

Table 3-2. Organizational Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services

Q-Quarterly

Item No.	Interval Q	Item to be Inspected	Procedures
1	•	Hoses	Check hoses for breaks, cracks, cuts, and worn areas. Replace damaged hoses. (para 3-35)
2	•	Ground Cables	Check cables for worn or frayed condition. Replace worn or frayed cables. (para 3-37)
3		Tank Manhole Assembly	Check as follows: a. Check vent assembly for dirt or damage. Clean or replace dirty or damaged vent assembly. (para 3-42) b. Check for cracked or broken manhole cover gaskets. (para 3-42)

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

JOHN A. WICKHAM, JR. General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

R. L. DILWORTH Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25A, Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance requirements for Tank and Pump Unit, Liquid Dispensing, Truck Mounted (2000).

URGENT Changes in force: C2, C3, C4, C5 and C6

TM 5-4930-227-14 *C6

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Washington, D.C., 22 May 1978

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING, FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) NSN 4930-00-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14, 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

Inside Front Cover, add to Safety Precautions:

WARNING

Prior to welding, read welding instructions contained in Chapter 6, Section II, on maintenance of the Tank Assembly. DEATH or SERIOUS IN-JURY may result if personnel fail to heed Safety Precaution for welding.

Page 6-10. Paragraph 6-10a is superseded as follows:

a. Tanks. No repair will be initiated until the tank has been thoroughly vented and cleaned. Before attempting to do any welding repair on tank, drill four 1/2-inch diameter drain holes in each skid, (total of 8 holes required), and four 1-1/2-inch diameter in each skid, (total of 8 holes required), for location of drilling points (See figure 6-12). A combustible vapor test reading will be taken prior to purging the tank and skids, using an acceptable explosive meter such as MSA Vapor Tester, NSN 6665-00-664-4650 or equivalent. Purge the skid by steam cleaning or other suitable method. Vapor test again and repurge as required after completion of repair provide corrosion protection to drilled holes open. Refer to <u>d</u> below for welding precautions.

Page 6-10. Figure 6-12 is superseded as follows:

URGENT

CHANGE

No. 6

^{*}This change supersedes Change 1, 24 August 1970.

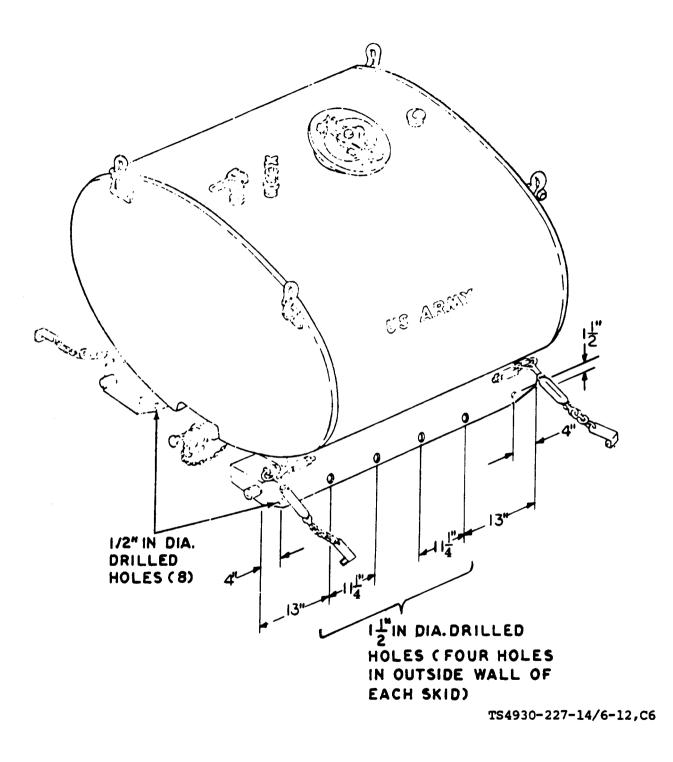


Figure 6-12. Skid drain holes diagram.

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

BERNARD W. ROGERS General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

J. C. PENNINGTON Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

Distribution:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25A, operator maintenance requirements for Petroleum Distribution.

TM 5-4930-227-14 C 5

CHANGE

No. 5

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C. 22 January 1975

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING; FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) NSN 4930-00-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14, 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

The title is changed as shown above. Page 1-1, paragraph 1-4a. Add the following:

CAUTION

Extreme caution should be taken in filling tanks to avoid exceeding cross country payload limits of the transporting vehicle. "(Example, M-34; M-35; and M-211, 2-1/2 ton, 6 x 6 cargo trucks cross country payload is 5000 pounds)."

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

FRED C. WEYAND General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

VERNE L. BOWERS Major General, United States Army The Adjutant General

Distribution:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25A (qty rqr block No. 154), Organizational maintenance requirements for Petroleum Distribution.

TM 5-4930-227-14 C 4

Change

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Washington, D.C., 28 June 1974

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING; FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) FSN 4930-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14, 13 June 1969, is changed as follows: Inside of Cover, add to Safety Precautions:

WARNING

Prior to welding, read welding instructions contained in Chapter 6, Section II on maintenance of the Tank Assembly. DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY may result if personnel fail to heed Safety Precautions for welding.

WARNING

Cleaning solvent, PD-680, is a POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS CHEMICAL. Do not use near open flame.

Page 3-1, paragraph 3-4, add:

WARNING

Dry cleaning solvent, PD-680, used for cleaning is a POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS CHEMICAL. Do not use near open flame. Flash point is 100° F. - 138° F.

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

Official:

VERNE L. BOWERS Major General, United States Army The Adjutant General CREIGHTON W. ABRAMS General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Distribution:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-24A (qty rqr block No. 154) organizational maintenance requirements for Petroleum Distribution.

TM 5-4930-227-14 C 3

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C., 8 January 1974

Operator, Organizational Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) FSN 4930-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14; 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

CHANGE

No. 3

Page 1-1. Paragraph 1-2.b is superseded as follows:

b. The reporting of errors, omissions, and recommendations for improving this publication by the individual user is encouraged. Reports should be submitted on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications) and forwarded direct to Commander US Army Troop Support Command Attn AMSTS-MPP St. Louis, MO 63120.

Paragraph 1-4.a, add the following:

The electric motor driven pump is intended for use in cold weather climates on an "as required" basis.

Page 1-1. After paragraph 1-4c, add paragraph 1-4c.1:

c.1. Pump. The Gorman-Rupp Pump, is a selfpriming unit, with the impeller mounting on the extended shaft of the electric motor. Both pump and motor are mounted on a base plate to facilitate removal and use in auxiliary pumping operations.

Page 1-1. After paragraph 1-4.d add paragraph 1-4d.1.

d.1. Electric Motor. The electric motor is

explosion-proof. The motor operates on 28 volts dc (direct current) and is rated at 1.33 hp (horse-power)

Page 1-6. After paragraph 1-5.a(2) add paragraph 1-5.a(2.1):

(2.1) Electric Motor Pump Unit. Located above motor plate. Specifies the nomenclature, manufacturer, model, serial number and rating.

After paragraph 1-5a(3) add paragraph 1-5a(3):

(3.1) *Motor Plate*. Located on the unit. Specifies the nomenclature, manufacturer, serial number, and rating.

Paragraph 1-5.b(1), add the following:

(1.1) Electric Motor

Manufacturer	_Master Electric Division,
	Reliance Electric and
	Engineering Co.
Identification No	_X242-3A
Туре	_Fully-enclosed explosion
_	proof
Speed	_3600 rpm
Maximum operating	
temperature	_75°C over 40° ambient
Thermal overload	
protection	_Opens at 20° below
	maximum operating
	temperature

1

C 3, TM 5-4930-227-14

Page 1-7. Paragraph 1-5b.(8) is added:

(8) Wiring diagram. A practical wiring diagram of the electrical system is illustrated in figure 1-5.1.

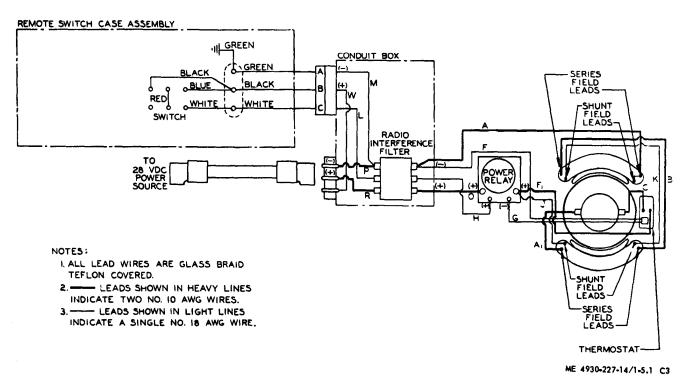


Figure 1-5.1. Practical wiring diagram

Page 2-9. Paragraph 2-7. The third line is changed to read "*** in figures 2-5 and 2-5.1."

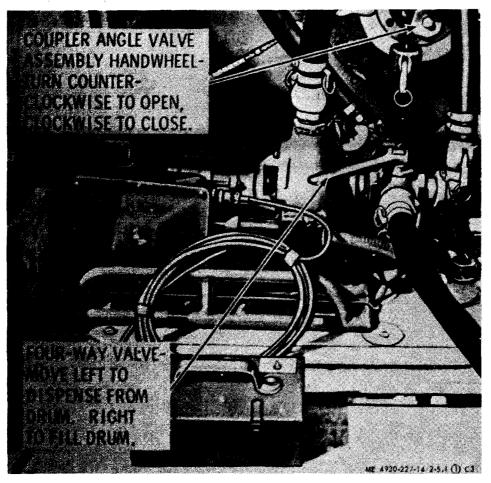


Figure 2-5.1. Controls and instruments (Sheet 1 of 2)

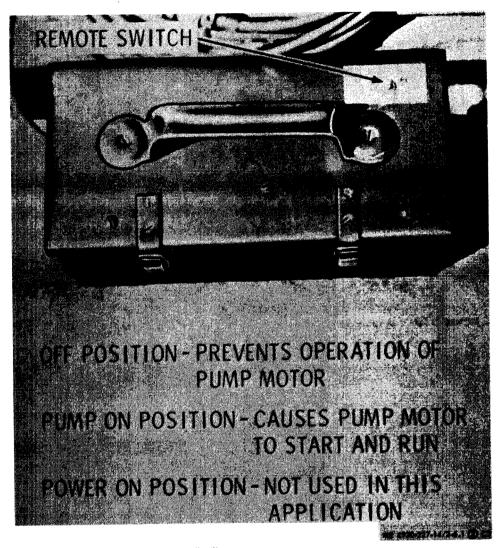


Figure 2-5.1. Controls and instruments (Sheet 2 of 2)

Page 2-12. Paragraph 2-9.c. is added: c. Starting Electric Motor Driven Pump. Refer to figure 2-6.1 and start operation of the electric motor driven pump unit.

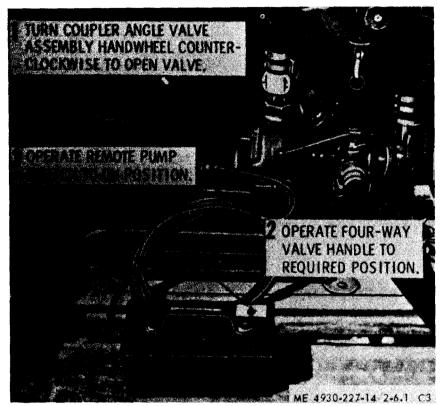


Figure 2-6.1. Starting instruction

Page 2-12. Paragraph 2-10.1 is added:

2-10.1. Stopping

To stop electric motor driven unit operate remote pump switch to off position (fig. 2-5.1)

Page 2-13. Paragraph 2-12.d is added:

d. The efficiency of batteries for electric motor operation decreases greatly as the temperature decreases. Operate the engine of the carrier when running the pump motor to assure full pump output in cold weather.

Page 3-7. Add the following to table 3-2:

Malfunction

15. Pump motor fails to run

Probable cause a. Power not connected a. Connect motor to to pump motor b. Close circuit breaker

- b. Circuit breaker or fuse at power source open
- Malfunction 16. Motor speed too slow

Probable cause	Corrective action
a. Power source voltage	a. Connect unit to
too low	proper power source

Page 3-17. After paragraph 3-14 add the following:

Corrective action

3-16.1 (12)

or replace fuse

power source para

Section VI.I. RADIO INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION

3–14.1. General Methods Used to Attain Radio Interference Suppression

Essentially, suppression is attained by providing a low resistance path to ground for stray currents. The methods used include shielding the ignition and high frequency wires, grounding the frame with bonding straps, and using capacitors and resistors.

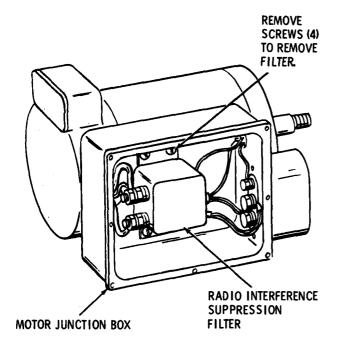
3–14.2. Interference Suppression Components

a. Primary Suppression Components. The primary suppression components are those whose primary function is to suppress radio interference. The primary component is described and located in figure 3-3.1.

b. Secondary Suppression Components. These components have radio interference suppression functions which are incidental or secondary to their primary function.

3–14.3. Replacement of Suppression Components

Refer to figure 3-3.1 to replace the radio interference suppression components.



NOTE: TAG AND DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL LEADS.

ME 4930-227-14/3-3.1 C3

Figures 3-5.1. Interference suppression filter, location, removal and installation

3–14.4. Testing of Radio Interference Suppression Components

Test the interference filter by substitution. Replace a suspected faulty filter with one known to be good.

Page 3-7. After paragraph 3-16 add paragraph 3-16.1:

3–16.1. Conversion of Gasoline Engine-Driven Pump to Electric Motor-Driven Pump

(1) Disconnect the quick disconnect hose coupling from pump inlet. (1, fig. 3-4.1). Disconnect discharge hose (1, fig. 3-4.2).

(2) Remove muffler support bracket and muffler (2, fig. 3-4.1).

(3) Remove 2 each front bolts, (1, fig. 3-4.3) and 2 rear bolts (2, fig. 3-4.2).

(4) Remove pump and engine assembly by sliding out through front of frame assembly.

(5) Remove 90° elbow (1, fig. 3-4.2), from inlet of pump and remove tee (3, fig. 3-4.1), with cap from discharge end.

(6) Install tee (1, fig. 3-4.1) in pump discharge outlet with cap into pump.

(7) Install 90° elbow (1, fig. 3-4.5) into inlet of pump.

(8) Slide pumping assembly into frame assembly

(9) Secure the 2 front bolts (1, fig. 3-4.6).

(10) If the 2 rear bolts will not line up, use 23/8" X1"X1"X2" hook bolts, to secure pumping unit hose to tank and pump unit frame (2, fig. 3-4.5).

(11) Connect the inlet hose (3, fig. 3-4.5) and discharge hose (5, fig. 3-4-4), assemblies to and discharge hose (5, 3-4.4), assemblies to pump assembly.

(12) Insert the power cable plug into receptacle provided on vehicle cab.

(13) Insert power cable plug (2, fig. 3-4.4 into the motor junction box 3).

CAUTION

Make certain that the remote switch is in OFF position.

(14) Secure the remote control plug (4, fig. 3-4.4), to the motor junction box.

Page 3-7:

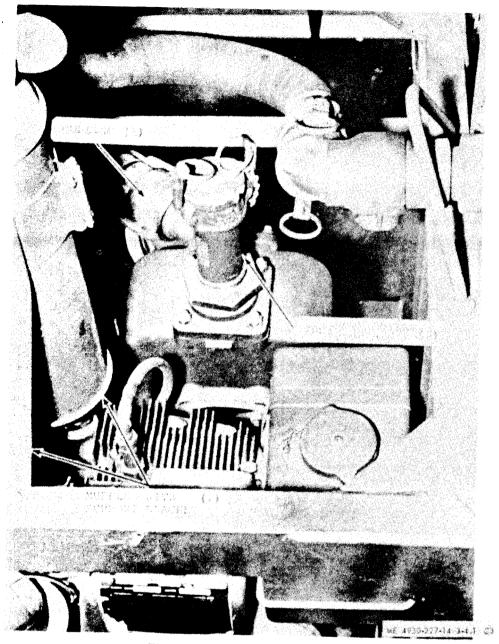


Figure 3-4.1. Pump and engine unit

1 3, TM 5-4930-227-14

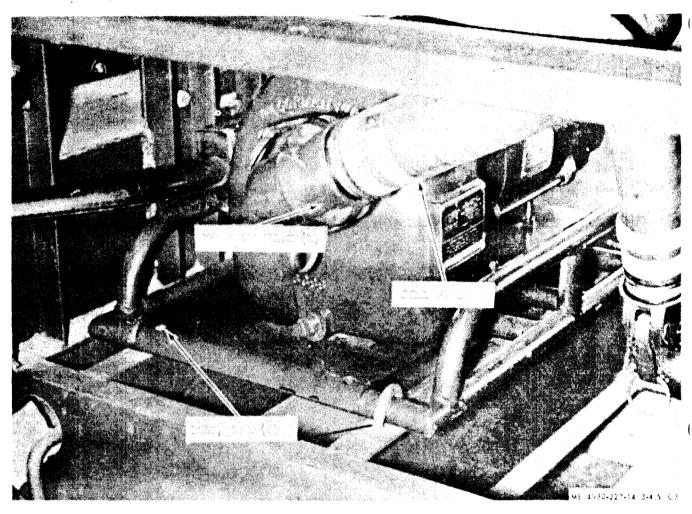


Figure 3-4.2. Pump and engine unit

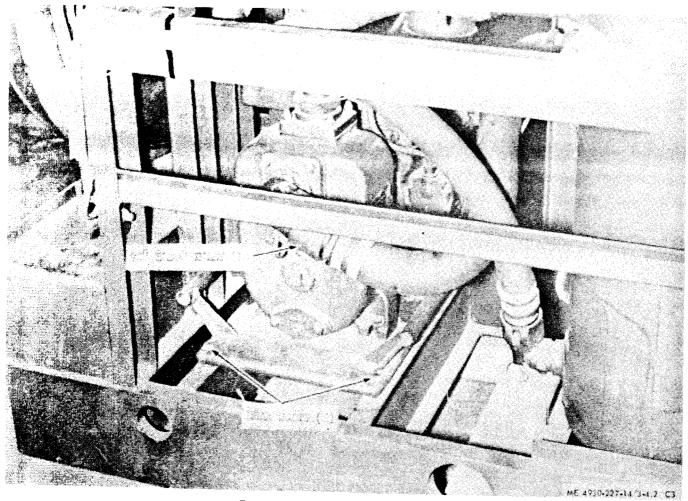


Figure 3-4.3. Pump and engine unit

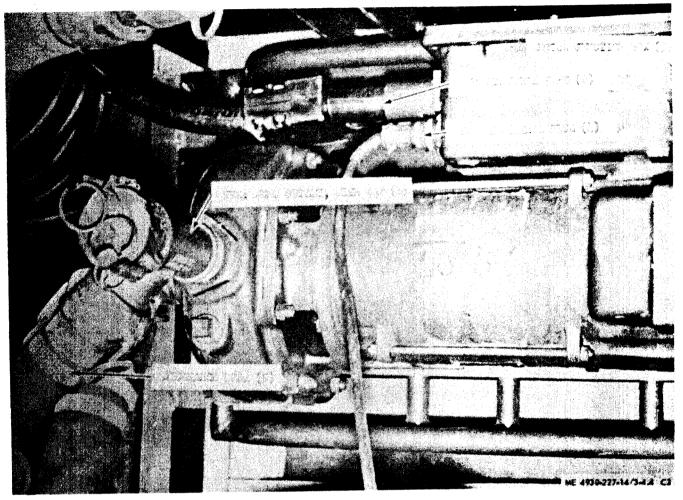


Figure 3-4.4. Pump and engine unit

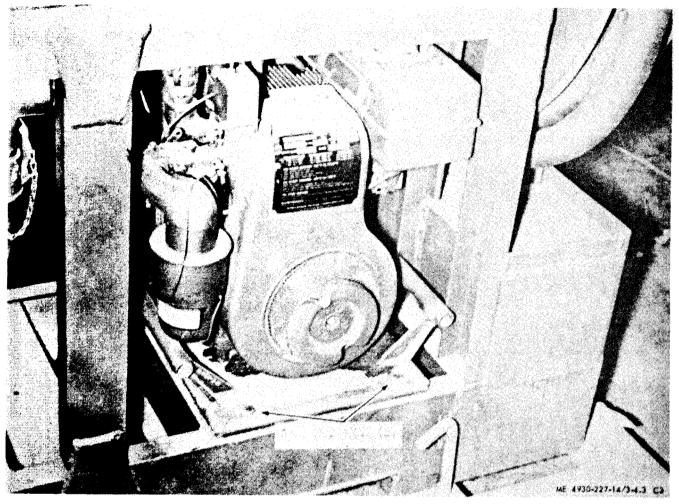


Figure 3-4.5. Pump and engine unit

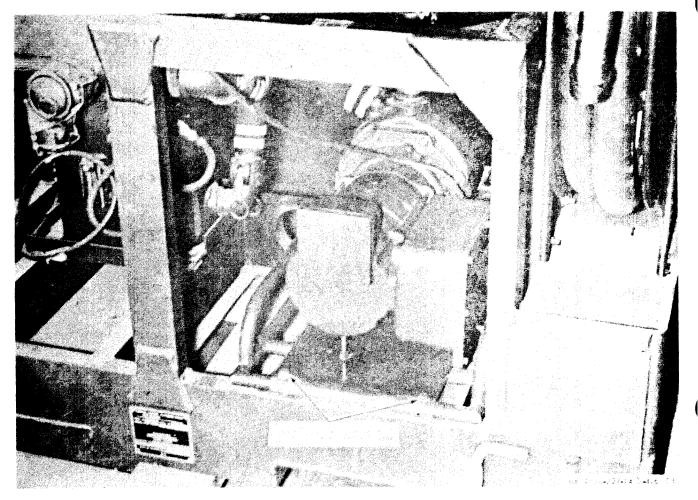


Figure 3-4.6. Pump and engine unit

Page 3-9. After paragraph 3-17e. add the following:

3–17.1. Electric Motor and Pump

a. Disassembly. To disassemble the pump unit proceed as follows:

(1) Disconnect hoses from pump unit and remove from carrier.

(2) Refer to figure 3-6.1, and disassemble pump and remove motor.

CAUTION

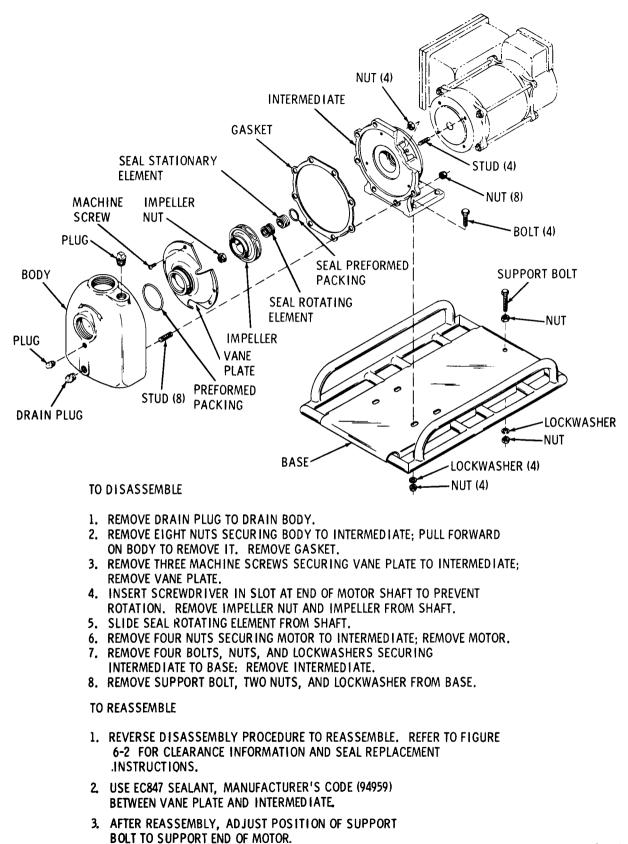
Prior to removal of seal, wipe shaft area clean of all particles.

b. Cleaning and Inspection. Clean and inspect the pump as follows:

(1) Clean all parts as required; dry thoroughly with clean compressed air.

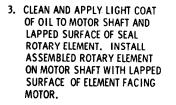
(2) Inspect all parts for excessive wear, cracks, scoring, and other damage. Replace all gaskets and seals, and all other defective parts.

c. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-6.1 and reassemble the pump. Figure 3-6.2 shows clearance requirements between impeller and intermediate and provides instructions for seal installation.



ME 4930-227-14/3-6.1 C3

Figure 3-6.1. Centrifugal pump, disassembly and reassembly



CAUTION: PRESS ONLY ON TAIL SECTION OF DRIVING BAND. IF ROTARY ELEMENT WILL NOT SLIDE INTO PLACE WITH FINGERS, USE SMOOTH SLEEVE TO PUSH INTO PLACE. MAKE SURE NO DUST OR FOREIGN MATERIAL IS ON LAPPED SURFACES OF SEAL AS SURFACES ENGAGE.

4. ADD SHIMS AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN .008 TO .015 IN. BETWEEN BACK OF IMPELLER AND INTERMEDIATE BRACKET. CHECK CLEARANCE WITH FEELER GAGE WHEN IMPELLER IS TIGHTLY SECURED TO SHAFT.

> NOTE: IF ONLY SEAL HAS BEEN REPLACED, SHIM THICKNESS WILL BE SAME AS BEFORE DISASSEMBLY.

TO BORE OF INTERMEDIATE BRACKET. 2. INSTALL STATIONARY

OIL, MIL-L-2104, GRADE 10

RING AND O-RING ON MOTOR SHAFT AND INTERMEDIATE BRACKET WITH LAPPED (POLISHED) SURFACE FACING TOWARD IMPELLER.

1. APPLY LIGHT COAT OF

CAUTION: TAKE CARE DURING INSTALLATION OF STATIONARY RING TO AVOID DAMAGE TO LAPPED SURFACE, STATIONARY RING MUST BOTTOM SQUARELY IN BORE, A MARRED SURFACE OR IMPROPERLY SEATED STATIONARY RING WILL RESULT IN LEAKAGE WHEN PUMP IS RESTORED TO SERVICE.

ME 4930-227-14/3-6.2 C3

Figure S-6.2. Centrifugal pump, seal and impeller installation

INTERMEDIATE

BRACKET

IMPELLER

.008 TO .015

Page 5-2. Paragraph 5-4e, 5-4.f and 5-4g are added:

LOCKNUT ~

e. Electric Motor Classifications and Ratings.

Horsepower1.33 hp (horsepower) Voltage (dc)28 volts Amperes (at no load)45 amps		
No-load speed4200 rpm		
RotationCounterclockwise facing drive end		
Type of encloseure Explosion-proof		
LubricationSealed bearings		
Thermal protector cutout		
temperature250°F (120°C)		
f. Motor Rewinding Information.		
Armature:		
Number of slots18		
Number of commutator18 segments		
Number of single coils18		
Conductor copper size4 No. 16		
Turns per coil4		

Feet of wire per coil18 Conductor insulationMIL-W-583 Type HPF Insulating materials
Slot cell (basic010 in. E.I. DuPont ground) "Nomex" polyamide paper
Slot cell (basic ground)Dacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100 (alternate) 3/5/3 (MIL-I-22834)
Shaft insulation010 in. E.I. DuPont "Nomex" polyamide paper
Shaft insulationDacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100(alternate)3/5/3 (MIL-I-22834)
End fiber laminations1/16 in. polyester glass (NEMA G.P. GPO-1)
End fiber laminationsGlass-Melamine (MIL-P- 15037 Type GME)
Slot wedge1/16 in. polyester glass (NEMA G.P. GPO-1)
Slot wedgeGlass-Melamine (MIL-P- 15037 Type GME)
Coil overlap insulation Dacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100 2/2/2 (MIL-I-22834)

C 3, TM 5-4930-227-14

			
Under leads to commu- tator	.007 in., varnished glass cloth (MIL-I-17205)		and Dacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100
	Braided glass (MIL-I-13190)	series 2/2/2 (MIL-I-22834) Glass adhesive tape007 in. woven glass	
	.006 in. woven glass (MIL-	-	(MIL-I-15126)
Coil load tion	I-15126 Type GFT)		Acrylic glass
Coil lead ties	Dacron-glass tie tape	Interpole flanges _	Glass-Melamine (MIL-P- 15037, Type GME)
Commutator washer	Dacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100	Glass tape	
	3/14/3 (MIL-I-22834)	-	1140 Class C ECAA)
Commutator lead band	Glass cord Varnish, Schenectady No. 31	Interpole ground	-
Dipping compounds	(MIL-I-24092CL. 155	insulation Field coil insulation	3/5/3 (MIL-I-22834) nDacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100
	Type M)		3/5/3 (MIL-I-22834)
	Preheat armature for two	Ground insulation c	collar Dacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100
procedures	hours at 315 to 325°F. Dip in varnish and bake	Lead cable	2/2/2 (MIL-I-22834) MIL-W-583 Type L-2
	for one hour at 315 to	Indu cubic	AWG #10 (Beldon)
	325°F. Repeat two more	Dipping compound	Varnish, Schenectady, No. 31
	times, extending last baking time to 6 hours.		(MIL-I- 24092 CL 155
Stator shunt winding	baaing time to o nours.	Dipping and bakir	Type M) ng Preheat field winding for 2
Conductor copper size		procedures	hours at 315 to 325°F. Dip
Turns per coil			in varnish and bake for
Conductor insulation Feet of wire per coil	••		1 hour at 315 to 325°F. Repeat two more times.
Stator series .winding			extending the last baking
Conductor copper size			time to 6 hours
Turns per coil Conductor insulation		a. Electric M	Notor Repair and Replacement
Feet of wire per coil		Standards	· · ·
Stator intercoil winding	•• • •	Shunt field winding	7
Conductor copper size Turns per coil			5 41.87 ohms
Conductor insulation		Series field winding	g
Feet of wire per coil	_ 47		0063 ohms
Stator Insulating materials		Interpole winding	0129 ohm
. .	Dacron-Mylar-Dacron D-100		
	2/2/2 (MIL-I-22834)	Page 5-2. Add	the following to Table 5–3.
Malfunction	Probable		Corrective action
5. Electric motor fails to fails to reach rated s		stuck in holders	a. Disassemble motor to check brushes. Clean and free or
	pecu		replace brushes as necessary
			(para 6-8.1)
	b. Commutator bur dirty	ned, pitted, or	b. Disassemble motor; clean or turn down commutator. Replace rotor
	unty		if commutator is worn or
			damaged beyond repair
	. Aunstanna shawta	1	(para 6-8.1) c. Repair or replace armature (para
	c. Armature shorted	i or open	6-8.1)
	d. Stator shorted or	r open	d. Repair or replace stator winding
	e. Thermal unit op	en	(para 6-8.1) e. Replace thermal unit buried in
	f. Power relay coil	open	stator winding (para 6-8.1) f. Replace power relay (para
- 			6-8.1)
6. Electric motor noisy o vibrates excessivel	y damaged		a. Overhaul motor (para 6-8.1)
	b. Armature lamin against pole p		b. Overhaul motor and correct trouble (para 6-8.1)
7. Electric motor overhead	ts a. Bearings dry or	damaged.	a. Overhaul motor (para 6-8.1)
	b. Armature or sta	ator shorted	b. Replace or repair armature or stator (para 6-8.1)
8. Electric motor runs fo			Replace thermal overload protector
while then stops	in stator defective	e	(para 6-8.1)

15

Page 6-4. Paragraph 6-8.1 is added:

6-8.1. Electric Motor

a. Removal and Disassembly. To remove and disassemble the pump drive motor, proceed as follows:

(1) Remove the pump as shown in figure 3-6.1.

(2) Refer to figure 6-11.1 and disassemble the motor. The sequence of disassembly is indicated by the index numbers assigned.

(3) Do not remove the stator coils (58) unless inspection indicates that they are open, shorted, grounded, or have low insulation resistance.

b. Cleaning and Inspection. To clean and inspect the unit, proceed as follows:

(1) Clean all metallic parts as required; dry thoroughly.

(2) Clean the exterior of electrical parts as required. Take care to prevent saturation of electrical winding, leads, and contacts.

(3) Inspect the armature shaft (55) for worn or damaged bearing seats, bent shaft extension, windings broken away from the commutator risers, and worn or burned commutator.

(4) Use test equipment listed in table 6-1 to perform electrical tests of motor components.

CAUTION

Remove electrical leads from item 31, figure 6-11.1 prior to removal of rear head, item 35.

Item	FSN or part mo	Use
Multimeter	66252425023	Check continuity of cir- cuits and resistance of stator
Megger	6625–246–5880 Model ZM–2A/U	Check dielectric strength of winding insulation.

(5) Check the armature for shorts with a growler. Use a multimeter to check for grounds by checking for continuity between the armature shaft and each commutator bar. No continuity should exist. Check for open armature windings with a multimeter. Continuity should exist between all adjacent commutator bars.

(6) Inspect brushes (38) for cracks, chips, oil saturation, and wear. If brushes are damaged or worn to less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch long, replace them.

(7) Inspect the brush ring (41) for cracks, distortion, bent or loose brushholder studs. In-

spect the brush boxes on the brush ring for distortion and wear. Replace a damaged brush ring.

(8) Inspect the stator assembly for cracks, distortion, and damaged winding insulation. Check the stator coils (58) for continuity by using a multimeter. Continuity must exist across the coils. Check field resistance with a multimeter. Resistance values are given in Maintenance Data, paragraphs 5-4e. Check for grounds with a multimeter. No continuity should exist between the winding terminals and an unpainted portion of the stator frame (59). With radio frequence interference suppression filter (23) disconnected, apply 1500 volts for one second between ground and stator leads to check insulation resistance. Repair or replace a damaged stator.

CAUTION

Failure to disconnect radio frequency interference suppression filter before applying high insulation resistance test voltage will burn out the filters.

(9) Inspect the power relay (31) for binding armature movement and for burned or worn contact points. If points are dirty, insert a piece of card stock between the points and manually operate the armature. Pull out the card stock to burnish the points. Repeat as necessary. Apply 24 volts dc to the operating coil of the relay and check relay operation. Points should close instantly and firmly when the coil is energized and should release immediately when the coil is deenergized.

(10) Check the interference filter (23) for cracks and dents. Check for continuity across each of the three circuits of the filter using a multimeter. Continuity must exist across each circuit. Replace a faulty filter, part number JN-14828A.

(11) Inspect electrical connector (11) and the plug assembly (14) for cracks, damaged threads, loose or broken terminals, damaged insulation and other damage; replace damaged parts.

(12) Inspect the front head (44), rear head (35), conduit box (26), and cover (2) for cracks, distortion, worn or damaged threads, and other damage; replace damaged parts.

(13) Inspect all other parts for cracks, distortion, damaged threads, and other damage; replace damaged parts.

c. Repair. To repair the unit, proceed as follows:

(1) If armature shaft windings are damaged, rewind the armature as follows: (a) Refer to the motor rewinding information in the tabulated data, paragraph 5-4e.

(b) Stack laminations on the shaft with 3/32 inch glass-polyester mat lamination end fibers in place. Place slot cells (fig. 6-11.2) in the core to insulate the shaft. Use glass adhesive tape to hold shaft insulation in place.

(c) Use a piece of 2/2/2 dacron-mylardacron per MIL-I-22834 to insulate the overlap coils on the end turns.

(d) Separate commutator leads with a layer of 0.007 inch (minimum) varnished glass cloth per MIL-I-17205.

(e) Hold coils in place with wedges of polyester-glass mat per NEMA G.P. GPO-1.

(f) Dip and bake the armature as indicated in paragraph 5-4e.

(2) Repair a slightly burned or pitted commutator with OO sandpaper. If the commutator is badly scored pitted or burned, turn down the commutator on a lathe. Take light cuts and remove only enough metal to assure that the commutator is clean and smooth. Finish the commutator with OO sandpaper held against the commutator with a block of wood. After finishing, undercut the mica separators to a depth of 1/32 inch, using a hacksaw blade 0.035 inch wide. Smooth commutator with OO sandpaper after undercutting.

(3) If stator windings are shorted, burned, or grounded, rewind the stator as follows:

(a) Refer to motor rewinding information in tabulated data, paragraph 5-4e.

(b) Wind the field coils on forms with the inner periphery strip placed around the form before winding. Refer to figure 6-11.3.

(c) Wind the shunt winding first, then position the insulation around the shunt winding before winding the series windings around the shunt windings.

(d) Weld leads to coil ends. Insulate welds with acrylic sleeving. Insulate pole connection coil leads with acrylic sleeving.

(e) Tape coils overall 1/2 inch with glass tape, lapped one-half its width every turn. Tape leads securely to the coils. Insert the taped coils and ground insulation into the field structure before impregnation with varnish per MIL-I-24092, CL 155, Type M.

(f) When unwinding the interpole coil, carefully note the position of the thermal overload protector imbedded within the windings to assure that it will be replaced in the same position from which it was removed.

(g) When winding the interpole coils, place the ground insulation around the interpole iron before winding. Also install the top and bottom flanges before winding. While winding, carefully imbed the thermal overload protection in the coils in the same position from which it was removed, (subpara (f) above).

(h) Insulate the interpole leads with acrylic sleeving.

(i) Assemble the interpole coils into the field structure before varnish impregnation.

(j) Dip and bake the field windings as indicated in para. 5-4e.

d. Reassemble and Installation. To reassemble and install proceed as follows:

(1) Reassembly is essentially the reverse of diassembly. Refer to figure 6-11.1.

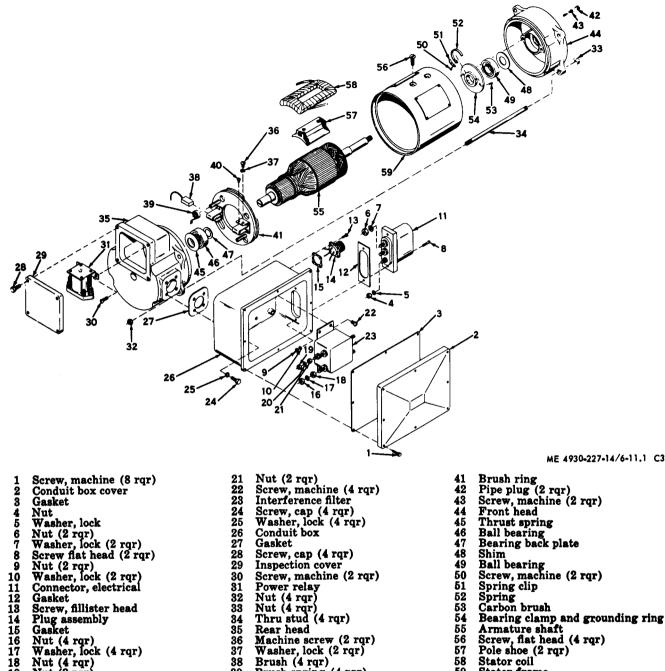
(2) When pressing the bearings (46 and 49) onto the armature shaft (55), use a sleeve that will fit over the end of the shaft and will engage the inner race of the bearing. The end of the sleeve must be square with the length to assure that equal force is applied to all parts of the inner race. Use an arbor press to install the bearings.

(3) When installing the stator coils (58), use a pole-shoe spreader to assure that pole shoes are properly seated in the stator frame.

(4) After pulling the wires from the relay (31) through the head-to-conduit port in the rear head, the port must be sealed around the wires. Sealing is done with wicking and sealing compound (70020) Bi-Wax 510, to the dimensions shown in figure 6-11.4.

(5) After reassembly, rotate the armature shaft through several rotations to assure that it rides freely in the bearings and that it does not rub or bind.

(6) Install the pump on the motor (para 3-17.1)



- 19
- Nut (4 rqr) Nut (2 rqr) Washer, lock (2 rqr) 20

Figure 6-11.1. Electric motor, exploded view

Brush spring (4 rqr)

Screw, machine (2 rqr)

39

40

WEDGE 1/16" POLYESTER-**GLASS MAT** SLOT CELL .010" (MIN.) "NOMEX" PAPER OR 3/5/3 DMD-100

ME 4930-227-14/6-11.2 C3

Stator frame

59

Figure 6-11.2. Armature slot detail

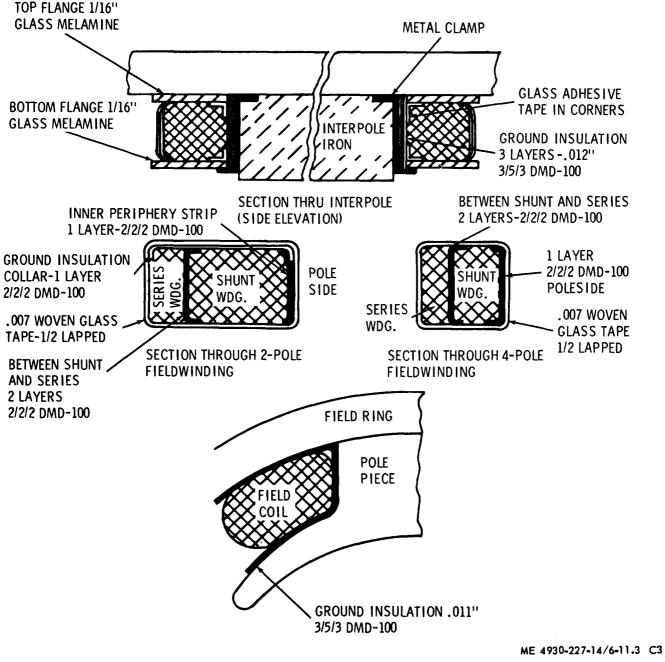


Figure 6-11.3. Stator winding detail

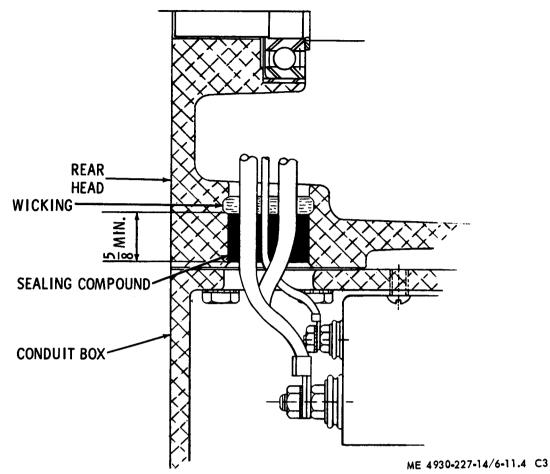


Figure 6-11.4. Sealing dimensions for rear head port

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

CREIGHTON W. ABRAMS, General, United States Army, Chief of Staff.

Official: VERNE L. BOWERS Major General, United States Army, The Adjutant General.

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Distribution:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25A (qty rqr block No. 154), Organizational maintenance requirements for Petroleum Distribution.

TM 5-4930-227-14 C2

CHANGE

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C., 30 April 1973

Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING; FOR TRUCK MOUNTING (HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000) FSN 4930-877-8678

TM 5-4930-227-14, 13 June 1969, is changed as follows:

Page 2-12. Following paragraph 2-8 add:

CAUTION

It is mandatory that the performance of filter/separator on all aircraft refueling equipment be checked every 30 days through the submission of samples taken from the effluent stream of the filter/separator.

Page C-1. Appendix C is superseded as follows:

APPENDIX C BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST AND ITEMS TROOP INSTALLED OR AUTHORIZED

Section 1. INTRODUCTION

C-1. Scope.

This appendix lists items required by the operator for operation of the tank and pump unit.

C-2. General

This list is divided into the following sections:

a. Basic Issue Items List — Section II. Not applicable

b. Items Troop Installed or Authorized List — Section III. A list of items of alphabetical sequence, which at the discretion of the unit commander may accompany the tank and pump unit. These items are NOT SUBJECT TO TURN-IN with the tank and pump unit when evacuated.

C-3. Explanation of Columns

The following provides an explanation of columns in the tabular list of Basic Issue Items List, Section II, and Items Troop Installed or Authorized, Section III.

a. Source, Maintenance and Recoverability Code (SMR). Not applicable.

5. Federal Stock Number. This column indicates the Federal stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.

c. Description. This column indicates the Federal item name and any additional description of the item required.

d. Unit of Measure (U/M). A two character alphabetic abbreviation indicating the amount or quantity of the item upon which the allowances are based, e.g., ft, ea, pr, etc.

e. Quantity Furnished with Equipment (BILL). Not applicable.

f. Quantity Authorized (Items Troop Installed or Authorized). This column indicates the quantity of the item authorized to be used with the equipment

Section III. ITEMS TROOP INSTALLED OR AUTHORIZED LIST

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(8)
SMR	Federal Stock Number	Description	Unit of	Qty auth
		Ref Ne. & Mfr Usable Code on code	illess.	
	7520-559-9618	CASE, Maintenance and Operation Manuals	EA	1

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

Official:

CREIGHTON W. ABRAMS General, United States Army Chief of Staff

VERNE L. BOWERS Major General, United States Army The Adjutant General

Distribution:

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No. 5-4930-227-14

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D. C., 13 June 1969

Operator, Organizational, Direct Support, and General Support

Maintenance Manual

TANK AND PUMP UNIT, LIQUID DISPENSING,

FOR TRUCK MOUNTING

(HIGHLAND INDUSTRIES MODEL 2000)

FSN 4930-077-8678

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Section I. GENERAL

1-1. Scope

a. These instructions are published for the use of the personnel maintaining the Tank and Pump Unit, Model 2000, as allocated by the Maintenance Allocation Chart. It provides information on operator, organizational, direct support, and general support maintenance of the equipment, its accessories, and auxiliaries. The organizational, direct and general support maintenance repair parts and special tool list are in TM 5-4930-227–24P.

b. Number in parentheses on illustrations indicate the quantity. Numbers preceding nomenclature callouts on illustrations indicate the preferred maintenance sequence.

1-2. Forms and Records

a. DA forms and records used for equipiment maintance will be only those prescribed in TM 38-750.

b. Report of errors, omissions, and recommendations for improving this publication by the individual user is encouraged. Reports should be submitted on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to DA Publications) and forwarded direct to the Commanding General, U.S. Army Mobility Equipment Command, ATTN: AMSME-MPP, 4300 Goodfellow Boulevard, St. Louis, Mo. 63120.

1-3. Administrative Storage

Refer to TM 740-90-1, administrative storage of equipment.

Section II. DESCRIPTION AND DATA

1-4. Description

a. General. The Tank and Pump Unit, Model 2000, consists of a 50 gpm (gallons per minute) pumping assembly (fig. 1-1), two 600-gallon tanks (FSN 5430-58-2529) and related items. It is designed for use with 2 1/2 ton, 6X6 cargo truck M-34, M-35 and M-211, and with 5 ton, 6X6 cargo trucks M-41 and M-54. When installed in a cargo truck, the tank and pump unit is used in the field as a bulk carrier and dispenser. It carries 1,200 gallons. The purpose of the tank and pump unit is to convert a general purpose military cargo vehicle into a bulk refueler for other military vehicles or aircraft.

b. Pumping Assembly. The pumping assembly of the Tank and Pump Unit, Model 2000, includes the pump, engine, filter/separator, reels and other related items of equipment (fig. 1-2 and 1-3).

c. *Pump.* The pump (fig. 1-4) is a selfpriming unit, with the impeller screwed on the extension of the engine crankshaft. The pump is coupled to the engine by an intermediate coupling and seal. Both pump and engine are mounted on a base plate to facilitate removal and use in auxiliary pumping operations (para 2-11d).

d. Engine. The engine (fig. 1-2) is a onecylinder, 4-cycle, air-cooled, hand-cranked, Wisconsin Gasoline Engine, Model MBKND. A radio-shielded magneto supplies the ignition spark, and a governor controls the engine speeds by varying throttle openings to suit pump loads. A gasoline tank of one gallon capacity is provided.

e. Filter/Separator. The filter/separator (fig. 1-3) is a vertical, 50 gpm unit designed for maximum operating pressure of 40 psi (pounds per square inch). Both solids and water (free from entrained water) are removed from the fuel through coalescing and filtering media of the elements inside the filter/separator. The filter/separator has four canisters and filter elements, two pressure gages, sight glass, and two drains. Solid contaminants are deposited in the elements. The emulsified or entrained water coalesces within the elements and settles to the deck plate where it is removed, periodically, through the upper drain, as free water. Clean product builds up in the shell, and is pumped to the hose reels. Refer to figure 1-5 for the flow of the pumped product.

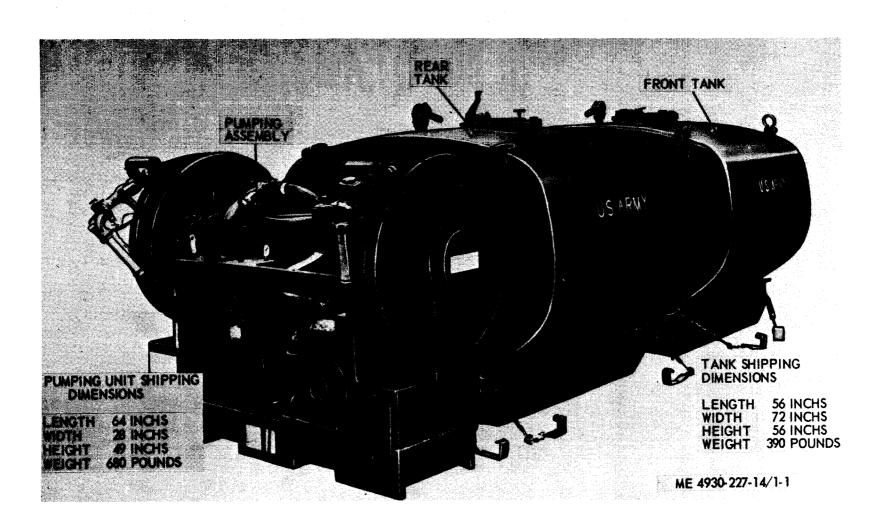


Figure 1-1. Tank and pump unit, with shipping dimensions.

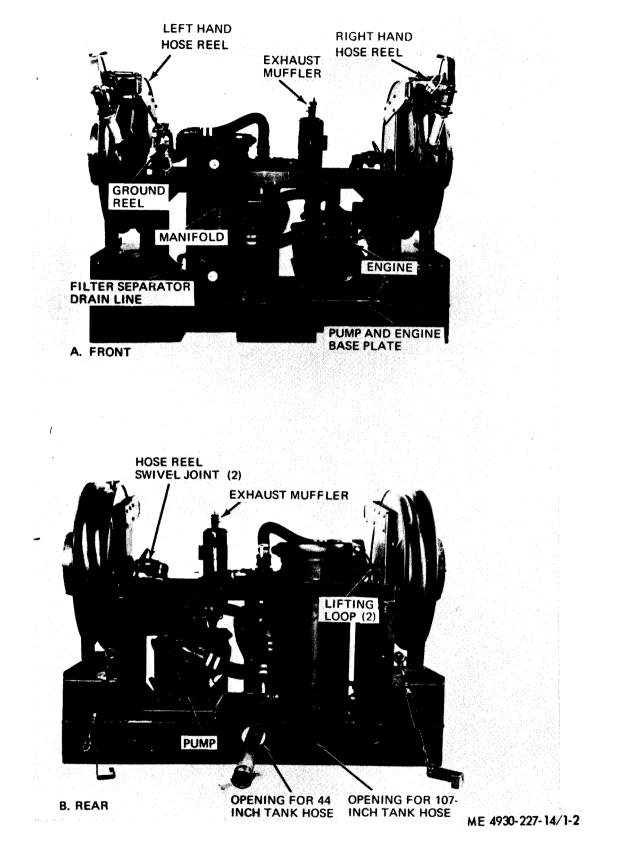


Figure 1-2. Pumping assembly, front and rear view.

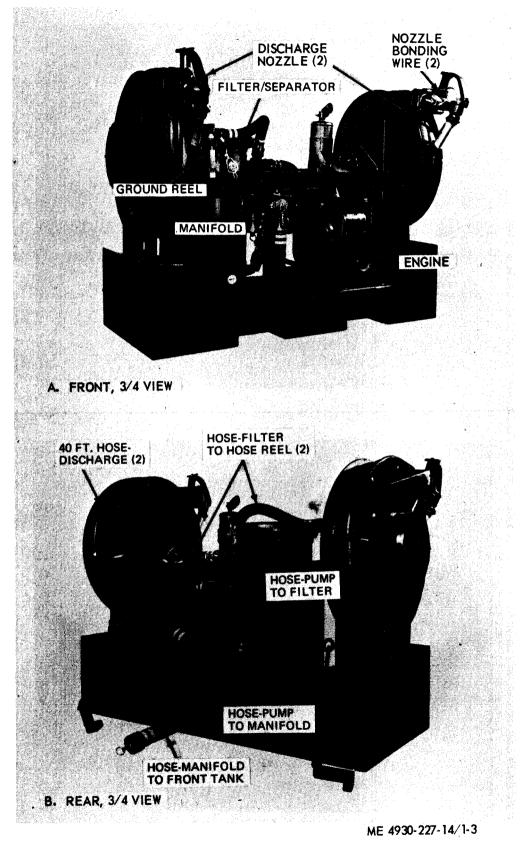


Figure 1-3. Pumping assembly, front and rear, three-quarter view.

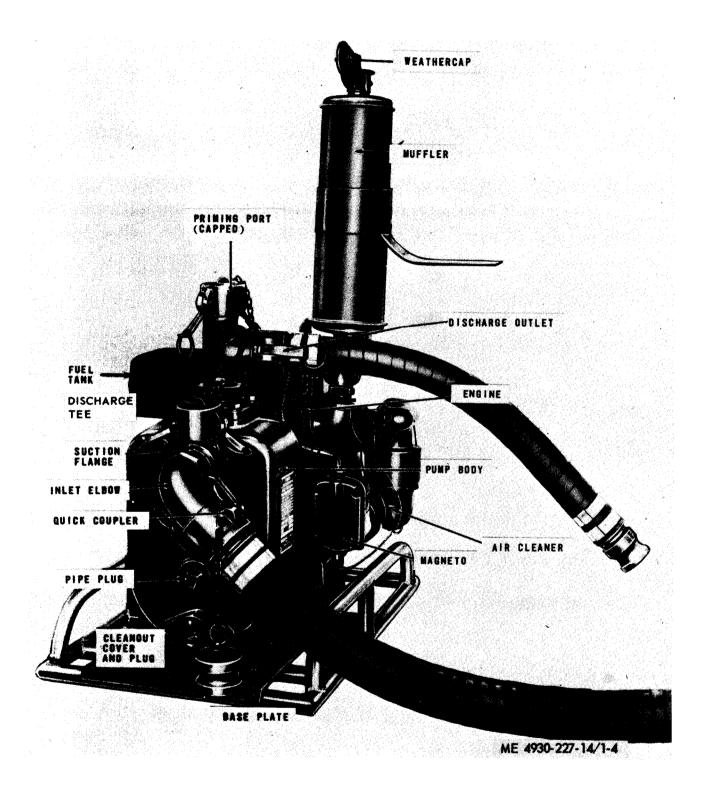


Figure 1-4. Pump and engine assembly, three-quarter view.

1-5. Identification and Tabulated Data

a. Identificatwn. The tank and pump unit pumping assembly has four major identification and instruction plates.

(1) *Tank and pump unit manufacturer's plate.* Located on the lower center front frame. Specifies the nomenclature, manufacturer, model number, serial number, specification number.

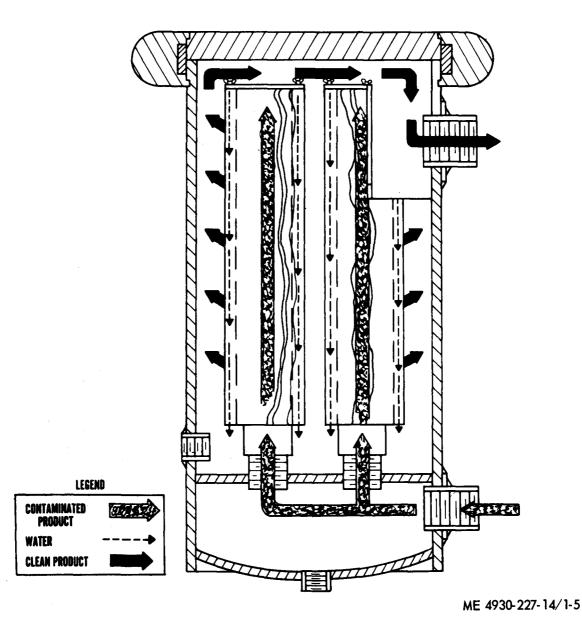


Figure 1-5. Filter/separator flow chart.

contract number, date manufactured, weight empty, weight with 500 gallons of gasoline, and weight with 1200 gallons of gasoline.

(2) *Pump manufacturer's identification plate.* Located on the left side of pump housing. Specifies the make, model number, serial number, size, and pumping assembly Federal stock number.

(3) *Engine manufacturers identification plate.* Located on the top front of the engine air shroud. Specifies the model, serial number,

size, rpm, specification number net continuous brake horsepower, and date of manufacture.

(4) *Tank and pump unit operation data.* Located on lower left frame, specifies pre-operation procedures, engine starting and stopping instructions, and pumping instructions.

b. Tabulated Data.

(1) Engine.

Manufacturer____Wiscousin Motors Corp. Model_____MBKND 182918 RPM _____.3000 Spec. No. ______18L918 Net Cont bhp_____4.49 Type _____4 cycle Bore _____2 7/8 in. Stroke _____2 3/4 in. Displacement _____17.8 cu in. Horsepower _____4.49 @ 3000 rpm Lubrication _____Splash Cooling _____Air

(2) Carburetor.

Manufacturer	Zenith Carburetor Company
Model	
Туре	Float feed

(3) Spark plug.

Manufacturer _____Auto-lite Division, Ford Motor Co. Number _____BR8S

(4) Magneto.

Manufacturer _____Fairbanks Morse Model _____FMPE1B7

(5) Capacities.

Engine fuel tank _____1 gal Engine air cleaner ______L/8 qt Engine crankcase -----1 qt

(6) Adjustment data. Spark plug gap _____0.030 in. Magneto point gap _____0.015 in. Tappet clearance: Intake valve _____0.008 in. Exhaust valve _____0.014 in.

(7) Dimensions and weight.

(a) **Pumping assembly**.

Length	64 in (inches)
Width	28 in.
Height	49in.
Weight	

(b) Tank.

Length	56 in.
Width	72 in.
Height	
Weight (empty)	

1-6. Difference in Models

This manual covers only the Tank and Pump Unit, Highland Industries Model 2000. No known differences exist for the model covered in this manual.

CHAPTER 2

INSTALLATION AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Section I. SERVICE UPON RECEIPT OF EQUIPMENT

2-1. Inspection and Servicing Equipment

a. Inspection.

(1) Inspect the identification plates for positive identification of the equipment.

(2) Make a thorough inspection of the pumping assembly and tanks for damage which may have occurred during shipment.

(3) Check the equipment against the packing list to make certain all items are accounted for and in serviceable condition.

(4) Inspect the components for loose or missing mounting hardware and loose connections.

(1) Turn the engine with the starter rope to make sure all moving parts are free.

b. Servicing.

(1) Lubricate the engine in accordance with lubrication order LO 5-4930-227-12.

(2) Perform preventive maintenance checks and services (para 3-7).

(3) Correct all deficiencies or report them to direct support maintenance.

2-2. Installation of Separately Packed Components

The tanks and pumping unit are shipped on individual skids. Refer to paragraph 2-3 for installation of these components.

2-3. Installation or Setting-Up Instructions

a. General. The tank and pump unit is designed for mounting in trucks. Three types of blocking frames have been devised to prevent shifting of the tank and pump unit during movement, particularly on rough terrain. Section 1 (fig. 2-1) is used in the 5 ton, 6x6 cargo truck M-54, and prevents longitudinal movement. Sections 2 and 3 are also used in the M-54 cargo truck, and in the 2 1/2 ton, 6x6 cargo trucks M-35 and M-211. They are designed to prevent side movements of the tank and pump unit. Construct

frames in empty truck bed for ease in measuring lengths of lumber and assembling frames. Install tank and pump unit between the frames when the frames are constructed. Complete installation instructions are given in *b*, below. Dimensions shown in figure 2-1 must be altered slightly to take care of individual differences in dimensions of equipment. Before constructing blocking frames, check measurements of the truck bed and tank skids to determine centerline for mounting of tanks. The tanks must be centered so that section 2 blocking frames will fit properly. Also determine centerline of pumping assembly so that section 3 blocking frames will fit properly. As an alternate method, tank and pump unit may be temporarily centered in truck bed and an outline made along sides of tank skids and pumping assembly to check on dimensions used in constructing blocking frames.

b. Installation.

(1) Lower tailgate of truck and remove tarpaulin, bows, and racks with seats. Install sectional blocking frame support in M-54 cargo truck by lifting spare tire assembly and sliding the blocking frame to a position against the rear end of the truck body. Let spare tire rest against rear crosspiece.

(2) Install the two parts of section 2 against section 1, or on 2 1/2 ton cargo trucks, against rear end of truck body.

(3) Refer to figure 2-2 and install the tanks and pumping assembly in truck. Add the two parts of section 3 along sides of pumping assembly and against section 2 of blocking frame.

(4) Secure tanks and pumping assembly to sides of truck bed with horizontal tiedown assemblies. Handtight only.

c. Tank Vertical Tiedown.

(1) Refer to figure 2-3 for identification of tiedown strap assemblies.

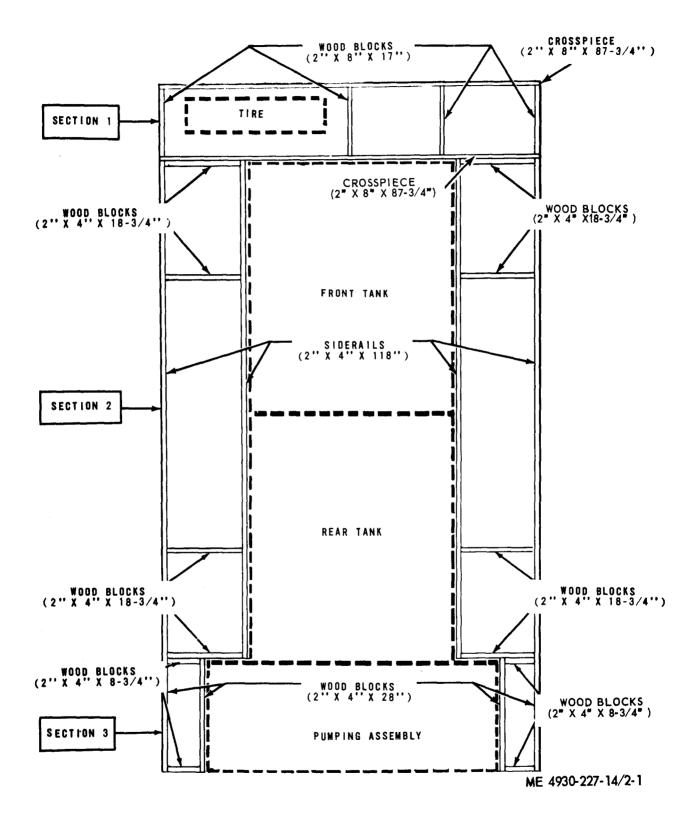
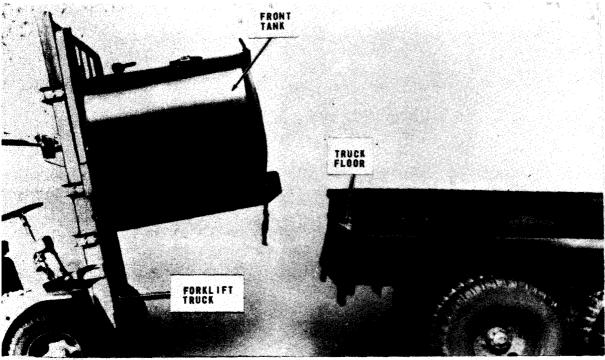
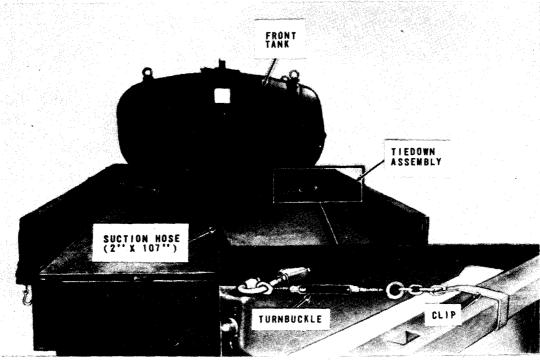


Figure 2-1. Blocking instructions.

(2) To unlock or release ratchet, press release in ratchet handle. Hold release, pull handle down until side cams engage and push static ratchet lacks up from ratchet dogs. This allows center ratchet spool to rotate in either direction.



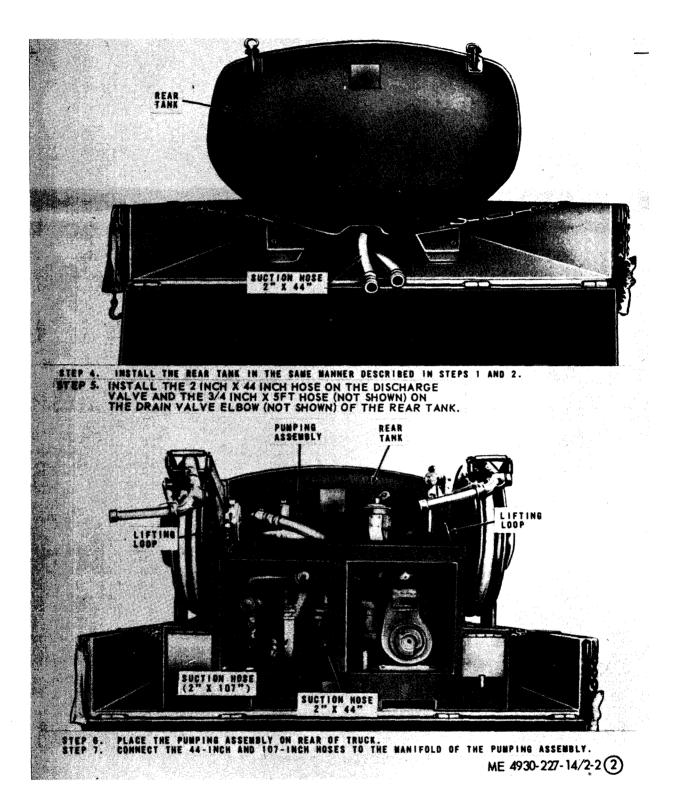
STEP 1. PLACE THE FRONT TANK IN THE TRUCK WITH A FORKLIFT OR OTHER SUITABLE LIFTING DEVICE.



STEP 2. SECURE TANK IN PLACE WITH TIEDOWN ASSEMBLY. STEP 3. CONNECT THE 2 INCH X 107 INCH HOSE TO THE DISCHARGE VALVE AND CONNECT THE 3/4 INCH X 10FT DRAIN HOSE (NOT SHOWN) TO THE DRAIN VALVE ELBOW (NOT SHOWN) OF THE FRONT TANK.

ME 4930-227-14/2-2 (1)

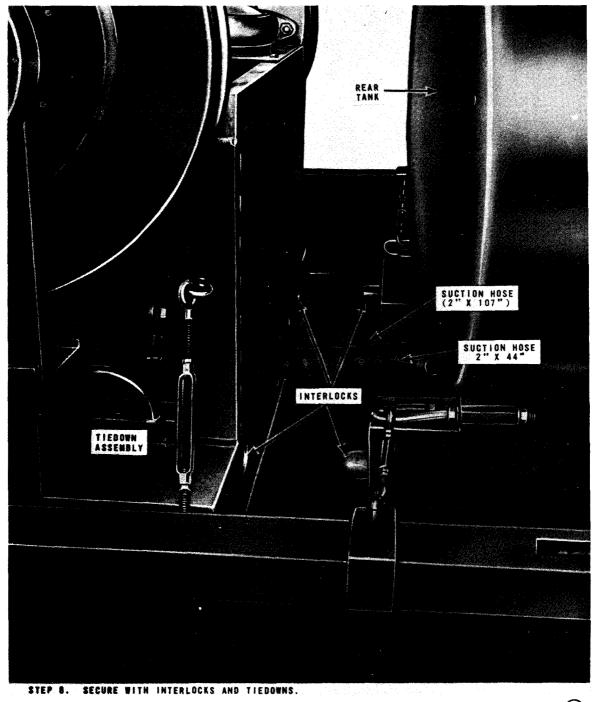
⁽¹⁾ Steps 1 through 3 Figure 2-2. Installing tanks and pump in truck.



(2) Steps 4 through 7 Figure 2-2 - Continued.

(3) To aid in unrolling the nylon strap, turn ratchet hook opening down on a flat surface.

Press down in the center of ratchet, while pulling nylon strap away from ratchet.



ME 4930-227-14/2-2 3

(8) Step 8 Figure 2-2 - Continued.

(4) Refer to figure 2-4 and place tiedown straps over tank ends. Attach brackets to sides of truck. Connect strap end and ratchet to brackets.

Move ratchet handle up and down until strap is tight. Push ratchet handle to the lock position.

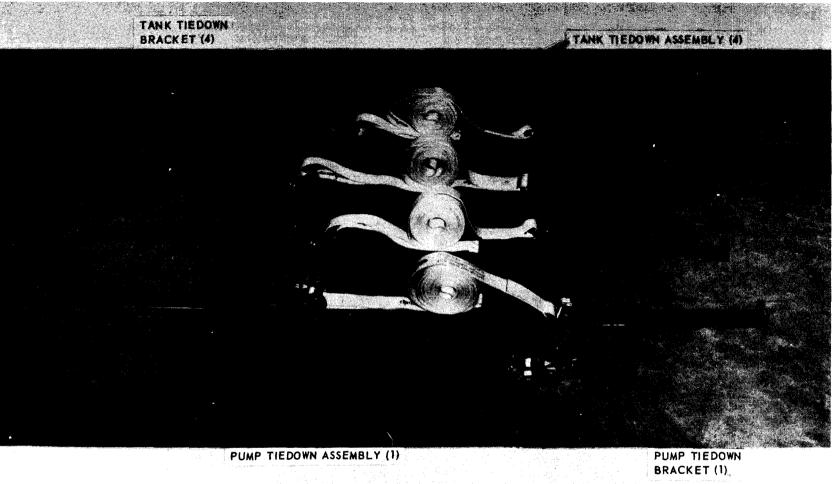
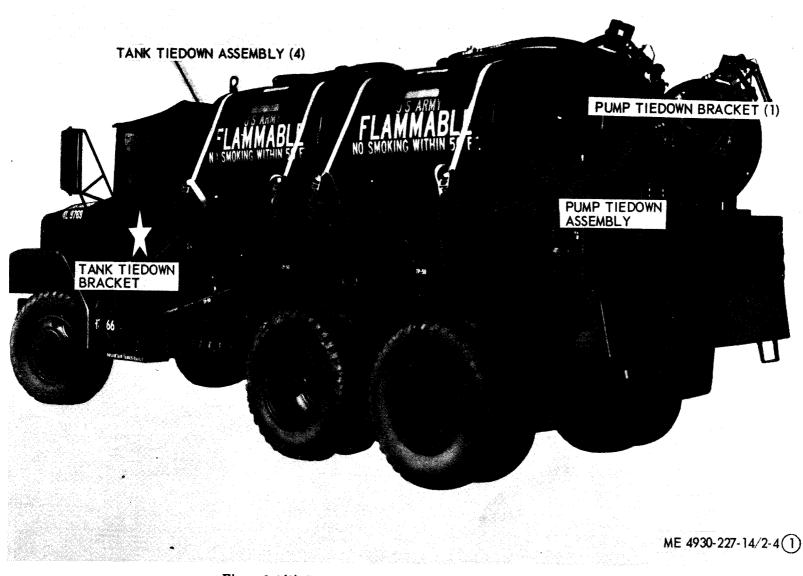
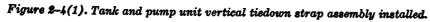


Figure 2-3. Tank and pump unit vertical tiedown strap assembly.

ME 4930-227-14/2-3





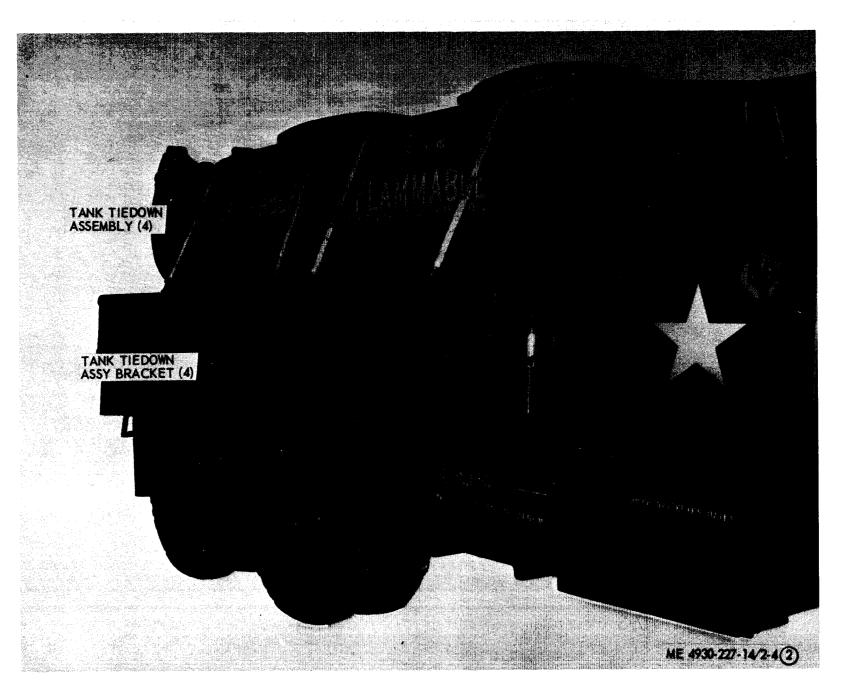


Figure 2-4 (2)-Continued.

d. Pump Unit Rear Tiedown Strap Assembly.

(1) Refer to figure 2-3 for identification of tiedown strap assembly.

(2) Refer to figure 2-4 and hook loose bracket over top of reel frame, long side with hole out and down. Hook bracket attached to strap end beneath rear truck from 8 to 10 inches right of center.

Section II. MOVEMENT TO A NEW WORKSITE

2-4. Dismantling for Movement

a. Short Distance Movement.

(1) Remove the tanks and pump unit from the truck with a forklift or other suitable device.

(2) Move the tanks and pump unit to the new worksite with the forklift or vehicle. Provide suitable blocking and tiedowns to prevent the equipment from shifting.

b. Long Distance Movement.

(1) Provide a suitable container for the

Section III. CONTROLS AND INSTRUCTIONS

2-6. General

This section describes, locates, illustrates, and furnishes the operator, crew, or organizational maintenance personnel, sufficient information about the various controls and instruments for

(3) Pass strap end up through space between tailgate and truck body. Insert strap end, rear to front, thru slot in center of ratchet spool. Pull all slack thru ratchet spool by strap end.

(4) Unlock ratchet, move ratchet handle in an up and down motion until strap is tight. Push ratchet handle to closed position.

(5) Raise the tailgate.

tanks and pump unit. Refer to TM 38-230 for instructions in container fabrication.

(2) Provide suitable blocking and tiedowns to prevent the unit from shifting during transport.

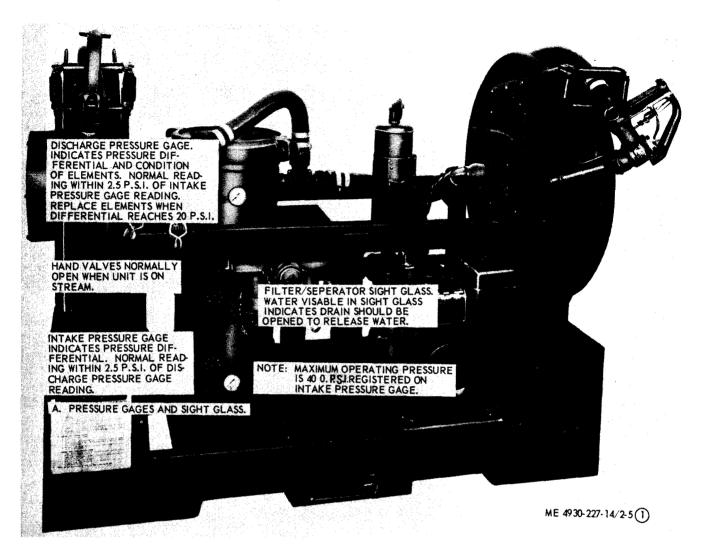
2-5. Reinstallation After Movement

Reinstall the tanks and pump unit after movement to a new worksite as instructed in paragraph 2-3.

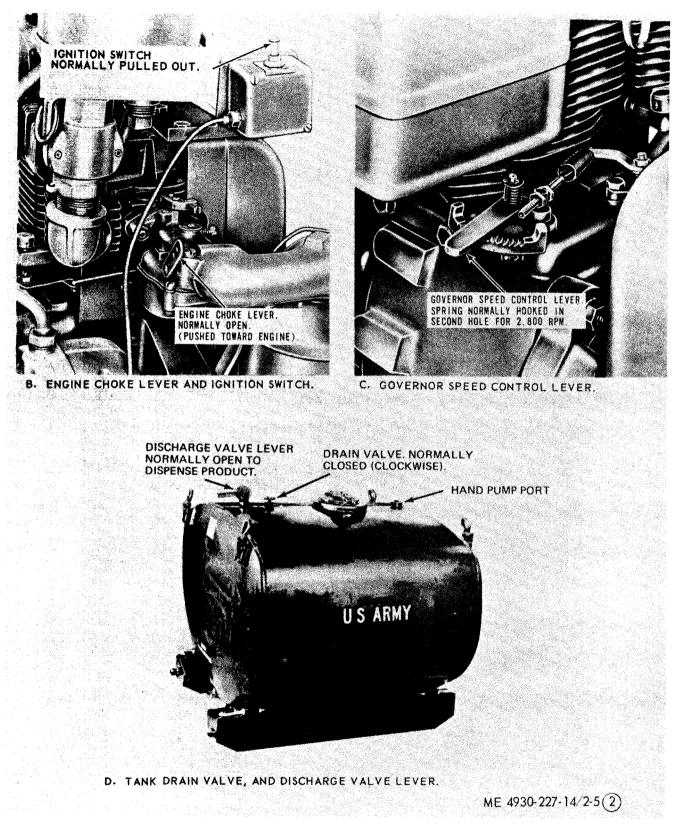
proper operation of the tanks and pump unit.

2-7. Controls and Instruments

The purpose of the controls and instruments and the normal and maximum reading of the instruments are illustrated in figure 2-5.



(1) Reference A Figure 2-5. Controls and instruments.



(2) References B through D Figure 2-5-Continued.

Section IV. OPERATION OF EQUIPMENT

2-8. General

a. The instructions in this section are published for the information and guidance of the personnel responsible for the operation of the tank and pump unit.

b. The operator must know how to perform capable. This section gives instructions on starting, stopping, and operating details of the tank and pump unit. Since nearly every application presents a different problem, the operator may have to vary given procedures to fit the individual job.

2-9. Starting

a. Preparation for Starting.

(1) See that suction hoses connecting tanks to pumping assembly are properly secured. Group pumping assembly before opening the filler plug of a tank.

(2) Drive ground rod into earth near assembly.

(3)Pull ground wires from ground reel (fig. 1-2) and ground one securely to ground rod. Attach other wire to vehicle being fueled.

Caution: Always clip lead to ground rod before attaching lead to vehicle being fueled.

(4) Open only the filler plug of the tank being filled. Do not fill two tanks at the same time unless operator has an assistant. Do not overfill the tanks. Refer to safety precautions.

(5) Maintain a distance of 25 feet between vehicles being fueled.

(6) Open hand-valves of sight glass assembly (fig. 2-5). Open petcock on lower valve to release air if product does not appear in sight glass.

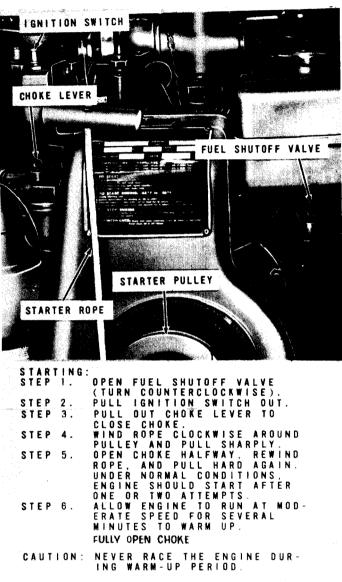
(7) Check glass frequently for presence of water and drain when necessary.

Note. A petcock is located at the bottom of the left side of the filter/separator.

(8) Prime pump through priming port (fig. 1-4), if necessary.

Note. Priming should not be necessary when tanks are full.

b. Starting. Refer to figure 2-6 and start the engine.



ME 4930-227-14/2-6

Figure 2-6. Engine starting instructions.

2-10. Stopping

Refer to figure 2-7 and stop the engine.

2-11. Unit Operation

a. General. The tank and pump unit can be used to dispense all types of automotive and aviation fuels. However, only one grade of fuel should be carried in and dispensed from the unit at a time. Since the pumping assembly is highly adaptable, dispensing with the tank and pump



ME 4930-227-14/2-7

Figure 2-7. Engine stopping instructions.

unit may be done in a variety of ways to meet different situations in the field. This paragraph covers some common operational procedures for the tank and pump unit in the field.

Note. All aircraft fuel must be dispensed through a filter/separator unit.

Warning: Be sure proper grounding procedures have been followed prior to performing any of the following operations; use only high octane fuel for aircraft.

b. Dispersion from Truck Tanks Through Reels.

(1) Lower tailgate and ground the unit; attach one end of the ground wire to the aircraft or vehicle to be fueled.

(2) Attach nozzles and pull out dispensing hoses to desired length; use both hoses if the operator has an assistant. Attach nozzle bonding wires (fig. 1-3) to aircraft or vehicle before opening filler caps and inserting nozzles.

(3) Insert nozzles in vehicle or equipment fuel tanks carefully, but firmly, to form a bond; observe safe fueling rates stenciled near fuel tanks carefully, but firmly, to form a bond; observe safe fueling rates stenciled near fuel tanks.

Caution: When dispensing fuel, attend the nozzles constantly; do not wedge open or block the control lever.

(4) Open a tank discharge valve and start pump. Opening a discharge valve with full tanks should prime the pump.

(5) Be sure that fuel to be dispensed to an aircraft is the same grade as that stenciled near the aircraft filler caps; note tank capacities and ask the pilot or flight engineer for estimate of quantities needed, to avoid spillage.

 $\it Note.$ Do not leave nozzles unattended during refueling.

Caution: Replace filler cap securely before removing the nozzle bonding wire.

Note. Recap, wind and secure nozzle bonding wire around nozzles when through dispensing.

(6) Open second discharge valve just before first tank is emptied, and close first discharge valve when the tank is empty.

(7) Stop pump when operation is completed; drain hoses if shutting down for longer than overnight; rewind hoses, rewind ground wire and remove nozzles and stow.

(8) Refill tanks at the end of the day's operation to reduce condensation during overnight storage.

2-12. Operation in Extreme Cold

a. General. In extreme cold weather it may be necessary to reduce the volume of cooling air flow ing through the engine. This may be accomplished by obstructing the air intake at the flywheel. Exercise care not to cause engine overheating.

b. Fuel System. Keep the fuel tank full to reduce condensation of moisture inside the tank. Clean the fuel filter bowl more frequently. Keep the fuel tank cap free of ice and snow.

c. Ignition System. Before starting, remove all accumulated snow and ice from the spark plug, ignition cable and magneto.

Warning: Do not touch metal parts with bare hands in extremely cold weather.

2-13. Operation in Extreme Heat

a. General. Accumulated dirt on engine reduces radiation of heat. Keep the unit clean to avoid overheating.

b. Cooling System.

(1) Keep the engine cooling fins clean.

(2) Keep all exposed surfaces of the engine clean.

(3) Remove all obstructions to the flow of air across the engine.

c. Lubrication. Refer to lubrication order, LO 5-4930-227-12.

d. Pumping Unit. Where possible, operate the pumping unit in the shade to avoid overheating and do not run the engine too hard. If the engine overheats, remove the load and idle the engine at 1,000 rpm for five minutes. If fuel vapor lock occurs, wait until the engine cools off.

e. Tanks and Hoses. Locate the tanks in the shade, where possible, and wet down with water to reduce heat.

2-14. Operation in Dusty or Sandy Areas

a. Protection. Take advantage of natural barriers to blowing sand and dust; or, if necessary, erect artificial barriers.

b. Air Cleaner. Service the air cleaner frequently (para 3–27).

c. *Filter/Separator Element.* Service the filter/separator frequently (para 3-11).

d. Cleaning. Clean the tank and pump unit with an approved cleaning solvent, giving special attention to cavities, corners, and partially exposed interior spaces. Dry thoroughly. Keep the tank and areas around the discharge valve and controls free from sand and dust.

2-15. Operation Under Rainy or Humid Conditions

When the unit is outside and not operating, protect it with a canvas or other waterproof cover. Remove the cover during dry periods to allow the unit to dry out. Keep the fuel tank full to prevent the forming of condensate. Give special care to keeping all components free from moisture. Clean and paint all surfaces not otherwise protected.

2-16. Operation in Salt Water Areas

Salt water corrodes metal. If unpainted equipment parts are exposed to salt water, clean them off immediately with an approved cleaning solvent, and dry thoroughly. All surfaces should be cleaned daily.

2-17. Operation at High Altitudes

The unit is designed to operate at 8,000 feet above sea level without special adjustments. However, at higher altitudes, the carburetor may require adjustment (para 3-28).

Section V. OPERATION OF AUXILIARY MATERIEL USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TANK AND PUMP UNIT

2-18. General

This section contains information on the fire extinguishers and the fueling meter. The dry-chemical type fire extinguisher (para 2-19) is a nonshatterable, hand-type extinguisher. The fueling meter is a volumetric, positive-displacement, liquid-measuring device, used when refueling aircraft or any vehicle which requires a specific measurement of the product. It is equipped with a five-figure reset counter and a nonsetback totalizer that registers to 9,999,999 gallons.

2-19. Fire Extinguisher (Dry-Chemical Type)

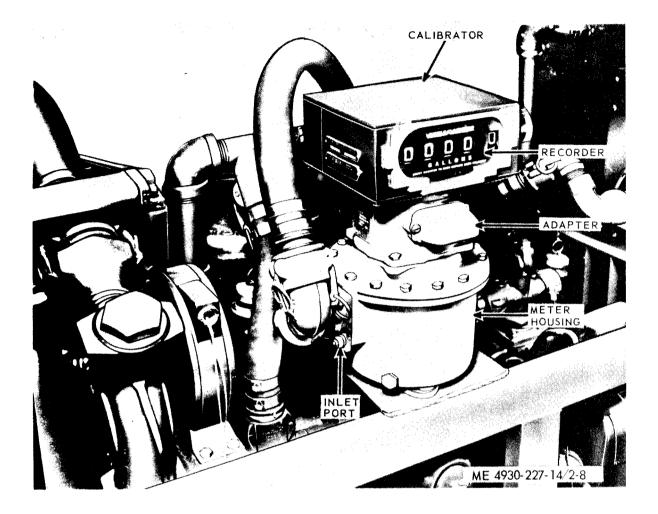
a. Description. The dry-chemical type fire extinguisher is suitable for electrical and flammable liquid fires. *b. Operation.* Remove fire extinguisher from mounting bracket. Release nozzle from holster. Pull pin. Press lever all the way down to pressurive extinguisher. Hold extinguisher upright, squeeze nozzle lever to fully open and direct discharge at base of flame, using rapid side-toside sweeping motion. Always keep flames ahead of dry chemical charge.

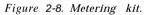
2-20. Metering Kit

A metering kit, FSN 4930-088-7665, is available for pumping assemblies on an as required basis.

2-21. Meter Register Operation

To reset indicating wheels to zero, push in and turn reset knob on right side of register.





Caution: Do not start delivery unless shutter is in full open position. If numbers on indicating wheels are not in full view, resetting operation has not been completed; in which case, turn re-

set knob until shutter disappears and reset knob returns to its normal position. Adjustments or repairs will be accomplisihed by direct support maintenance personnel.

CHAPTER 3

OPERATOR AND ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE

INSTRUCTIONS

Section I. OPERATOR AND ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE

TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

3-1. Tools and Equipment

a. Basic issue tools and repair parts issued with or authorized for the tank and pump unit are listed in the basic issue items list, appendix C of this manual.

b. No special tools or equipment are required by the operator or organizational maintenance

personnel for the maintenance of the tank and pump unit.

3-2. Organizational Maintenance Repair Parts

Organizational maintenance repair parts are listed and illustrated in TM 5-4930-227-24P (when printed).

Section II. LUBRICATION

3-3. General Lubrication

Refer to Lubrication Order, LO 54930-227-12, for general lubrication.

3-4. Detailed Lubrication

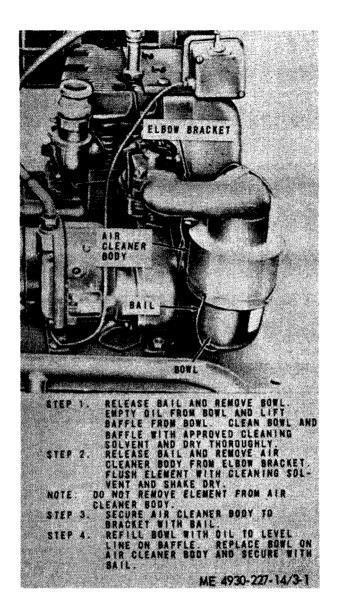
a. Care of Lubrication. Keep all lubricants in closed containers and store in a clean, dry place, away from external heat. Allow no dust, dirt, or other foreign material to mix with the lubricants. Keep all lubrication equipment clean and ready for use.

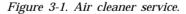
b. Cleaning. Keep all external parts not re-

quiring lubrication free from lubricants. Before lubricating the equipment, wipe all lubrication points free of oil, dirt and grease. Clean all lubrication points after lubricating to prevent the accumulation of foreign matter.

c. Operation Immediately After Lubrication. Operate the engine immediately after lubrication. Inspect the engine for oil leaks. If the crankcase oil has been changed, operate the engine for approximately 5 minutes before checking the oil level.

d. Air Cleaner Service. Refer to figure 3-1 and service the air cleaner.





Section III. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES

3-5. General

To insure the tank and pump unit is ready for operation at all times, it must be, inspected systematically so that defects may be discovered and corrected before they result in serious damage or failure. The necessary preventive maintenance checks and services to be performed are listed and described in paragraph 3-6. The item numbers indicate the sequence of minimum inspection requirements. Defects discovered during operations of the unit will be noted for future correction, to be made as soon as operation has ceased. Stop operation immediately if a deficiency is noted during operation which would damage the equipment if operation were continued. All deficiencies and shortcomings will be recorded, together with the corrective action taken, on DA Form 2404 (Equipment Inspection and Maintenance Worksheet) at the earliest possible opportunity.

3-6. Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services

a. Table 3-1 contains a tabulated list of preventive checks and services which must be performed by the operator and organizational maintenance personnel. b. The interval column designates the maintenance level and required service interval. A quarterly interval is equal to 3 calendar months or 250 hours of operation, whichever occurs first. c. Refer to table 3-1 for the preventive maintenance checks and services.

	<u>الا</u>				ı.l		B-Before operation	A—After operation M—Monthly	
Item number	Operate Org.				Org.	D-During operation	W—Weekly Q—	-Quarterly	
11 Dung	3	I D	7		м	Q	Item to be inspected	Procedure	Reference
1	x	x	x		Х	x	Hoses, nozzles and reels	Check hoses for leaks, breaks, cracks, cuts, and worn areas. Replace leaking, worn or damaged hose. Check nozzles for distortion, corrosion and leaks. Clean or replace distorted, corroded, or leaking nozzles. Check reels for alinement and ease of operation.	Para 3-35
2	x	x	X		X	x	Grounding cable and reel	Check cable for worn, frayed or corroded condition. Check reel for ease of opera- tion. Replace worn, frayed or corroded cable and clips.	Para 3-37
3	x					X	Magneto	Replace pitted or burned magneto points. Proper gap adjustment is 0.015 inch.	Para 3-24
4					K	2	Filter/separator	Check for leaks, cracks, or other damage. Check for leaking, cracked or dirty sight glass. Remove and clean a dirty sight glass. Replace washers to correct leaking condition. Replace cracked or broken sight glass. Drain water as re- quired. Observe pressure gages during operation. Replace filter elements when discharge pressure (upper) gage has pressure reading of 20 psi less than inlet gage (lower) with engine at full throttle and both nozzles open.	Para 3-34
5	x					X	Spark plugs	Replace spark plugs that have cracked insulators and burned electrodes. Clean and set spark plug gap for 0.030 in. Replace leads which are frayed or brok en. Clean and tighten lead connections.	Para 3-23
6	X		x		Х	X	Fuel tank	Add fuel as required. Tighten loose mounting. Replace leaking fuel tank. Replace defective cap gasket. Clean cap vent.	Para 3-25
7	x		X		X	x	Fuel filter	Tighten thumb nut if gasket is leaking. Clean screen.	Para 3-26
8	x	x	X		3	X	Oil level gage	Add oil as indicated by level gage.	LO 54930- 227-12
9	x	X	X		2	x	Inlet strainer screen	Check screen for dirt or damage. Clean or replace a dirty or damaged screen.	Para 3-45
10	X		x		Z	X	Discharge valve and con- trol lever.	Check control lever for binding or dam- age. Check valve for leaks. Replace damaged control lever. Tighten or re- place a leaking valve.	Para 3-45
11	х		X		2	x	Air vent assembly	Check vent assembly for dirt or damage. Clean or replace a dirty or damaged vent assembly.	Para 3-42

Table 3-1. Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services.

Section IV. OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE

3-7. General

The instructions in this section are published for the information and guidance of the operator to maintain the tank and pump unit.

3-8. Fuel Strainer Service

Refer to figure 3-2 and service the fuel strainer.

3-9. Filter/Separator Service

Refer to figure 3-3 and service the filter/separator.

Caution: Release all pressure, and drain separator, then use rubber gloves.

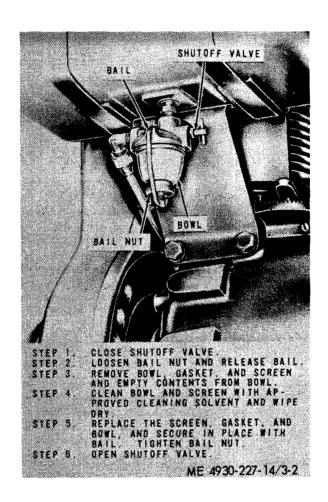


Figure 3-2. Fuel drainer service.

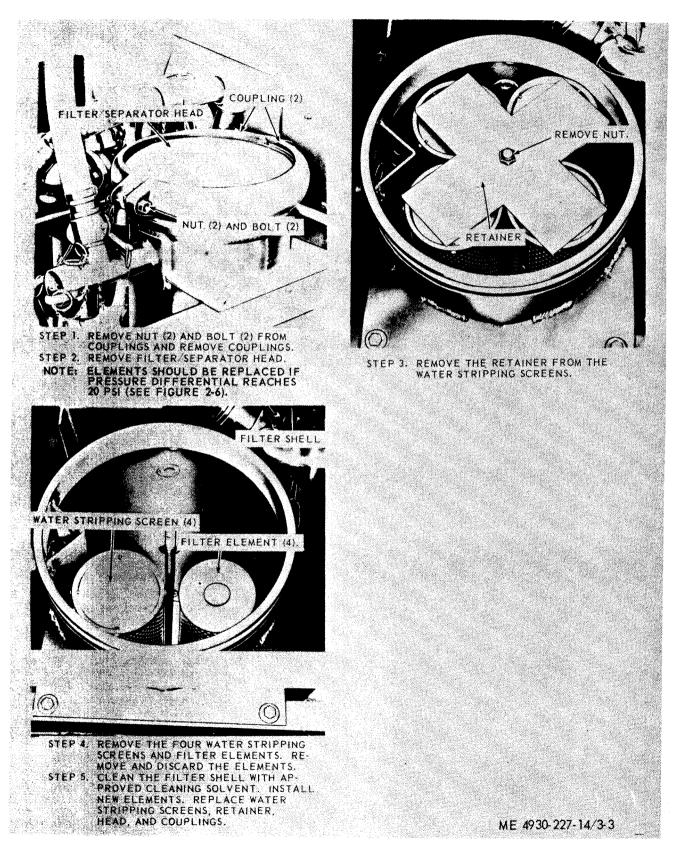


Figure 3-3. Filter/separator service.

Section V. TROUBLESHOOTING

3-10. General

-

This section provides information useful in diagnosing and correcting unsatisfactory operation or failure of the tank and pump units, or any of their components. Each malfunction stated is followed by a list of probable causes of the trouble. The corective action recommended is described opposite the probable cause.

3-11. Organizational Maintenance Troubleshooting

Refer to table 3-2 for organizational maintenance troubleshooting.

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
1. Engine hard to start or fails to start	 a. Fuel tank empty b. Fuel shutoff valve closed c. Fuel line obstructed d. Spark plug defective e. Air cleaner dirty or too full of oil f. Ignition switch or cable defective g. Magneto improperly timed or defective h. Fuel mixture improper 	 a. Fill fuel tank. b. Open valve (para 2-9). c. Clean fuel line. d. Replace sprak plug (para 3-23). e. Service air cleaner (fig. 3-1). f. Replace defective ignition switch or cable (para 3-23). g. Re-time or replace magneto (para 3-24). h. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28).
2. Engine misses, operates erratical- ly or loses power	 a. Fuel mixture improper b. Magneto improperly adjusted or defective c. Choke partially closed d. Muffler clogged e. Spark plug loose, dirty or damaged 	 a. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28). b. Adjust or replace magneto (para 3-24). c. Open choke (para 2-7). d. Clean or replace muffler (para 3-31). e. Tighten, clean or replace spark plug (para 3-23).
	f. Governor controls loose or improperly adjustedg. Other causes	 f. Tighten and adjust governor con- trol (para 3-29). g. Refer other causes to direct sup- port maintenance.
3. Engine overheats or knocks	 a. Ventilation across engine poor b. Engine dirty c. Muffler clogged d. Other causes 	 a. Provide proper ventilation. b. Clean engine radiation fins. c. Clean or replace muffler (para 3-31). d. Refer other causes to direct support maintenance.
4. Engine backfires	a. Fuel mixture too lean b. Intake valve sticking	 a. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28). b. Remove spark plug (para 3-23). Pour 1/2 to 1 oz of penetrating oil (VV-P-216) into cylinder. Let stand 5 minutes and manually crank engine. If intake valve remains stuck, refer to direct support maintenance.
5. Engine exhaust smoke excessive	 a. Choke partially closed b. Fuel mixture too rich c. Carburetor float sticking or leaking d. Air cleaner dirty or too full 	 a. Open choke (para 2-7). b. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28). c. Replace carburetor (para 3-28). d. Service air cleaner (fig. 3-1).
6. Pump fails to operate	 a. Leak in suction line b. Pump not primed c. Impeller damaged or worn d. Engine speed too low 	 a. Tighten or replace connections or defective hose (para 3-35). b. Prime pump (para 2-9). c. Replace impeller (para 3-17). d. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28).
7. Pump fails to prime	 a. Leak in suction lines or connections b. Pump chamber not filled c. Air leak at mechanical seal 	 a. Replace suction lines. Tighten loose or leaky connections (para 3-35). b. Prime pump (para 2-9). c. Replace seal (para 3-17).

Table 3-2. Troubleshooting

Table	3-2-Continued.	

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
8. Pump fails to deliver capacity	 a. Engine speed too low b. Air lock in pumping system c. Kinked lines d. Clogged impeller 	 a. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28). b. Cool pump and reprime (para 2-9). c. Check lines. d. Check impeller.
9. Pump fails to pump product	a. Pump not properly primedb. Engine speed too lowc. Discharge hose kinked or defective	 a. Prime pump (para 2-9). b. Adjust carburetor (para 3-28); adjust governor (para 3-28). c. Remove kink or replace hose (para
	d. Filter/separator clogged	3-35). d. Check and clean filter/separator (fig. 3-3).
10. Pump noisy	 a. Foreign matter in pump b. Impeller worn or out of alinement c. Vibrating on base 	 a. Clean pump (para 3-17). b. Replace impeller (para 3-17). c. Check tiedown gear.
11. Hose reel does not turn easily	a. Improper lubrication	 a. Lubricate fittings in accordance with LO 5-4930-227-12. b. Check alinement.
12. Product discharge is not clean	a. Contaminated elementsb. Canister loosec. Shell dirty on inside	 a. Replace elements (para 3-9). b. Tighten canister (para 3-9). c. Clean shell.
13. Flow of product slows down during operation	Leak in hose or connections	Tighten connections or replace hose (para 3-35).
14. No product appears in sight glass	a. Upper and lower valves closed b. Air in sight glass	a. Open valves (para 2-7). b. Open petcock to release air (para 2-9).

Section VI. FIELD EXPEDIENT REPAIRS

3-12. General

Maintenance trouble may occur while the tank and pump unit is operating where repair parts are not available and normal corrective action cannot be performed. When this condition exists, the following expedient repairs may be used in emergencies, upon the decision of the unit Commander. Equipment so repaired must be removed from operation as soon as possible and properly repaired before being placed in operation again.

d properly Fuel line broken ____

Section VII. PUMP AND ENGINE

3-15. General

The pump and engine unit is mounted on an aluminum frame which will slide out from the pumping assembly. This mounting arrangement provides easy access to the pump and engine for maintenance and servicing purposes.

3-16. Pump and Engine Unit

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-4 and remove pump and engine unit.

b. Installation. Refer to figure 3-4 and install pump and engine unit.

3-17. Pump and Intermediate Coupling

3-13. Engine Lacks Power

3-14. Engine Fails to Get Fuel

Trouble

Air cleaner clogged or

defective

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the pump and engine unit (para 3-16).

Expedient Remedy

Remove air cleaner (para

out it. Cover opening

with a clean rag.

Use industrial tape and tape

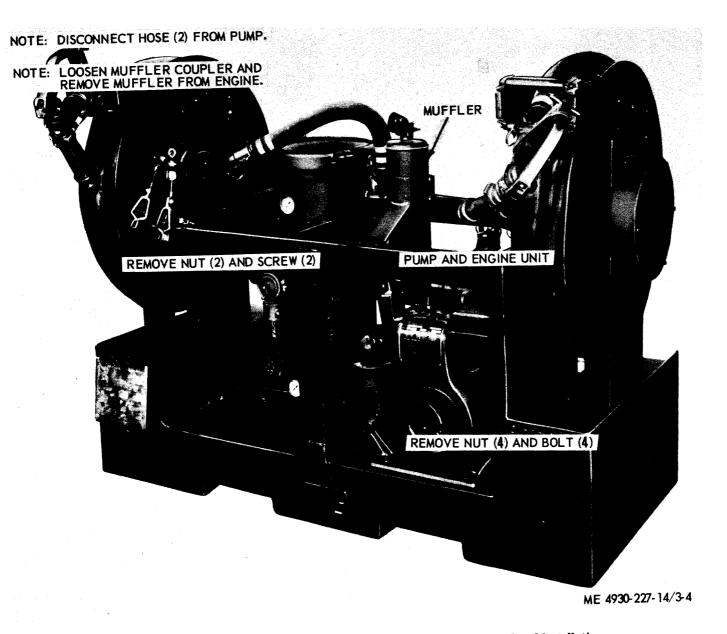
line at break.

3-27) and operate with-

(2) Refer to figure 3-5 and remove the pump and intermediate coupling.

Note. Intermediate coupling cannot be removed until after the pump impeller has been removed from the shaft.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-6 and disassemble the pump and intermediate coupling.



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Figure 3-4. Pump and engine unit and muffler, removal and installation.

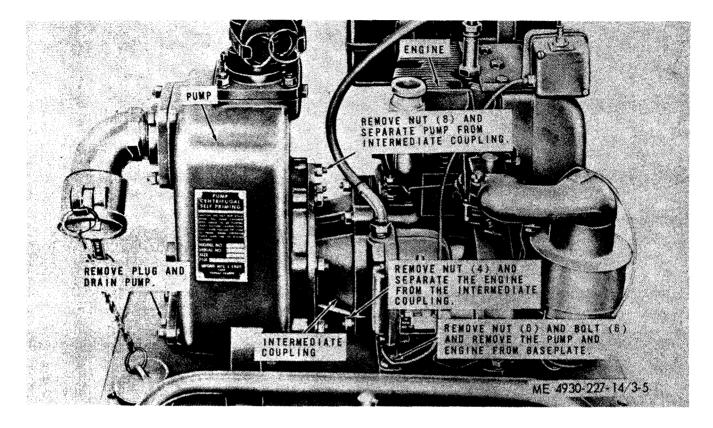


Figure 3–5. Pump, engine, intermediate coupling and base plate, removal and installation.

c. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, damaged threads and other defects, Replace a damaged part. *d. Reassembly.* Refer to figure 3-6 and reassemble the pump and intermediate coupling. *e. Installation.*

(1) Refer to figure 3-5 and install the engine pump and intermediate coupling,

(2) Install the pump and engine unit (para 3-16).

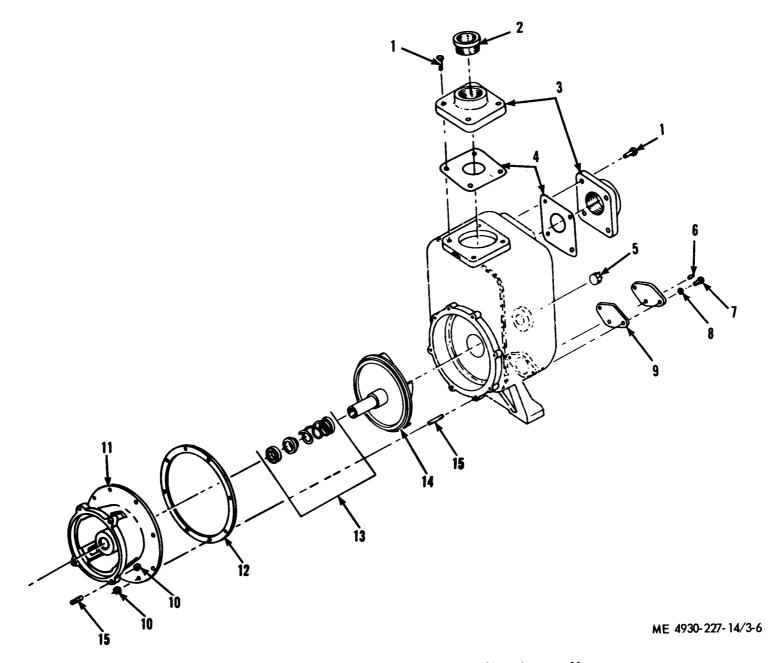


Figure 3-6. Pump and intermediate coupling, disassembly and reassembly.

1 Stud (8) 2 Bushing 3 Flange (2) 4 Gasket (2)	5 Plug 6 Plug 7 Stud 8 Washer	9 Gasket 10 Nut (14) 11 Intermediate coupling 12 Gasket	13 Seal assembly 14 Impeller 15 Stud (12)
---	--	--	---

Figure 3-6-Continued.

3 |

Section VIII. ENGINE STARTING AND COOLING SYSTEM

3-18. General

Starting is accomplished by using a pulley and rope arrangement. The engine flywheel acts as a fan, forcing air into the air shroud which distributes this cooling air around the crankcase and cylinder head.

3-19. Starter Pulley

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-7 and remove the starter pulley.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, damaged threads, and other defects. Replace a damaged part.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-7 and install the starter pulley.

3-20. Air Shroud

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the starter pulley (para 3-19).

(2) Refer to figure 3-7 and remove the air shroud.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, dents, breaks, and other damage. Replace a defective part.

(3) Inspect the mounting hardware for cracks, breaks, and damaged threads. Replace a damaged or missing part.

c. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 3-7 and install the air shroud.

(2) Install the starter pulley (para 3-19).

3-21. Flywheel

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the air shroud (para 3-20).

(2) Refer to figure 3-8 and remove the fly-wheel.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, and other damage. Replace a defective part.

c. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 3-8 and install the fly-wheel.

(2) Install the air shroud (para 3-20).

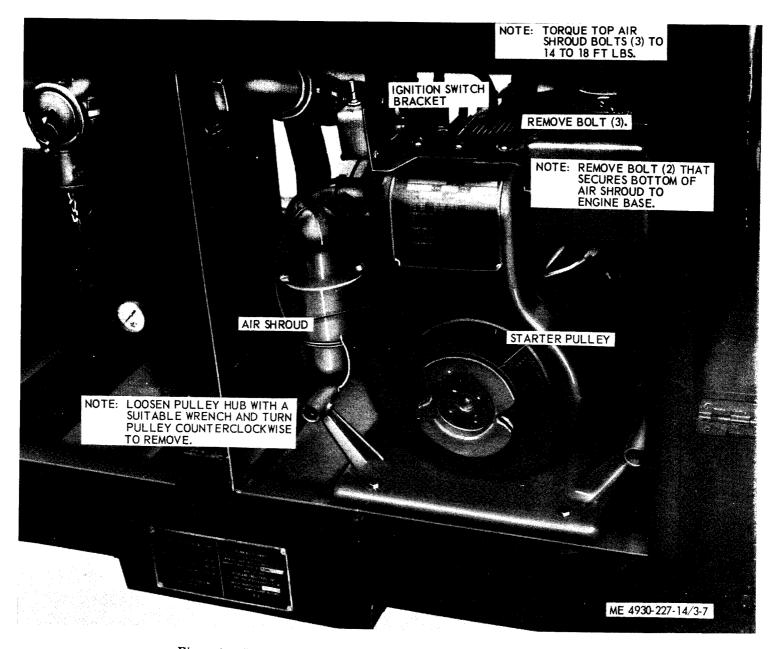


Figure 3-7. Starter pulley, air shroud, and ignition switch bracket, removal and installation.



Figure 3-8. Flywheel, removal and installation.

Section IX. ENGINE IGNITION SYSTEM

3-22. General

The ignition system consists of the magneto, the spark plug, and the cable. All three parts are shielded to provide radio interference suppression. This section contains the maintenance instructions for the magneto, spark plug, and ignition cable.

3-23. Spark Plug, Ignition Cable, Ignition Switch, and Ground Cable

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-9 and remove the ignition cable, ground cable, spark plug, and ignition switch.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all metal parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect for cracks, breaks, signs of deterioration, and other damage. Replace a defective part.

(3) Inspect all threaded parts for damage. Replace a defective part.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-9 and install the ignition cable, spark plug, ignition switch, and ground cable.

3-24. Magneto

a. Removal.

(1) Refer to paragraph 3-20 and remove the air shroud.

(2) Refer to figure 3-10 and remove the magneto.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-11 and disassemble the magneto.

c. Cleaning, Inspection, and Repair.

(1) Clean all parts with a cloth dampened with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, wear, and other damage. Replace a defective or damaged part.

(3) Inspect the coil for frayed or deteriorated insulation. Replace a damaged or defective

(4) Inspect all hardware for stripped or damaged threads. Replace all damaged parts.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-11 and reassemble the magneto.

e. Magneto Breaker Points Replacement. Refer to figure 3-12 and replace the magneto points.

f. Magneto Drive Gear Replacement. Refer to figure 3-13 and remove and install the magneto drive gear.

g. Installation. Refer to figure 3-10 and install the magneto.

h. Timing the Magneto. Refer to figure 3-14 and time the magneto.

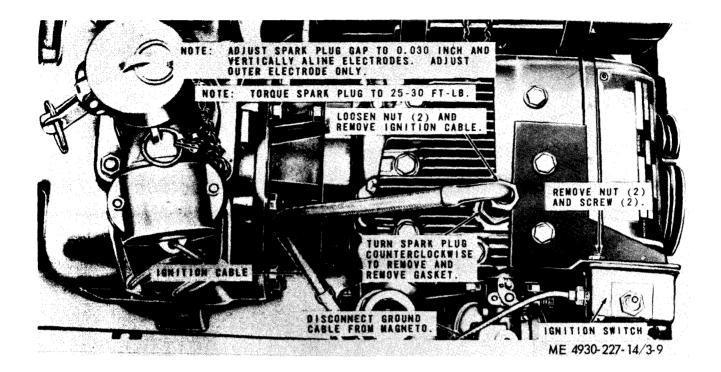


Figure 3-9. *Spark plug, ignition cable, ignition switch, and ground cable, removal and installation.*

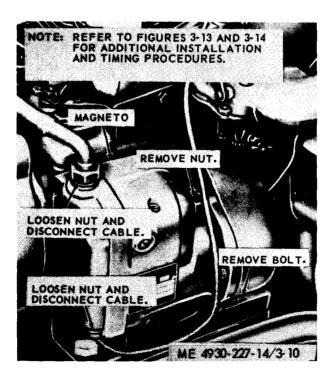


Figure 3-10. Magneto, removal and installation.

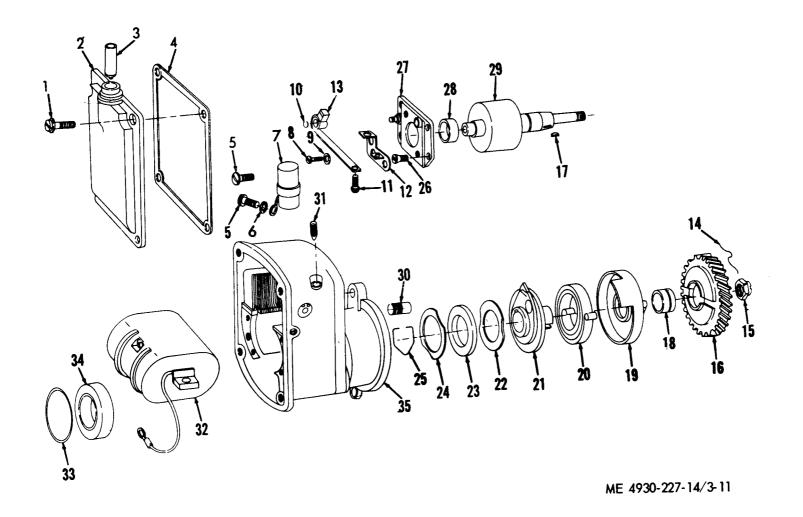
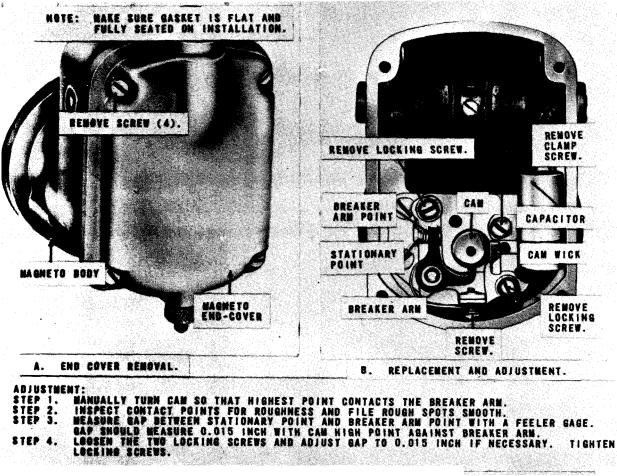


Figure 3-11. Magneto, disassembly and reassembly.



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Figure 3-12. Magneto points replacement.

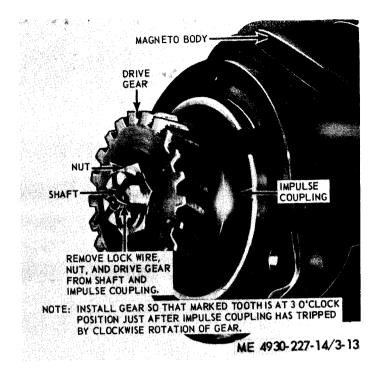


Figure 3-13. Magneto drive gear, removal and installation.

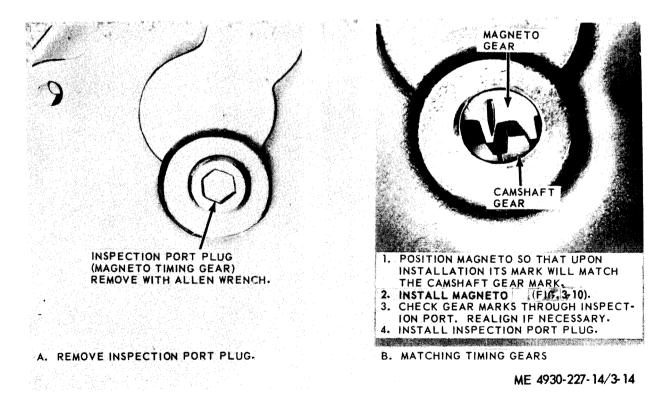


Figure 3-14. Timing the magneto.

Section X. ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM

3-25. General

The fuel system draws fuel by gravity flow from the fuel tank. Fuel flows through the fuel valve and fuel strainer and is delivered to the carburetor. An oil-bath type air filter is provided. This section contains the maintenance instructions for the fuel system.

3-26. Fuel Tank, Bracket, Fuel Strainer, and Shutoff Valve

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-15 and remove

the fuel strainer, shut-off valve, fuel tank, and bracket.

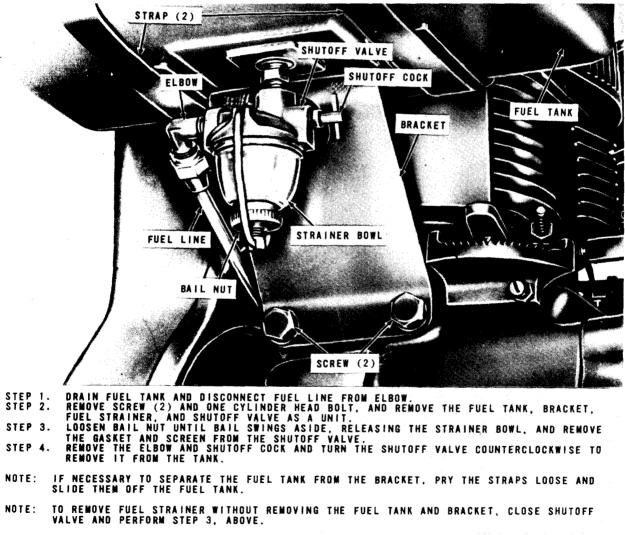
b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, and other damage. Replace a defective part.

(3) Inspect all threaded parts for damaged threads. Replace a defective part.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-15 and install the fuel strainer, shutoff valve, fuel tank, and bracket.



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Figure 3-15. Fuel strainer, shutoff valve, fuel tank and bracket, removal and installation.

3-27. Air Cleaner and Bracket

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-16 and remove the air cleaner, and bracket.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, and other damage. Replace a defective part.

(3) Inspect all threaded parts for damaged threads. Replace a damaged or missing part.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-16 and install the air cleaner and bracket.

3-28. Carburetor

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the air cleaner (para 3-27).

(2) Refer to figure 3-16 and remove the carburetor.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect the carburetor for cracks, breaks, loose or missing screws, damaged bowl gasket, or other damage.

(3) Tighten or replace loose or missing gasket *(c* below). Replace a damaged or defective carburetor.

c. Service. Refer to figure 3-17 and service the carburetor.

d. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 3-16 and install the carburetor.

(2) Install the air cleaner (para 3-27).

e. Adjustment. Refer to figure 3-18 and adjust the carburetor.

3-29. Governor Controls

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-19 and remove the governor controls.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, and other damage. Replace a defective part.

(3) Inspect the mounting hardware for damaged threads. Replace a damaged or missing part.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-19 and install the governor controls.

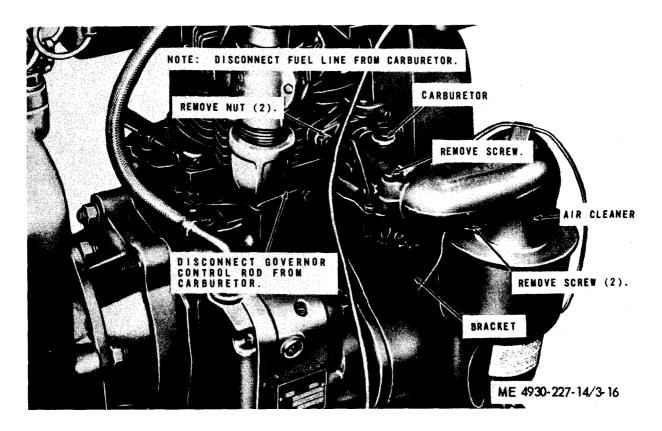


Figure 3-16. Air cleaner, bracket and carburetor, removal and installation.

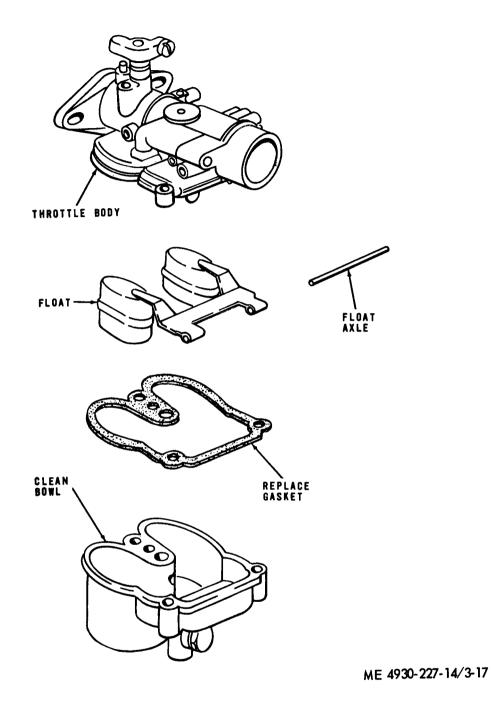
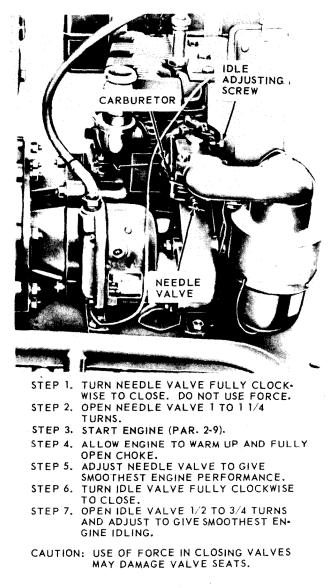


Figure 3-17. Carburetor service.



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Figure 3-18. Carburetor adjustment.

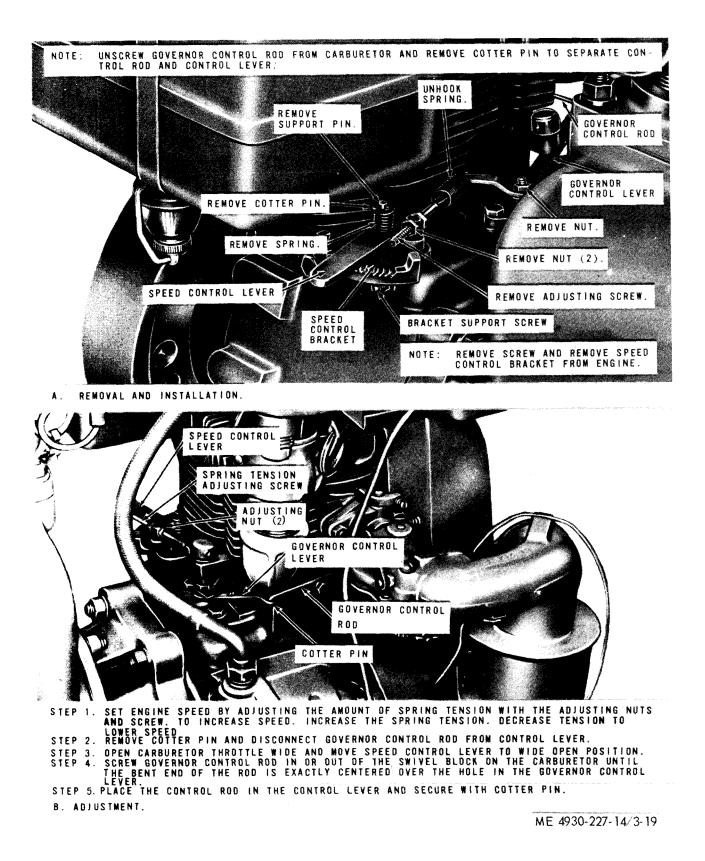


Figure 3-19. Governor controls, removal, installation and adjustment.

PLUGS AND CRANKCASE BREATHER

3-30. General

This section contains the maintenance instructions for the muffler, fill and drain plugs and the crankcase breather.

3-31. Muffler

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-4 and remove muffler.

Note. Remove wire from coupler before releasing.

b. Exhaust Elbow. Refer to figure 3-20 and remove exhaust elbow.

c. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-21 and disassemble muffler.

d. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks and damaged threads. Replace a defective part.

e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-21 and reassemble muffler.

f, Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 3-20 and install the exhaust elbow.

(2) Refer to figure 3-4 and install muffler.

Note. When installing muffler, gasket set (7. fig. 3-21) must be installed in the following order. One copper, four asbestos and one copper gasket. Secure coupling half, quick disconnect levers, with wire.

3-32. Crankcase Breather, Fill and Drain Plugs

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-20 and remove crankcase breather and fill and drain plugs.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks and damaged threads. Replace a defective part.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-20 and install crankcase breather and fill and drain plugs.

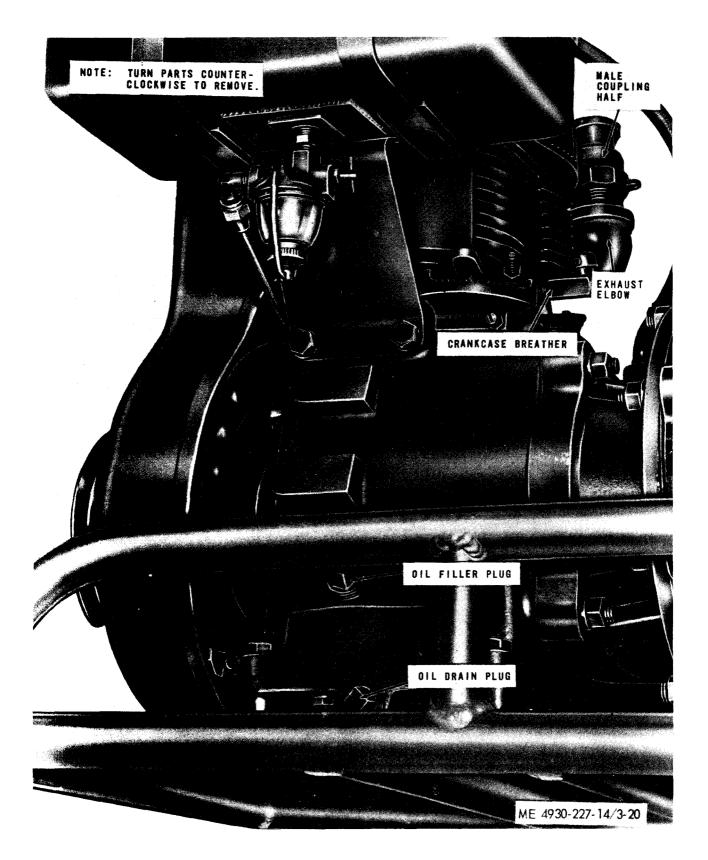


Figure 3-20. Exhaust elbow, oil fill and drain plugs, and crankcase breather, removal and installation.

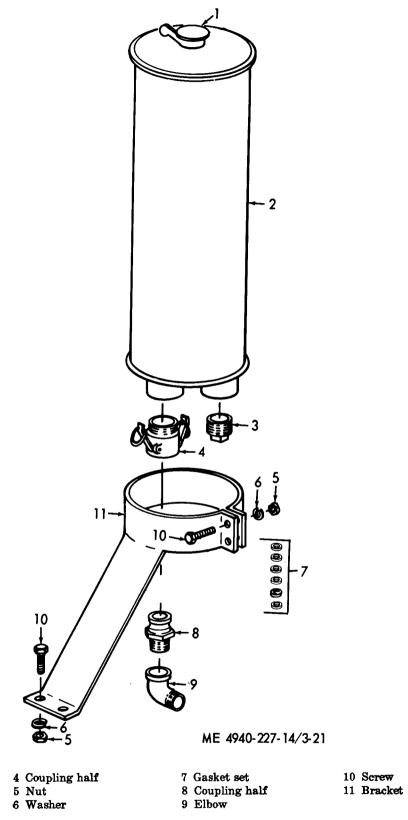


Figure 3-21. Muffler, disassembly and reassembly.

1 Cap 2 Muffler 3 Plug

Section XII. FILTER/SEPARATOR, HOSES AND REELS

3-33. General

The filter separator functions as a device for separating the solid contaminants from the product being dispensed. Refer to paragraph 14 for a detailed description of the filter/separator. The hoses and ground reels are also covered in this section.

3-34. Filter/Separator

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-22 and remove the filter/separator.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-23 and disassemble the filter/separator.

c. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly. Flush interior of fliter/separator.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, damaged threads and defects. Replace a defective part.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-23 and reassemble the filter/separator.

e. Installation. Refer to figure 3-22 and install the filter/separator.

3-35. Hoses, Nozzles, and Bonding Wires

a. Removal. Refer to figure 3-24 and remove the hoses, nozzles, and bonding wires.

b. Cleaning, Inspection, and Repair.

(1) Clean metal parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly. Clean hose surface with a clean, dry, cloth.

(2) Inspect hoses for signs of deterioration and wear.

(3) Replace defective hoses, couplers, and adapters, as necessary.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-24 and install the hoses, nozzles, and bonding wires.

3-36. Hose Reels, Rollers, and Spring Housings

a. General. The two hose reels have a recoil tension spring to wind the 40-foot discharge hoses on the reels. The product enters each reel from the filter/separator through a pipe at the hub of the reel and is discharged through the hoses. b. Removal.

(1) Remove discharge hoses and nozzles (para 3-35).

(2) Refer to figure 3-25 and remove the hose reels and spring housings.

Warning: Do not disassemble the spring housing assembly. The spring is under tension

and can cause serious injury or even death if disassembled improperly. Repair of spring housing is by replacement only.

(3) Refer to figure 3-26 and remove the hose rollers.

c. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-27 and disassemble the hose reels.

d. Cleaning, Inspection, and Repair.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect for damage and defects and replace defective parts as necessary.

e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-27 and re-assemble the hose reels.

f. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 3-25 and install the hose reels and spring housings.

(2) Refer to figure 3-26 and install the hose rollers.

(3) Install hoses and nozzles (para 3-35).

3-37. Ground Reel

a. General. A ground reel (fig. 1-2) is attached to the frame of the pumping assembly to provide a means of electrically grounding the tank and pump unit. One section of the ground wire must be clipped to a ground connection near the tank and pump unit, before the other section is connected to the vehicle being fueled.

b. Removal. Refer to figure 3-28 and remove the ground reel and clips.

c. Diassembly. Refer to figure 3-29 and disassemble ground reel.

d. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect for cracks, breaks, and other damage.

(3) Replace a damaged or defective part.

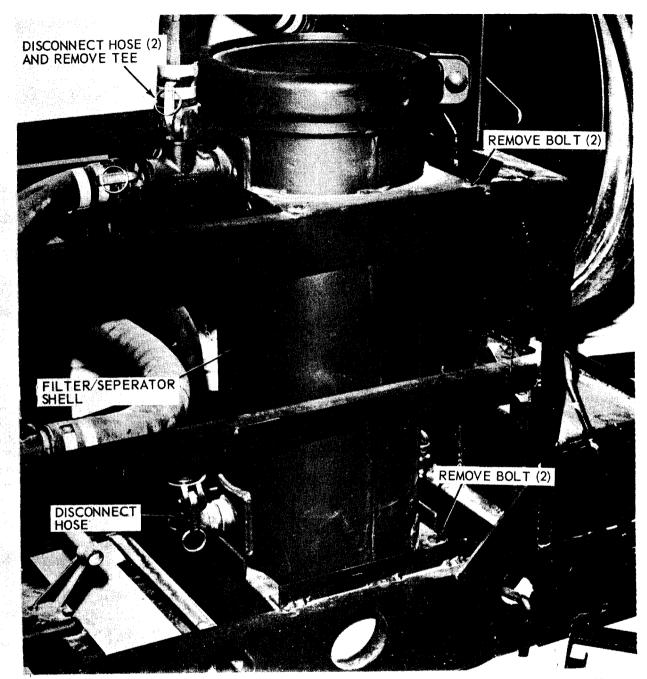
e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-29 and reassemble ground reel.

f. Installation. Refer to figure 3-28 and install ground reel.

3-38. Nozzle Assembly

a. Removal. Remove nozzle assembly (para 3-35).

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-30 and disassemble nozzle assembly.



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Figure 3-22. Filter/separator, removal and installation.

c. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect for cracks, breaks, wear, and. other damage.

(3) **Replace damaged or defective parts.** *d. Reassembly.*

Refer to figure 3–30 and reassemble nozzle assembly.

e. Installation. Install nozzle assembly (para 3-35).

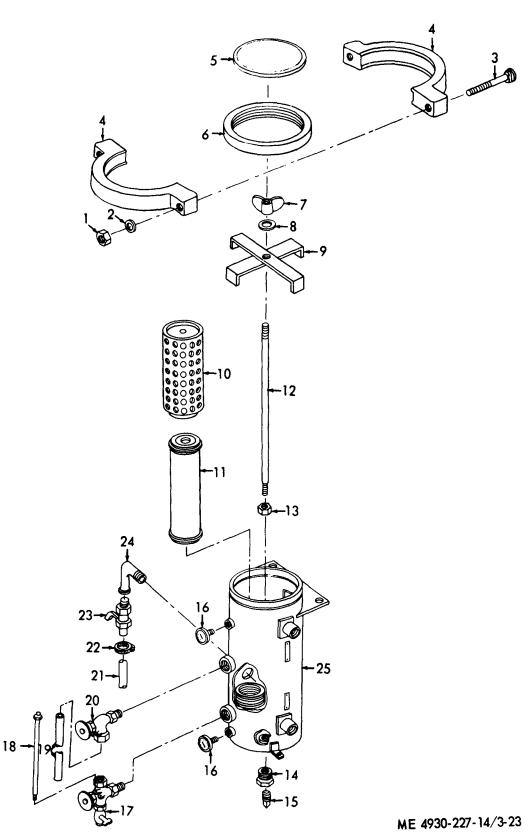
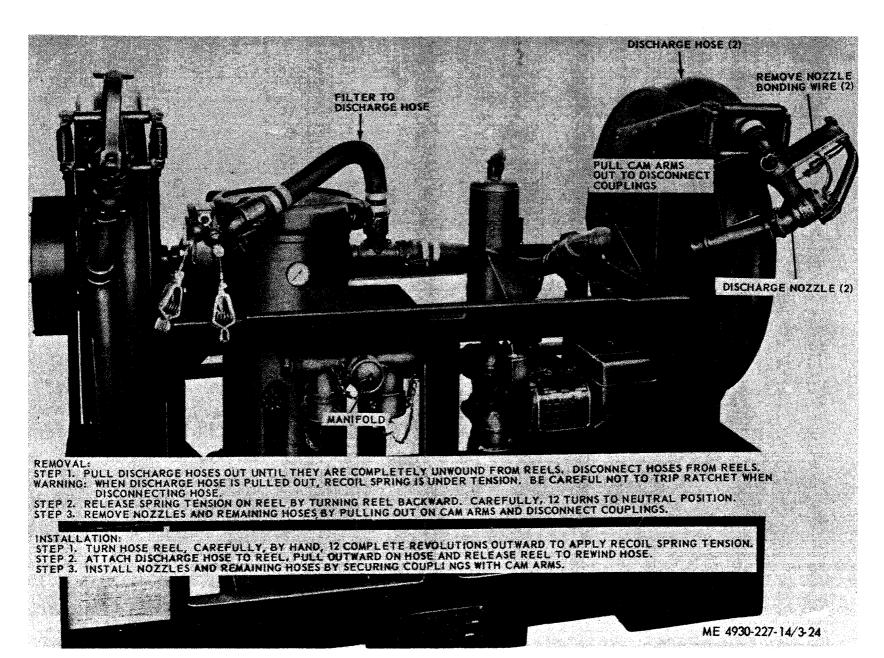
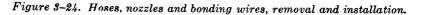


Figure 3-23. Filter/separatar, disassembly and reassembly.

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1 Nut	8 Washer	15 Plug	22 Clamp
2 Washer	9 Retainer	16 Gage	23 Cock
3 Bolt	10 Canister	17 Valve	24 Elbow
4 Clamp	11 Element	18 Rod	25 Filter
5 Cover	12 Rod	19 Glass	
6 Gasket	13 Nut	20 Valve	
7 Nut	14 Bushing	21 Hose	
	Fiį	gure 3-28-Continued.	





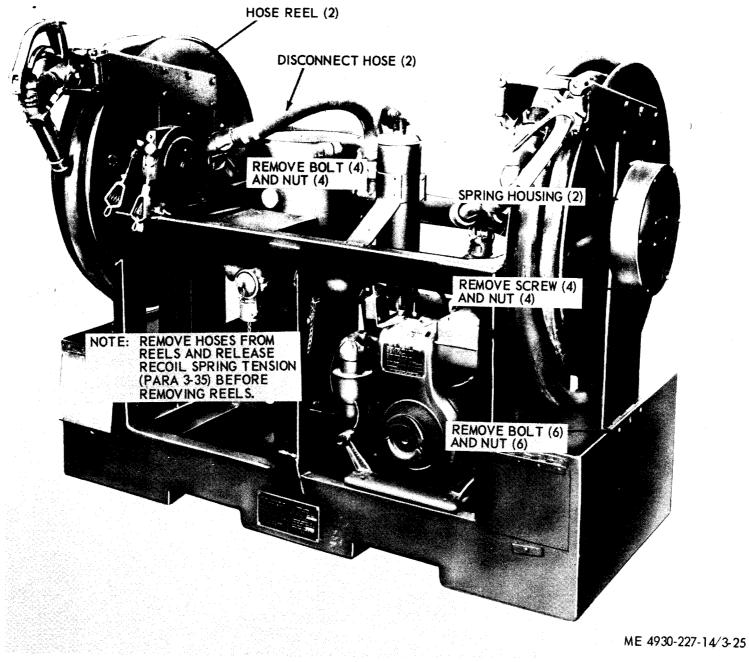


Figure 3-25. Hose reels and spring housings assembly, removal and installation.

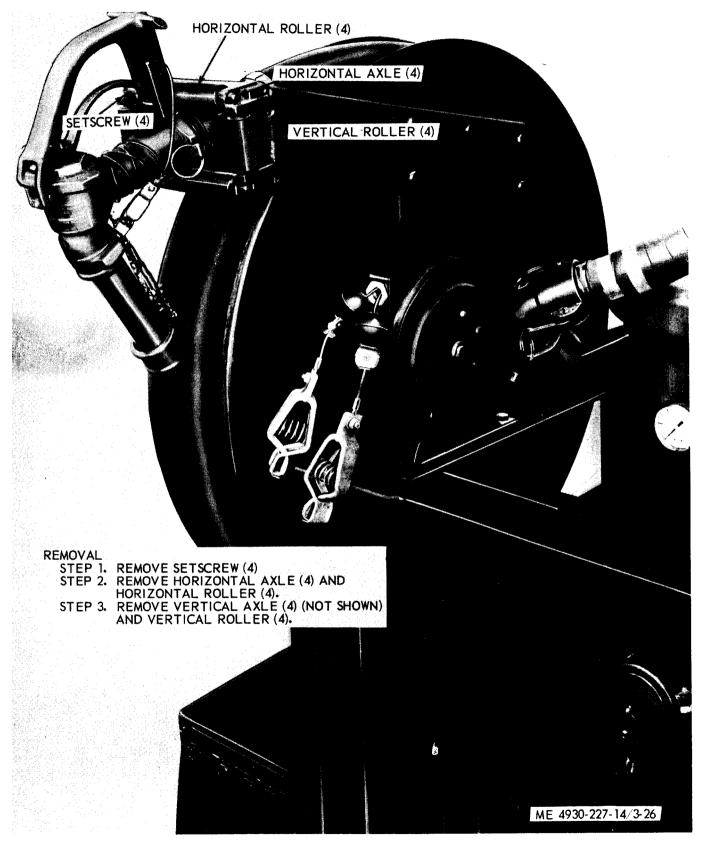
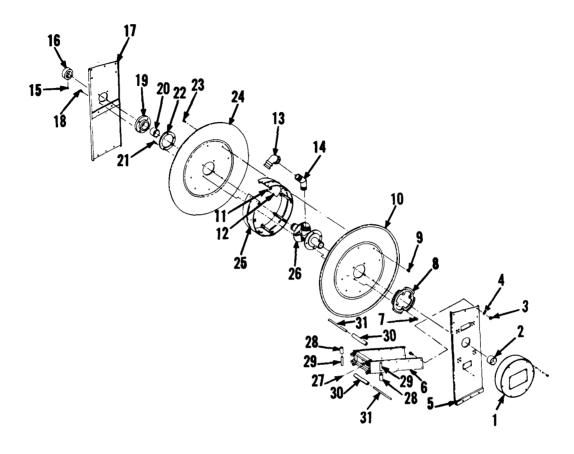
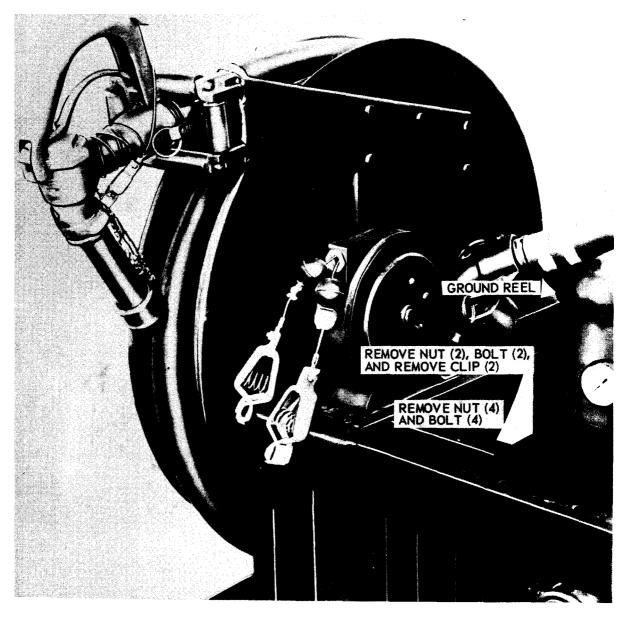


Figure 3-26. Hose rollers, removal and installation.



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Figure 3-27. Hose reels, disassembly and reassembly.



ME 4930-227-14/3-28

Figure 3-28. Ground reel and clips, removal and installation.

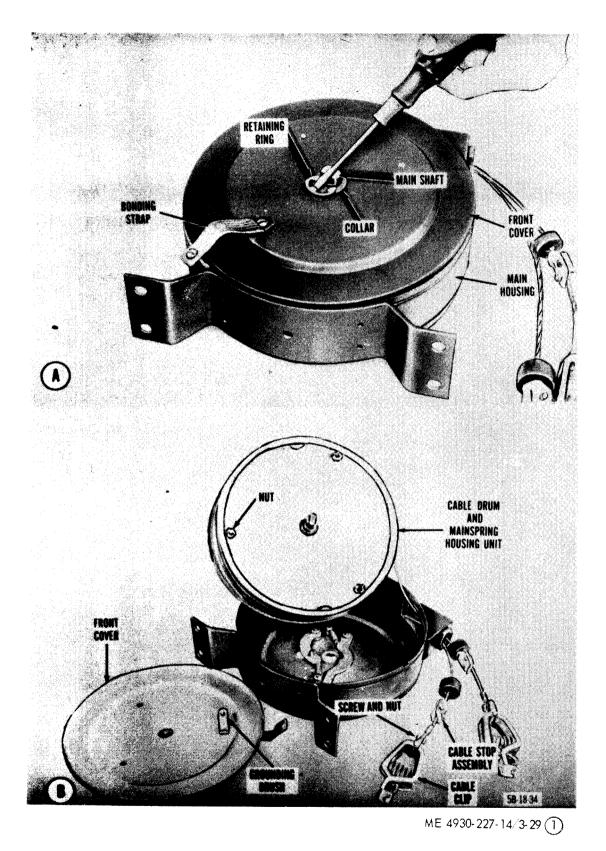


Figure 3-29 (1). Ground reel, disassembly and reassembly.

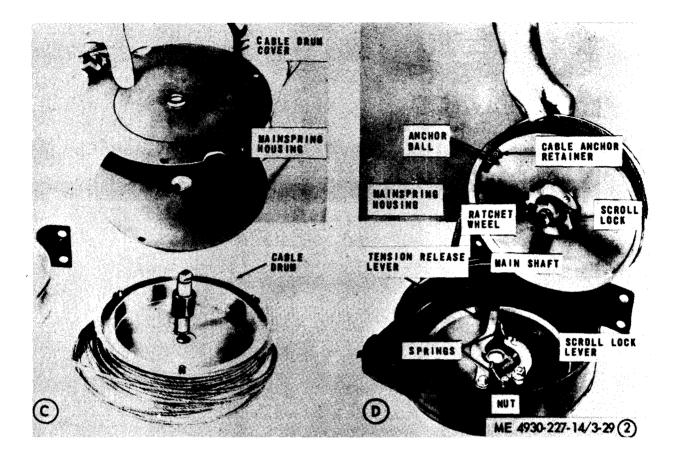


Figure 3-29 (2) - Continued.

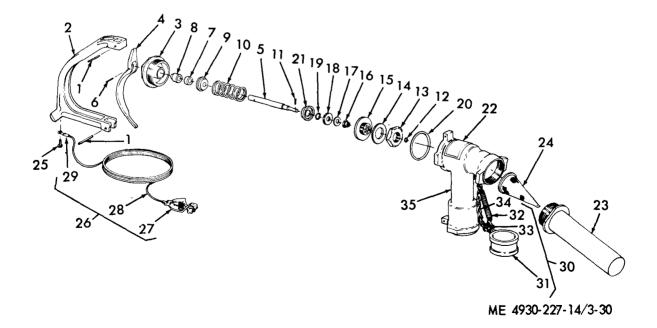


Figure 3-30. Nozzle assembly, disassembly and reassembly.

10 Spring 19 O-ring 28 Cable 1 Pin (2) 11 Pin 20 O-ring 29 Evelet 2 Guard 3 Cap 21 Valve body 30 Dust cap assembly 12 washer 22 Nameplate 31 Dust cap 13 Nut 4 Lever 14 Valve Body 23 Tube assembly 32 Spring 5 Stem 33 Hook (Z) 15 Valve disc 24 Strainer assembly 6 Pin 34 Chain 16 Nut 7 Packing gland 25 Screw 17 Washer 35 Body 26 Ground cable assembly 8 Packing 18 Valve disc 27 Clip 9 Retainer Figure 3-30-Continued.

Section XIII. Manifold

3-39. General

The manifold controls the flow of the product to the suction side of the pump. Two quick couplers provide connections or inlets for the tank suction lines. Flow of the product from either or both tanks is conducted to the pump suction through the manifold outlet and a suction hose,

3-40. Manifold

a. *Removal.* Refer to figure 3-31 and remove the manifold.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for breaks, cracks, and damaged threads. Replace a defective part.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 3-31 and install manifold.

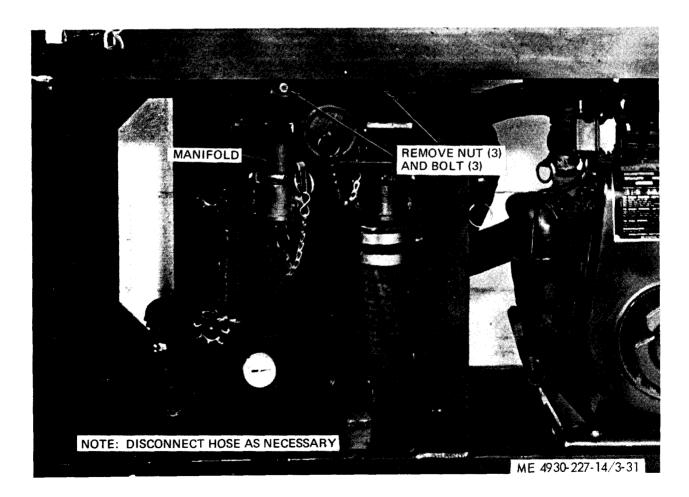


Figure 3-31. Manifold, removal and installation.

Section XIV. TANKS AND COMPONENTS

3-41. Cleaning Tanks and Components

a. General. The tank and tank components must be cleaned before any repair is initiated. Each time a major component is removed for repair, inspection or other service, all parts must be thoroughly cleaned. Clean the discharge valve each time the tank is drained. Clean the tank interior and exterior prior to repair.

b. Components. Clean metal parts with cleaning solvent, Federal Specification P-S-661. Immerse each part in solvent and remove contaminants by brushing. Allow parts to dry thoroughly. Coat parts with a thin film of light lubricating oil or perservative oil before assembly.

3-42. Manhole Assembly

a. Vent Assembly. The manhole assembly ((7) fig. 3-32) is provided with a vent assembly located in the cover (6).

b. Removal.

(1) Refer to figure 3-33, release cam (7) and raise hing (15).

(2) Open manhole cover (10) and loosen the six nuts (2) so that, hooks (4) will drop free of tank rim.

(3) Lift manhole cover from tank.

c. *Disassembly.* Refer to figure 3–33 and disassemble manhole cover.

d. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Impact parts for breaks, cracks, damaged threads and defects. Replace a defective part.

e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-33 and reassemble the manhole cover.

f. Installation.

(1) Replace manhole cover on tank.

(2) Position hooks (4) on tank rim and tighten nuts (2),

(3) Close cover (10), drop hinge (15) into position and lock cam (7).

3-43. Pump Port

a. General. A pump port cover assembly ((10 fig. 3-32) is provided so that a hand pump may be used.

b. Service. Remove pump port cover and examine gasket. Replace if defective.

3-44. Drain Valve Assembly

a. General. A drain valve assembly is provided for draining the tanks.

b. Draining Tank.

(1) Refer to figure 3-32 and turn handle(9) counterclockwise to drain tank.

(2) Turn handle clockwise to close drain. c. Removal.

(1) Remove manhole cover (para 342).

(2) Insure that tank has been completely drained.

(3) Enter tank through manhole opening.

(4) Refer to figure 3-34 and loosen setscrew (5).

d. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-34 and disassemble drain valve.

e. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for breaks, cracks, and damaged threads. Replace a damaged part.

f. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3-34 and reassemble drain valve.

g. Installation.

(1) Tighten setscrew (5).

(2) Replace manhole cover (para 342).

3-45. Discharge Valve Assembly

a. Removal.

(1) Remove manhole cover (para 3-42).

(2) Pull control lever ((5) fig. 3-32) to close position and remove dust cap (17).

(3) Enter tank thru manhole opening.

(4) Refer to figure 3-35, loosen adjusting bale (6), disengage lift rod (7) from adjusting bale and remove lift rod.

(5) Outside the tank, remove six nuts (24) holding valve to sump ring (8) and remove valve assembly.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 3-35 and disassemble valve.

c. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, or other damage. Replace a defective part.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figure 3–35 and reassemble discharge valve.

e. Installation.

(1) Position valve body (20) cm sump ring (8) and install nuts (24).

(2) Inside tank, place lift rod (7) in stem (12) ancl adjusting bale (6), and tighten adjusting bale.

(3) Replace manhole cover (para 3-42).

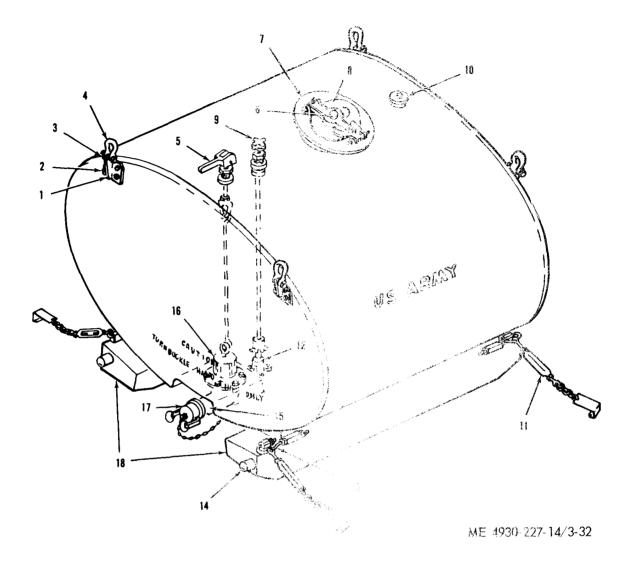
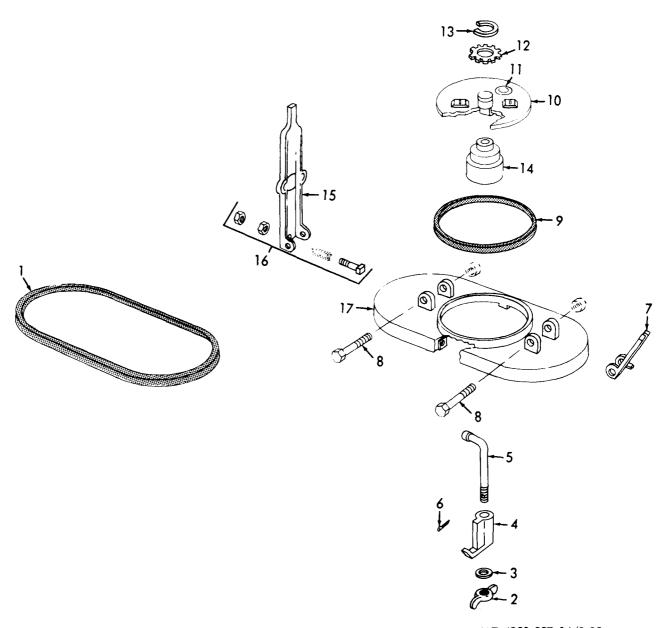


Figure 3-32. Tank assembly service

1 Bracket (4)

- 2 Bolt (16)
- 3 Nut (4) 4 Lifting eye (4)
- 5 Control lever
- 6 Vent assembly
- 7 Manhole cover
- 8 Filler plug
- 9 Drain valve handle
- 10 Pump port
- 11 Cheen a assessory.
- 12 Junio valve
- 12 Drag loop
- **At Interlock**
- 15 Valve nody
- 16 Intet strainer screen
- 17 Dust cap
- 18 Skids



ME 4930-227-14/3-33

Figure 3-33. M	fanhole cover.	removal and	d installation.
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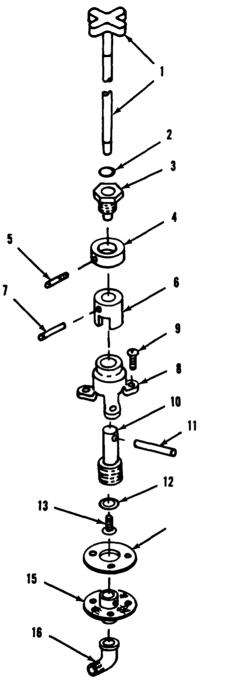
1	Gasket	
2	Nut	
3	Washer	

- 4 Hook
- 5 Bolt

6 Pin 7 Cam 8 Bolt 9 Gasket 10 Cover

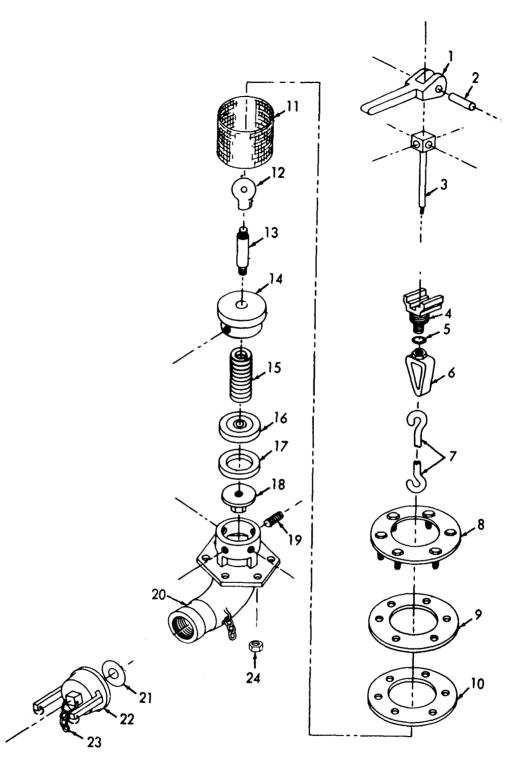
11 Plug 12 Spring 13 Ring 14 Vent 15 Hinge

- 16 Adjusting assembly 17 Cover



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Figure 3-34. Drain valve assembly, disassembly and reassembly.



ME 4930-227-14/3-35

Figure 3-35. Discharge valve assembly, disassembly and reassembly.

1 Control lever.	5 O-ring	9 Gasket	13 stem	17 Disk	21 Gasket
2 Pin	6 Adjusting bale	10 Gasket	14 Cap	18 Nut	22 Dust cap
3 Lever rod	7 Lift rod	11 Screen	15 Spring	19 setscrew	23 Chain
4 support	8 Sump ring	12 Bale	16 Seat	20 Valve body	24 Nut

CHAPTER 4

DEMOLITION OF EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT ENEMY USE

Section 1. DEMOLITION TO RENDER EQUIPMENT INOPERATIVE

4-1. General

When capture or abandonment of the tank and pump unit is imminent, the responsible unit commander must make the decision either to destroy the equipment or to render it inoperative. Based on this decision, orders are issued which cover the desired extent of destruction. Whatever method of demolition is employed, it is essential to destroy the same vital parts of all tank and pump units and all corresponding repair parts.

4-2. Demolition to Render Equipment inoperative

a. Mechanical Means. To render the tank and

pump unit inoperative by mechanical means, the operator should use a sledge hammer or pick to destroy the components in the following listed sequence.

b. Priority. When lack of time or personnel prevents complete destruction of equipment, the following priorities will be used in destruction of essential parts.

Priority	Parts
1	Carburetor/floatbowl/ magneto
2	Engine block
3	Pump assembly

Section II. DEMOLITION BY OTHER METHODS

4-3. Demolition By Explosives or Weapons Fire

a. Explosives. Place charge of explosives, use the priorities outlined in paragraph 4-2, and detonate.

b. Weapons Fire. Several well-placed rounds of weapons fire will demobilize the units. For most effective destruction, use high explosive shoulder weapons (recoilless rifle, rocket launcher, etc.) or heavier artillery. Small caliber rifles or machine guns will be effective to some extent to pierce the major systems. Incendiary projectiles are recommended to increase the possibility of burning.

4-4. Other Demolition Methods

a. Scattering and Concealment of Parts. Should the possibility of capture be remote, such components as the carburetor, float bowl and magneto may be removed and concealed.

b. Submersion. Should submersion be attempted, make certain that essential parts will be exposed to the water, and that the water be deep enough to hide the sunken units.

c. Burning. Pack rags, clothing or canvae under, around and in the tank and pump unit. Saturate with gasoline, oil, or diesel fuel and ignite.

CHAPTER 5

DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT

Section I. GENERAL

5-1. Scope

These instructions are published for the use of direct support and general support maintenance personnel maintaining the tank and pump unit. They provide information on the maintenance of the tank and pump unit which is beyond the scope of the tools, equipment, personnel, or supplies normally available to using organizations.

5-2. Forms and Records

DA forms and records used for equipment maintenance will be only those prescribed in TM 38-750.

Section II. DESCRIPTION AND DATA

5-3. Description

For a complete description of the tank and pump unit, refer to paragraph 1-4.

5-4. Tabulated Data

a. General. This paragraph contains all tabulated data pertinent to direct support and general support maintenance personnel.

b. Nut and Bolt Torque Data. Refer to table 5-1.

c. Engine Overhaul Data.

Bore	2 7/8 in.
Stroke	2 3/4 in.
Displacement	17.8 cu in.
Rotation	Clockwise (flywheel end)
Brake horsepower	4.49 at 3,000 rpm
Spark plug gap	030
Magneto points	.0.015
Carburetor	Idle at 1,000-1,200 rpm

d. Engine Repair and Replacement Standards. Table 5-2 lists the manufacturer's sizes, toler-

antes, desired clearances, and maximum allowable wear and clearances.

Table 5-2.	Repair	and	Repl	lacement	Stand	ards.

Component	dime and to	acturer's nsions Jlerances nches	Des clear		Maximum allowable wear or clearance
	Min	Max	Min	Max	ನ
Crankshaft Diameter of journal Clearance to connecting rod Width of journal Connecting rod side clearance End play (cold) Piston Ring gap Ring side Clearance in grooves: Top ring 2nd and 3rd ring Oil ring	1.000	1.001 1.005	0.007 0.006 0.002 0.012 0.002 0.001 0.0025	0.002 0.013 0.004 0.022 0.0035 0.0025 0.004	0.002 0.013 0.004 0.022 0.0035 0.0025 0.004

Component	and to	acturer's nsions Ierances nches	Des clear	ired rance	Maximum allowable wear or clearance
	Min	Max	Min	Max	- e
Cylinder to skirt clearance Pin to connecting rod clearance Tappet to valve clearance (cold)			0.006 0.0002	0.0065 0.0003	0.0065 0.0008
Intake Exhaust Valve stem to guide clearance			0.003	0,005	0.008 0.014 0.007

Table 5-2. Repair and Replacement Standards-Continued

Section III. REPAIR PARTS, SPECIAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

5-5. Special Tools and Equipment

No special tools or equipment are. required by direct support and general support maintenance personnel for performing maintenance on the tank and pump unit.

5-6. Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Repair Parts

Direct support and general support maintenance

repair parts are listed and illustrated in TM 5-4930-227-24P.

5-7. Specially Designed (Fabricated) Tools and Equipment

No specially designed tools or equipment are required for direct support and general support maintenance of the tank and pump unit.

Section IV. TROUBLESHOOTING

5-8. General

This section provides information useful in diagnosing and correcting unsatisfactory operation or failure of the tank and pump units, or any of their components. Each malfunction stated is followed by a list of probable causes of the trouble. The corrective action recommended is described opposite the probable cause.

5-9. Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Troubleshooting

Refer to table 5-3.

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
1. Engine fails to start	a. Valves or valve seat defective	m. Repair or replace valves or valve seat (para 6-4).
	b. Compression weak	b. Replace piston rings (para 6-6).
2. Excessive oil consumption	a. Piston rings worn or brokenb. Cylinder wall worn or scoredc. Oil pump not operating effectively	 a. Replace piston rings (para 6-6). b. Replace crankcase (para 6-4). c. Replace damaged oil pump parts (para 6-5).
	d. Main or connecting rod bearing faulty	d. Replace damaged bearings (para 6-4).
3. Knock in engine	a. hose or burned out connecting rod bearing	a. Overhaul engine.
	b. Loose or worn piston pin	 <i>b.</i> Replace piston, piston pin and connecting rod as necessary (para 6–6).
4. Engine smokes excessively	a. Piston or rings worn or damaged b. Cylinder walls scored or worn	a. Replace piston or rings (para 6-6).b. Replace crankcase (para 6-4).

Table 5-3. Toubleshooting.

CHAPTER 6

REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

Section I. ENGINE COMPONENTS

6-1. General

a. Cylinder Head. The cylinder head covers the top of the cylinder and provides a mounting port for the spark plug. It is finned to help dissipate the heat of engine combustion.

b. Valve Tappets. Intake and exhaust valves have tappets which raise the valves at the required portion of the engine operation cycle. These tappets operate in conjunction with the camshaft. Valve tappet clearance can be checked without major engine disassembly, but it cannot be adjusted without disassembly.

6-2. Cylinder Head

- a. Removal.
 - (1) Remove the spark plug (para 3-23).

(2) Remove the air shroud (para 3-20).

(3) Refer to figure 6-1 and remove the cylinder head and gasket.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Discard the cylinder head gasket. Clean the cylinder head and cylinder head bolts with an approved cleaning solvent; scrape carbon deposits from the cylinder head, taking care not to scratch sealing surfaces.

(2) When the cylinder head is removed, clean the top of the cylinder block, carefully removing carbon from piston tops and from around the valve head and seats. Take care not to scratch or score valve seats.

(3) Inspect the cylinder head for cracks, warping, broken cooling fins, spark plug port threads, and other damage. Straighten bent cooling fins. Replace a damaged cylinder head.

c. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 6-1 and install the cylinder head, using a new gasket.

(2) Install the air shroud (para 3-20).

(3) Install the spark plug (para 3-23).

(4) After installation of air shroud, torque all cylinder head mounting bolts, following the sequence shown in figure 6-2.

6-3. Tappet Cover Plate and Tappets

a. Removal. Refer to figure 6-3 and remove the tappet cover plate.

b. Cleaning and Inspection.

(1) Clean the cover plate and accessible metal parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Measure valve clearance (fig. 6-3) and inspect for defective valve springs, tappets, rotators, and seats.

c. Installation. Refer to figure 6-3 and install the tappet cover plate.

6-4. Valves, Valve Seats, Guides, and Springs

a. Removal.

- (1) Remove the engine (para 3-17).
- (2) Remove the carburetor (para 3-28).
- (3) Remove the muffler (para 3-31).
- (4) Remove the cylinder head (para 6-2).

(5) Remove the tappet cover plate (para 6-3).

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 6-4 and disassemble the valves, valve seats, guides and springs.

c. Cleaning, Inspection, and Repair.

(1) Clean the valves with a wire brush to remove all carbon deposits. Clean valve seats, ports, and guides in cylinder block; clean top of cylinder block. Wash springs with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

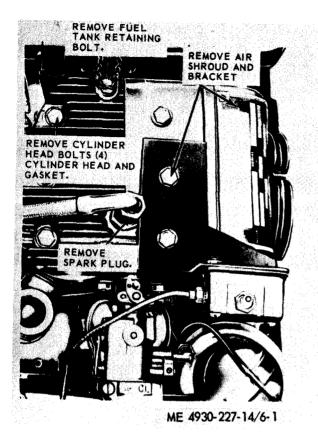
(2) Inspect valves for burned, pitted, or cracked faces; replace a burned, cracked, or deeply pitted valve.

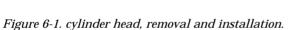
(3) Inspect valve springs for cracks or pitting. Replace cracked or pitted springs.

(4) Inspect valve seat insert for looseness and pitting. Replace a defective valve seat insert in the following manner:

(a) Use a puller to remove the insert from the exhaust valve opening.

(b) Clean all carbon out of the insert counterbore in the cylinder block and clean the valve stem guide bore.





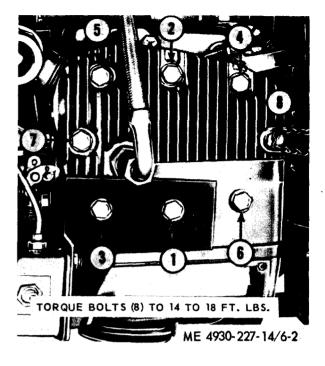


Figure 6-2. Cylinder head bolts, tightening sequence.

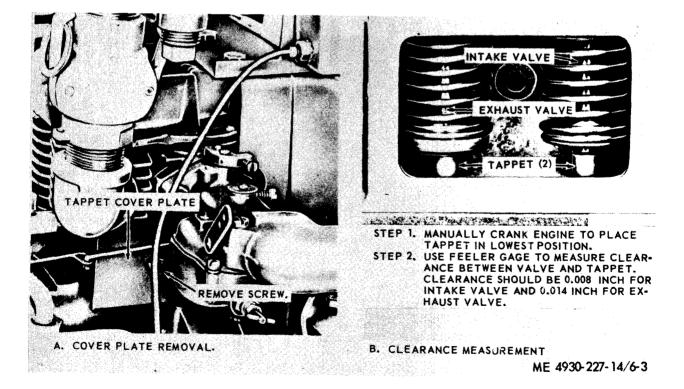


Figure 6-3. Tappet cover plate, removal, installation, and clearance measurement.

(c) Finish the counterbore in the cylinder block to provide the correct bore-to-insert interference. Chill the insert with dry ice and, using a pilot driver, tab the insert into place with light blows. Peen the insert to anchor in place.

(d) Reface the insert, if necessary, to make its seat concentric with the valve stem bore. Check concentricity with a dial indicator.

(e) Grind valve in seat to form a gastight seat.

d. Regrinding Valves.

(1) Using a valve seat grinding tool, grind the seats at a 45° angle and then grind the valve faces at a 45° angle with a valve refacer grinder.

(2) Valves must be lapped with a suitable lapping compound or they will leak within the first few hours of operation because of improper seating.

(3) Clean valve seat and faces with an ap proved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(4) After lapping the valves, remove them from the block and wash the valves and block with an approved cleaning solvent.

e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 6-4 and reassemble valves.

f. Installation.

- (1) Install tappet cover plate (para 6-3).
- (2) Install cylinder head (para 6-2).
- (3) Install muffler (para 3-31),
- (4) Install carburetor (para 3-28).
- (5) Install engine (para 3-17).

6-5. Engine Base and Oil Pump

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the engine (para 3-17).

(2) Refer to figure 6-5 and remove the engine base and oil pump.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 6-6 and disassemble the engine base and oil pump.

c. Cleaning, Inspection, and Repair.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, and other damage.

(3) Inspect all hardware for damaged or stipped threads.

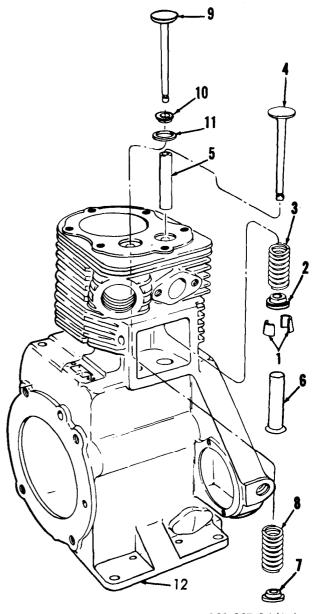
(4) Replace a damaged or defective part.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figure 6-6 and reassemble the engine base and oil pump.

e. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 6-5 and install the engine base and oil pump.

(2) Install the engine (para 3-17).



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Figure 6-4. Valves, removal, disassembly, reassembly and installation.

- Lock (4)
 Spring seat
 Spring
 Intake valve
 Guide
 Tappet (2)
- 7 Rotator 8 Spring 9 Exhaust valve 10 cup (2) 11 Insert 12 Crankcase

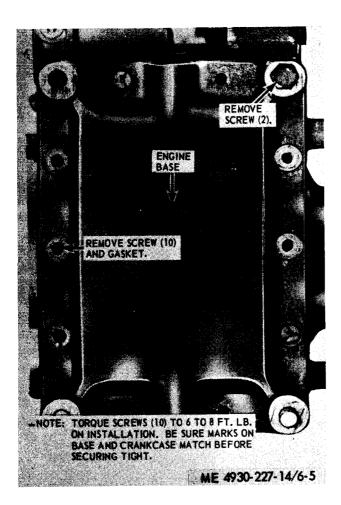


Figure 6-5. Engine base and oil pump, removal and installation.

6-6. Piston and Connecting Rod

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the engine base (para 6-5).

(2) Remove the cylinder head (para 6-2).

(3) Refer to figure 6-7 and remove the piston and connecting rod.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 6-8 and disassemble the piston and connecting rod.

c. Cleaning, Inspection, and Repair.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect all parts for cracks, breaks, and other damage. Replace a damaged or defective part.

(3) Inspect the mounting hardware for damaged or stripped threads. Replace a damaged or defective part.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figure 6-8 and reassemble the piston and connecting rod.

6-7. Crankshaft

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the piston and connecting rod (para 6-6).

(2) Refer to figure 6-9; remove the crank-shaft.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 6-10 and disassemble the crankshaft.

c. Cleaning, Inspection, and Repair.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect crankshaft for scoring. Home crankshaft to remove any slight scoring or replace a damaged or defective crankshaft.

(3) Inspect the bearing cones and cups. Replace a defective assembly.

(4) Inspect the gear and woodruff key for wear or other damage. Replace defective parts.

(5) Inspect the hardware for stripped or damaged threads, rust, or damage incurred during removal. Replace damaged or defective parts.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figure 6-10 and reassemble the crankshaft.

e. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 6-9 and install the crankshaft.

(2) Install the piston and connecting rod (para 6-6).

6-8. Camshaft and Governor Assembly

a. Removal.

(1) Remove the crankshaft (para 6-7).

(2) Refer to figure 6-11 and remove the camshaft.

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 6-11 and disassemble the camshaft and governor.

c. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair.

(1) Clean all parts with an approved cleaning solvent and dry thoroughly.

(2) Inspect the camshaft for alinement, scoring, roughness, or damaged or chipped gear teeth.

(3) Repair any slight roughness by honing or replace a damaged or scored camshaft.

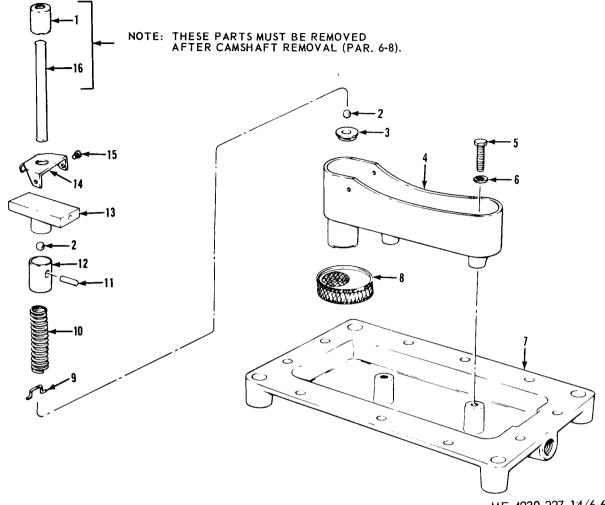
(4) Replace a badly damaged or worn sleeve bearing, spacer, or pin.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figure 6-11 and reassemble the camshaft and governor.

e. Installation.

(1) Refer to figure 6-11 and install camshaft.

(2) Install the crankshaft (para 6-7).



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Figure 6-6. Engine base and oil pump, disassembly and reassembly.

- 1 Cap
- 2 Ball (2)
- 3 Seat
- 4 Body

- 5 Screw (2)
- 6 Washer
- 7 Engine Base
- 8 Strainer

9 Retainer 10 Spring 11 Pin 12 Plunger 13 Cap 14 Cover 15 Screw (2) 16 Rod

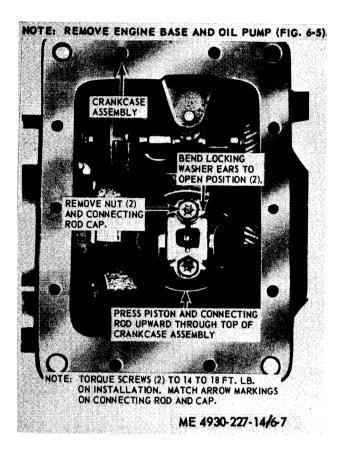
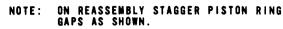
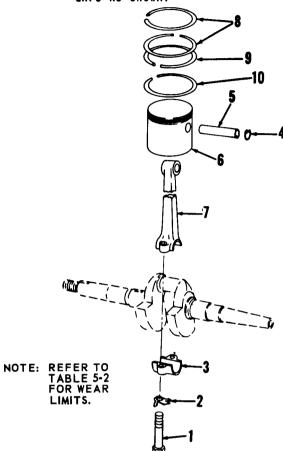


Figure 6-7. Piston and connecting rod, removal and installation.





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Figure 6-8. Pistons and connecting rod, disassembly and reassembly.

1	Screw
2	Washer

4 Retainer 5 Piston pin

3 Cap

6 Piston 7 Connecting rod 8 Compression ring 9 Scraper ring 10 Oil ring

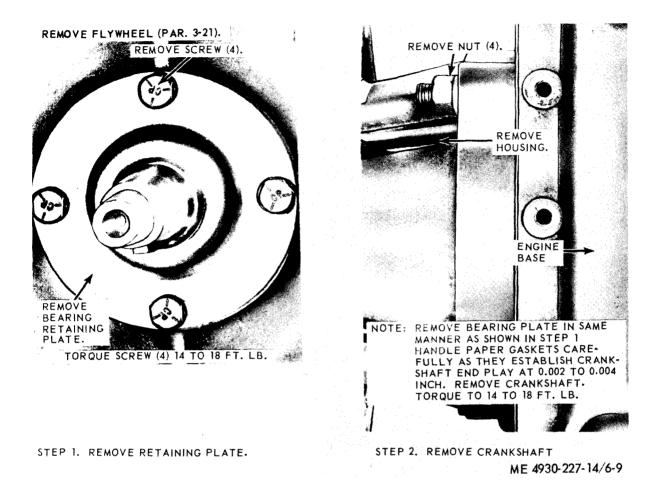
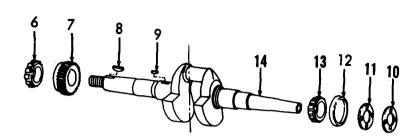


Figure 6-9. Crankshaft, removal and installation.

2 Å 3 5



ON INSTALLATION MATCH TIMING Marks on crankshaft gear to Timing Marks on camshaft gear. NOTE:

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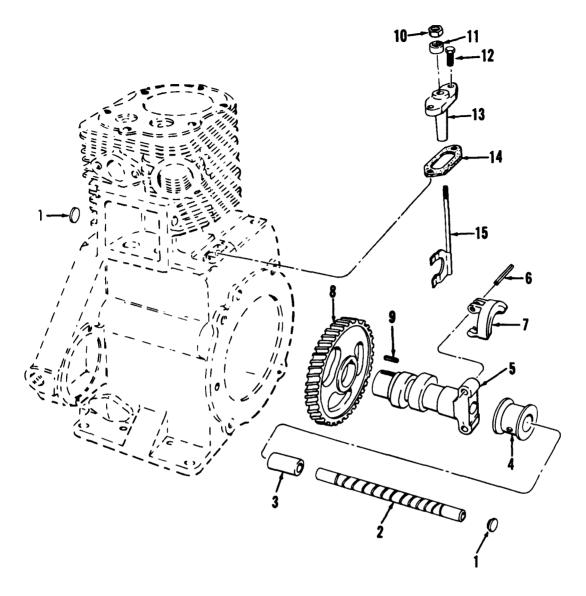
Figure 6-10. Crankshaft, disassembly and reassembly.

- 1 Plate
- 2 Gasket
- 3 Seal
- 4 Retainer
- 5 Cup 6 Bearing

7 Gear 8 Key

9 Key 10 Seal 11 Retainer 12 Cup

- 13 Bearing
- 14 Crankshaft



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Figure 6-11. Camshaf t and governor, removal, disassembly, reassembly and installation.

1 Plug (3)	5 Camshaft	9 Key	13 Bracket
2 Pin	6 Pin (2)	10 Nut	14 Gasket
3 Spacer	7 Flyweight assembly (Z)	11 Bearing	15 Yoke
4 Sleeve	8 Gear	12 Screw	

6-9. Tank and Frame

The tank shells are of durable aluminum construction; the frame is of welded sheet metal. The tank and f rames will require a minimum of maintenance. Make certain every precaution is taken prior to attempting any repair on a tank.

6-10. Welding Repairs

a. Tanks. No repair will be initiated until the tank has been thoroughly vented and cleaned. Observe necessary precautions and weld the damaged area in accordance with standard techniques, Refer to paragraph 6-10d for welding precautions.

b. Frame. Make certain the frame is free of dirt, oil, grease, or other foreign matter, and bare metal is exposed for welding. Remove necessary components before welding.

c. Tank Cleaning. The tank must be free of explosive vapors and thoroughly cleaned before any repairs are attempted; drain the tank of all contents and open filler plug, allow filler to remain open for several minues. If compressed air is available, blow out the tank. Clean the tank interior with an approved solvent and dry thoroughly. Precautions and procedures outlined in TM 10-1114 will be adapted to the tank. Areas of the tank to be subjected to severe heat must be cleaned to the bare metal: use a stiff stainless steel wire brush or other suitable tool for this purpose. Pay particular attention to the seams; heat from a welding torch tends to volatilize tetraethylened deposits, causing toxic fumes. The tank exterior must be cleaned of all dirt, sand, oil, or other foreign matter with a solution of trisodium phosphate and water; rinse with plain water and dry. Remove paint from any area to be welded.

d. Welding Precautions.

(1) Completely drain all fuel from tank to be purged; be sure the drained fuel is removed from the area where work will be performed.

(a) Remove all fuel from floor; remove all fuel-soaked rags and waste from area.

(b) If electrical welding is to be performed, be sure you have adequate shielding to protect other workers from injury.

(c) This process is to be undertaken by field and depot maintenance units. Supporting agencies will furnish additional skills and equipment when required. (2) Essentials:

(a) Efficient purging of fuel tanks, pipe lines, pump housings, hoses, and distribution manifolds may be accomplished by adherence to procedures outlined herein.

(b) Materials required:

1. Adequate source of water with a large diameter hose long enough to reach the vehicle or fuel tank.

2. Compressed air source and air hose of sufficient length to reach depth of fuel tank.

3. Sufficient quantity of gas tank purger obtainable through local procurement. Only known source available to date: Product-Sol, Inc., 2010 Cole, Birmingham, Mich.

(3) Safety precaution:

Warning: Prior to and during all operations outlined in this bulletin, coordinate with safety, medical, and fire departments to comply with safeguards contained herein and other applicable directives.

(*a*) The tank being purged must have a static ground during all operations; caution should be taken with all tools and metal objects around tank to insure no contact of sufficient force is made to create a spark.

(b) Conduct a combustible vapor test reading prior to purging the tank, using an acceptable explosive meter, such as MSA explosive meter 6665-664-4650 or Davis Vapotester 6665-562-8103.

(c) Only competent personnel, thoroughly instructed in the proper handling and reading of the vapor-indicating instruments (explosion meter), will perform vapor tests.

(d) Conduct a combustible vapor test reading immediately after purging. Under no circumstances will repair of fuel tank begin until declared safe by safety personnel.

(e) Discontinue all operations if an electrical storm is threatening or in progress.

(f) Eliminate all possible causes of explosion.

(g) Personnel engaged in purging operations will:

1. NOT wear wool, nylon, silk, rayon or other similar static electricity-generating clothing.

2. Wear clean cotton clothing with no metal buttons or fittings. Remove all contents from pockets.

3. Wear rubber boots.

4. Use cotton waste for cleaning purposes. Other material may generate static electricity.

(4) Preparation of equipment:

(a) Completely drain each fuel tank or fuel tank compartment, all piping, pumps, meters, filters, and segregators, as applicable.

(b) Remove all accessory items, such as gages and floats, which might entrap fuel.

(c) Close or seal all drains (it may be necessary to locally fabricate covers for some types of drains).

(d) Fill fuel tank and overflow for five minutes with cold water.

(e) Drain fuel tank completely.

(f) Close or seal drains.

Caution: Insufficient amount of chemical will result in an incomplete purging. Accurate computations of amount of chemical to be added must be made prior to the purging. Once purging has begun, do not stop until process is complete.

(g) For each 100 gallon capacity, add 40 fluid ounces to the fuel tank. (This is equivalent to 8 fluid ounces of concentrate for a 20-gallon fuel tank).

(h) Fill fuel tank to top with water. Do not overflow.

(i) Insert air line into fuel tank filler neck opening and agitate solution with 3 to 5 psi of air for five minutes. Frequently move air hose around in tanks, covering as much area as possible, especially near tie bottom and around baffles.

(j) Remove air line and drain solution from fuel tank.

(*k*) Fill fuel tank and overflow for five minutes with cold water or until water is clear.

(1) Drain fuel tank completely.

(m) Conduct a combustible vapor test reading to determine if fuel tank is safe to repair, clean, or paint, store or change material. If combustible vapor test reading indicates tank is not safe, repeat procedures as cited in h through m, above.

6-11. Protective Finish

All normally painted exterior surfaces of the tank must be protected by enamel at all times. A primer and semi-gloss enamel shall be used. The primer should conform to specification TT-P-666, and the enamel to specification TT-E-529. Use standard Army olive drabcolor 2430. Refer to TM 9-231 for general instructions.

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

	Fire Protection TB 5-4200-200-10	Hand Portable Fire Extinguishers for Army Users.
A-2.	Lubrication	
(C91OOIL	Fuels, Lubricants, Oils and Waxes.
]	Lo 5-4930-227-12	Lubrication Order.
	Painting TM 9–213	Painting Instructions for Field Use.
	Maintenance TM 54930-227-24P	Operator, Organizational, Direct and General Support Maintenance Repair Pants and Special Tools Lists.
[ГМ 10-1101	Peltroleum Handling Equipment Operations.
]	ГМ 10-1113	Petroleum Tank-Vehicle operations.
r	ГМ 10-1114	Cleaning Bulk Petroleum Storage, Tanks, Railway Tank Cars, and Tank Trucks.
,	TM 38-750	Army Equipment Record Procedures.
,	TB 1047	Elimination of Combustibles in Fuel Tanks.
A-5.	Shipment and Storage	8
	ГВ 740-90-1 ГВ 740-93-2	Administrative Storage of Equipment. Preservation of USAMECOM Mechanical Equipment for Shipment and Storage.

APPENDIX B

MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

Section I. INTRODUCTION

B-1. General

a. This section provides a general explanation of all maintenance and repair functions authorized at various maintenance levels.

b. Section II designates overall responsibility for the performance of maintenance functions on the identified end item or component. The implementation of the maintenance functions upon the end item or component will be consistent with the assigned maintenance functions.

c. Section III lists the special tools and test equipment required for each maintenance function as referenced from section II. (Not applicable.)

d. Section IV contains supplemental instructions, explanatory notes and/or illustrations required for a particular maintenance function.

B-2. Explanation of Columns in Section II

a. Group Number, Column (1). The functional group is a numerical group set up on a functional basis. The applicable functional grouping indexes (obtained from TB 750-93-1, Functional Grouping Codes) are listed on the MAC (Maintenance Allocation Chart) in the appropriate numerical sequence. These indexes are normally set up in accordance with their function and proximity to each other.

b. Functional Group, Column (2). This col umn contains a brief description of the component of each functional group.

c. *Maintenance Functions, Column* (3). This column lists the various maintenance functions (A through K) and indicates the lowest maintenance category authorized to perform these functions. The symbol designations for the various maintenance categories are as follows:

C-Operator or crew

O-Organizational maintenance

- F-Direct support maintenance
- H-General support maintenance
- **D-** Depot maintenance

The maintenance functions are defined as follows:

- A-Inspect. To determine serviceability of an item by comparing its physical, mechanical, and electrical characteristics with established standards.
- B-Test. To verify serviceability and to detect electrical or mechanical failure by use of test equipment.
- C-Service. To clean, to preserve, to charge, to paint, and to add fuel, lubricants, cooling agents, and air.
- D-Adjust. To rectify to the extent necessary to brint into proper operating range.
- E-Aline. To adjust specified variable elements of an item to bring to optimum performance.
- F-Calibrate. To determine the corrections to be made in the reading of instruments or test equipment used in precise measurement. Consists of the comparisons of two instruments, one of which is a certified standard of known accuracy, to detect and adjust any discrepancy in the accuracy of the instrument being compared with the certified standard.
- G-Install. To set up for use in an operational environment such as an emplacement, site, or vehicle.
- H-Replace. To replace unserviceable items with serviceable assemblies, subassemblies, or parts.
- I-Repair. To restore an item to serviceable condition. This includes, but is not limited to, inspection, cleaning, preserving, adjusting, replacing, welding, riveting, and strengthening.
- J-Overhaul. To restore an item to a completely serviceable condition as prescribed by maintenance serviceability standards using the Inspect and Repair Only as Necessary (IROAN) technique.
- K-Rebuild. To restore an item to a standard as nearly as possible to original or new condition in appearance, performance, and life expectancy. This is accomplished through complete disassembly of the item, inspection of all parts or components, repair or replacement of worn or unserviceable elements (items) using original manufacturing tolerances and specifications, and subsequent reassembly of the item.

d. Tools and Equipment, Column (4). This column is provided for referencing by code the special tools and test equipment (sec. III) required to perform the maintenance functions (sec. II).

e. Remarks, Column (5). This column is provialed for referencing by code the remarks (sec. IV) pertinent to the maintenance functions.

B-3. Explanation of Columns in Section III

a. Reference Code. This column consists of a number and a letter separated by a dash. The number references the T&TE (Tool and Test Equipment) requirements column on the MAC. The letter represents the specific maintenance function the item is to be used with. The letter is representative of columns A through K on the MAC.

b. Maintenance Level. This column shows the lowest level of maintenance authorized to use the special tool or test equipment.

c. Nomenclature. This column lists the name or identification of the tool or test equipment.

d. Tool Number. This column lists the manufacturer's code and part number, or Federal stock number of tools and test equipment.

B-4. Explanation of Columns in Section IV

a. Reference Code. This column consists of two letters separated by a dash, both of which are references to section II. The first letter references column (5) and the second letter references a maintenance function, column (3), A through K.

b. Remarks. This column lists information pertinent to the maintenance function being performed, as indicated on the MAC, section II.

(1)	(2)	(8) Maintenance functions									(4) Tools	(5) Remarks		
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Ī	J	K	and	roemarks
Group No.	Function group	Inspect	Test	Service	Adjust	Айле	Calibrate	Install	Replace	Repair	Overhaul	Rebuild	eq uipment	
01 0100	ENGINE Engine Assembly: Engine assembly	с	F	с					0	F	н			A
0105 0106	Valves, Camshafts and Timing system : Valves; seat Engine Lubrication System								F	F				В
03 0301	Breather, crankcase FUEL SYSTEM Carburetor:			С	 0				0	0				С
0304 0306	Carburetor Air Cleaner Air cleaner assembly Tanks, Lines, Fittings, Headers:			C					0	U				0
0309	Tank, fuel Fuel Filters: Strainer, sediment			C C					0 0					
06	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Ignition Components: Magneto, ignition Spark plug		 0	ō	0 0				0 0	0				
18 1811 '22	BODY, CAB, HOOD AND HULL Tank Bodies BODY, CHASSIS OR HULL AND								0	F				
2202	ACCESSORY ITEMS Accessory Items Hose assemblies Nozzle		F						0 0	0				
55 5500 76	PUMPS Pump Assembly: Pump, centrifugal FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT COM-								0	0				
7603	PONENTS Fire Extinguishers: Fire extinguishers			С					0					

Section II. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

Section III. SPECIAL TOOL AND TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

Reference	Maintenance	Nomenclature	Too!		
code	level		number		
		Not applicable			

Section IV. REMARKS

Reference code	Remarks			
A - F	Test of engine includes operation and compression.			
B - H	Repair of valves and seats includes refacing.			
C - H	Repair to carburetor, replace bowl gasket only.			

APPENDIX C

BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST

Section I. INTRODUCTION

C-1. Scope

This appendix lists items which accompany the tank and pump unit or are required for installation, operation, or operator's maintenance.

C-2. General

This basic issue items list is divided into the followinig sections:

a. Basic Issue Items-Section II. A list of items which accompany the tank and pump unit and are required by the operator/crew for installation, operation, or maintenance.

b. Maintenance and Operating Supplies-Section III. A listing of maintenance and operating supplies required for initial operation.

C-3. Explanation of Columns

The following provides an explanation of columns in the tabular list of basic issue items, section II.

a. Source, Maintenance, and Recoverability Codes (SMR), Column (1).

(1) Source code, indicates the selection status and source for the listed item. Source code is:

Code

Explanation

P Applied to repair parts which are stocked in or supplied from GSA/DSA or Army supply system, and authorized for use at indicated maintenance categories.

(2) Maintenance code, indicates the lowest category of maintenance authorized to install the listed item. The maintenance level code is:

Code Explanation

c Operator/crew.

(3) Recoverability code, indicates whether unserviceable items should be returned for recovery or salvage. Items not coded are expendable.

b. Federal Stock Number, Column (2). This column indicates the Federal stock number as-

signed to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.

c. Description, Column (3). This column indicates the Federal item name and any additional description of the item required. The abbreviation "w/e", when used as a part of the nomenclature, indicates the Federal stock number includes all armament, equipment, accessories, and repair parts issued with the item. A part number or other reference number is followed by the applicable five-digit Federal supply code for manufacturers, in parentheses. Repair parts quantities included in kits, sets, and assemblies, are shown in front of the repair part name.

d. Unit of Measure (u/m), Column (4). A two-character alphabetic abbreviation indicating the amount or quantity of the item upon which the allowances are based; e.g., ft, ea, pr, etc.

e. Quantity Incorporated in Unit, Column (5). This column indicates the quantity of the item used in the functional group or the assembly group. A "V" appearing in this column in lieu of a quantity indicates that a definite quantity cannot be indicated (e.g., shims, spacers, etc.).

f. Quantity Furnished With Equipment, Column (6). This column indicates the quantity of an item furnished with the equipment.

g. Illustration, Column (7). This column is divided as follows:

(1) *Figure number, column (7) (A).* Indicates the figure number of the illustration in which the item is shown.

(2) *Item number, column (7) (B).* Indicates the callout number used to reference the item in the illustration.

C-4. Explanation of Columns in the Tabular list of Maintenance and Operating Supplies--Section III

a. Component Application. Column (1). This column identifies the component application of each maintenance or operating supply item.

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b. Federal Stock Number, Column (2). This column indicates the Federal stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.

c. Description, Column (9). This column indicates the item name and brief description.

d. Quantity Required for Initial Operation, Column (4). This column indicates the quantity of each maintenance or operating supply item required for initial operation of the equipment. e. Quantity Required for 8 Hours Operation, Column (5). This column indicates the estimated quantities required for an average 8 hours of operation.

f. Notes, Column (6). This column indicates informative notes keyed to data appearing in a preceding column.

C-5. Special Information

Not applicable.

(1) SMR code	(2) Federal stock number	(3) Description Ref No. & mfr Usable code on code	(4) Unit of meas	(5) Qty inc in unit	(6) Qty furn with equip	(7) Illustration	
						(A) Fig No.	(B) Item No.
		GROUP 31-BASIC ISSUE ITEMS, MANUFACTURER INSTALLED 3100-BASIC ISSUE ITEMS, MANU- FACTURER OR DEPOT INSTALLED					
PC	7510-889-3494	BINDER, LOOSE LEAF: 3-ring type fasteners blind embossed, printedU.S. Army Equipment Log Book: for re- placement envelope see FSN 7510-7W 5936.	EA		1		
PC	7520-559-9618	CASE, MAINTENANCE AND OPERA- TIONAL MANUAL: w/1 pocket 16 in. H, 1 1/8 in. deep, 9 3/4 in. lg and 1 pocket 16 in. H, 1 3/8 in. deep, 9 in. H, 12 3/4 in. lg, MIL-B-11749.	EA		1		
		DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNI- CAL MANUAL: Operator, Organizat- ional, Direct and General Support Main- tenance Manual TM 5-4930-227-14.	EA		1		
		LUBRICATION ORDER: LO 6-4930- 237-12	EA		1		

Section II. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS

Section III. MAINTENANCE AND OPERATING SUPPLIES

Component application	ver Føderal stock numbør	(o) Description	(4) Quantity required f/initial operation	(b) Quantity required f/8 brs operation	(0) Notes
Air Uleaner		Oil, Lubricating (3)			(1) Include quantity of oil to fill engine oil system as follows:
Crankcase (1)	9150-265-9433 9150-265-9425 9150-242-7602	Oil, Lubricating: as follows Grade OE30 Grade OE10 OES	1 1/8 qt 1 1/8 qt 1 1/8 qt	(2) (2) (2)	1 qt crankcase 1/8 qt air cleaner (2) Reference current LO for grade application and replenishment
Fuel Tank	9130-160-1818 9130-160-1830	Fuel, Gasoline: bulk as follows: Gasoline: automotive combat 91A Gasoline: automotive combat 91C	1 gal (4) 1 gal (4)	5 gal (5) 5 gal (5)	intervals. (3) Use oil as prescribed in crank- case.
Grease Points	9150-190-0904	Grease: automotive and artillery GAA 1-lb can (2)	1 lb	1 lb	 (4) Tank capacity. (5) Average fuel consumption is 0.58 gal per hour of continous operation.

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